

# *Rufy3* Cas9-KO Strategy

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<b>Design Date:</b>	<b>2020-4-23</b>

# Project Overview

**Project Name**

***Rufy3***

**Project type**

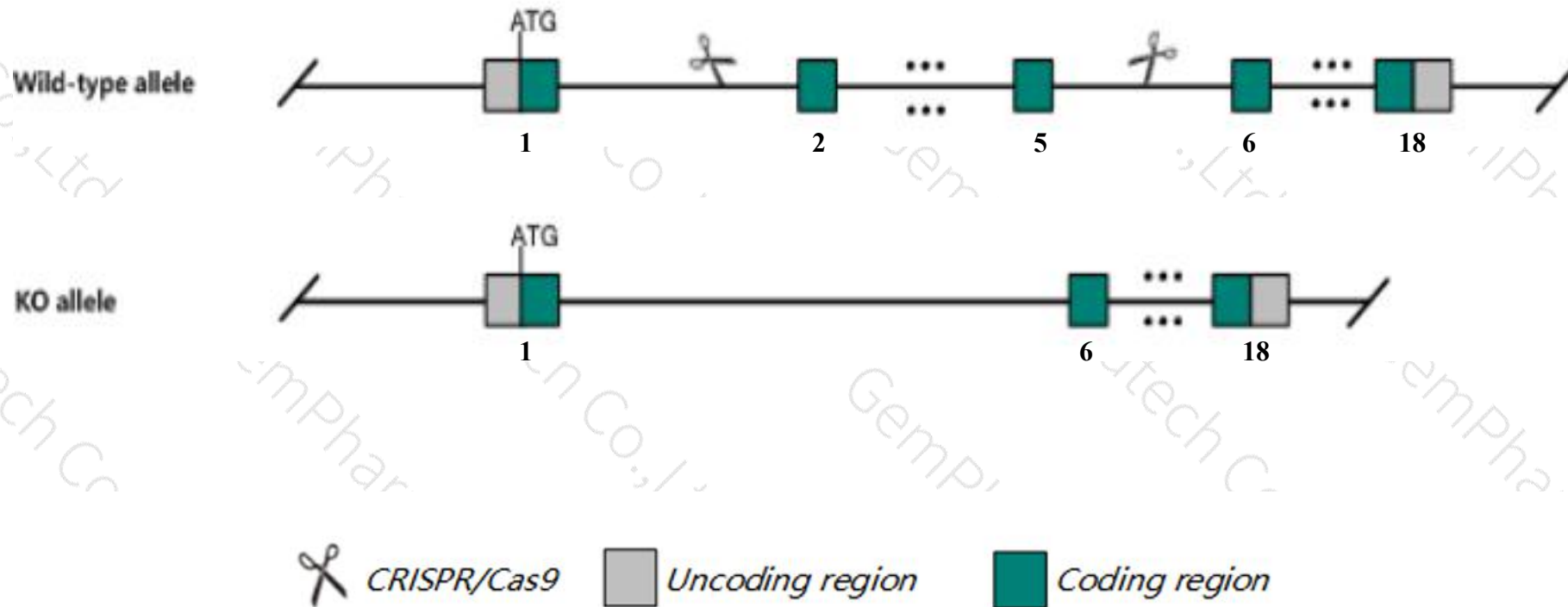
**Cas9-KO**

**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

# Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Rufy3* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Rufy3* gene has 8 transcripts. According to the structure of *Rufy3* gene, exon2-exon5 of *Rufy3-205* (ENSMUST00000198965.4) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 518bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Rufy3* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system

- According to the existing MGI data, the gene product is involved in regulating neuronal polarity and axon growth. homozygous ko leads to loss of neuronal polarity and causes neonatal lethality.
- The *Rufy3* gene is located on the Chr5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Rufy3 RUN and FYVE domain containing 3 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 52822, updated on 13-Mar-2020

