

# Col4a3bp Cas9-CKO Strategy

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# **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Col4a3bp

**Project type** 

Cas9-CKO

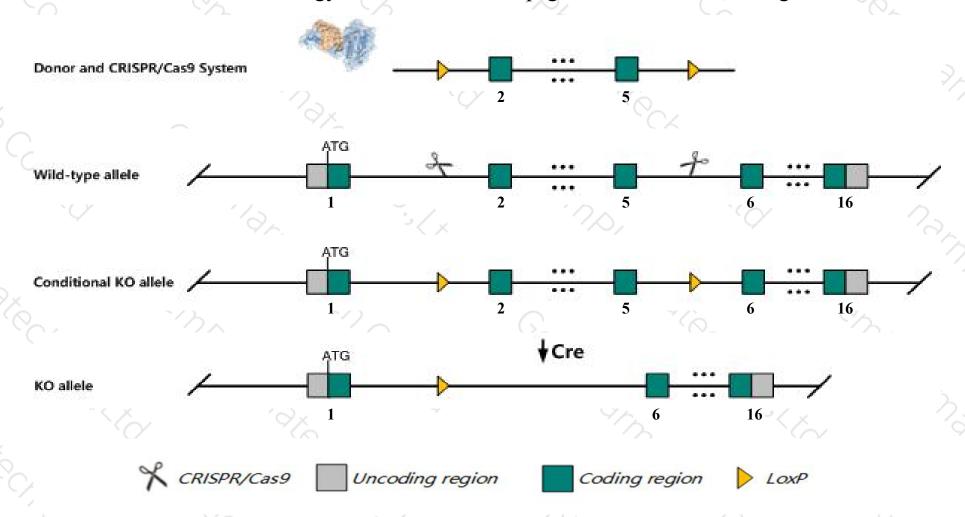
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Col4a3bp* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- The *Col4a3bp* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Col4a3bp* gene, exon2-exon5 of *Col4a3bp-202* (ENSMUST00000109444.2) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 499bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Col4a3bp* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mice display embryonic lethality during organogenesis with reduced embryo size, impaired heart function, abnormal heart morphology, abnormal mitochondrial morphology and physiology, abnormal endoplasmic reticulum morphology, and decreased cell proliferation.
- The *Col4a3bp* gene is located on the Chr13. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### Col4a3bp collagen, type IV, alpha 3 (Goodpasture antigen) binding protein [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 68018, updated on 19-Mar-2019

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Col4a3bp provided by MGI

Official Full Name collagen, type IV, alpha 3 (Goodpasture antigen) binding protein provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1915268

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000021669

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 2810404O15Rik, 9230101K08Rik, AU016711, CERT, GPBP

Expression Ubiquitous expression in bladder adult (RPKM 14.2), adrenal adult (RPKM 13.0) and 28 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