### Summary



<b>Official Symbol</b>	Rufy3 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Official Full Name</b>	RUN and FYVE domain containing 3 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Primary source</b>	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:106484</a>
<b>See related</b>	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000029291</a>
<b>Gene type</b>	protein coding
<b>RefSeq status</b>	VALIDATED
<b>Organism</b>	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
<b>Lineage</b>	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
<b>Also known as</b>	2810428M05Rik, 6330416M07Rik, AW455998, AW538594, D5Bwg0860e, Ripx, Rpipx
<b>Expression</b>	Broad expression in CNS E18 (RPKM 20.6), whole brain E14.5 (RPKM 18.1) and 18 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
<b>Orthologs</b>	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information（Ensembl）

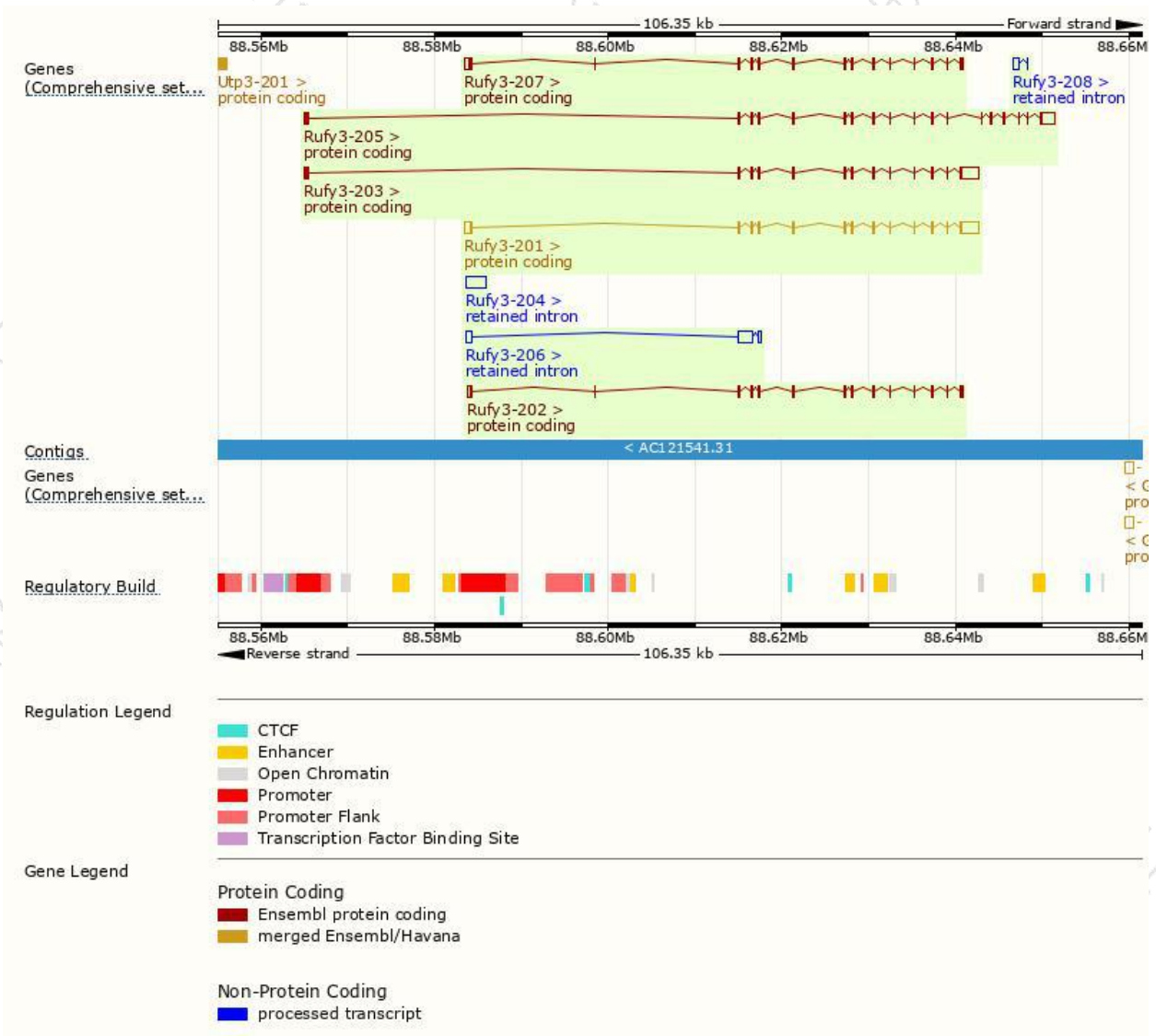
The gene has 8 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Rufy3-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000031229.10</a>	4049	<a href="#">469aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS19403</a>	<a href="#">Q9D394</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Rufy3-203	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000196894.4</a>	3703	<a href="#">519aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS80323</a>	<a href="#">Q9D394</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Rufy3-205	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000198965.4</a>	3536	<a href="#">669aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS80324</a>	<a href="#">A0A0G2JFT8</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P1
Rufy3-207	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000199312.4</a>	2182	<a href="#">487aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS80325</a>	<a href="#">Q9D394</a>	
Rufy3-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000196686.1</a>	2077	<a href="#">487aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS80325</a>	<a href="#">Q9D394</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Rufy3-206	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000199207.1</a>	2722	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2
Rufy3-204	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000197664.1</a>	2336	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA
Rufy3-208	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000199956.1</a>	619	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of *Rufy3-205* transcript,the transcription is shown below:

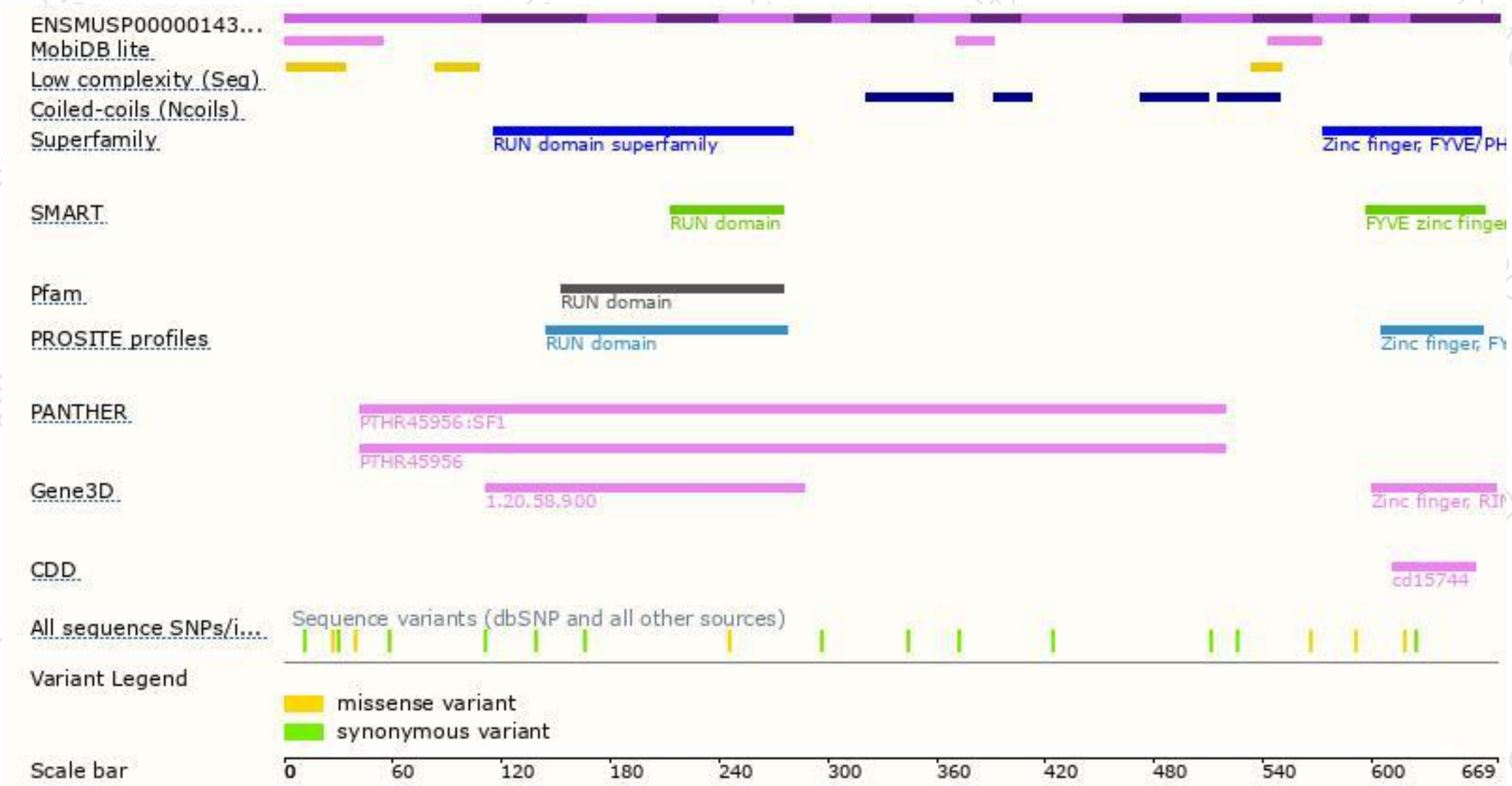


# Genomic location distribution

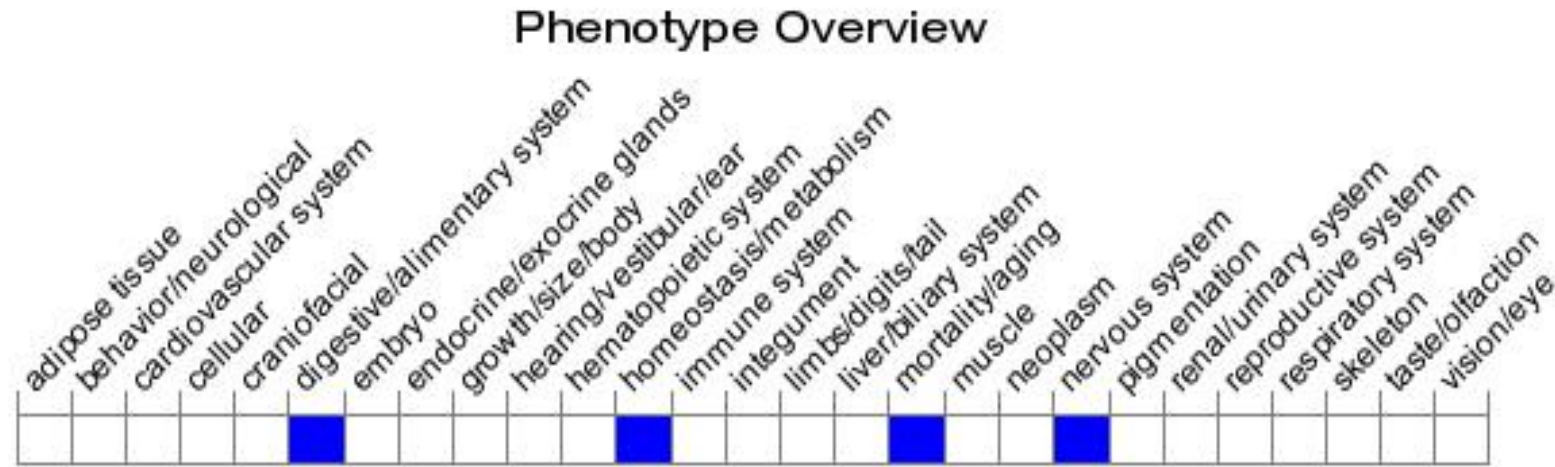




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI )



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, the gene product is involved in regulating neuronal polarity and axon growth.

Homozygous KO leads to loss of neuronal polarity and causes neonatal lethality.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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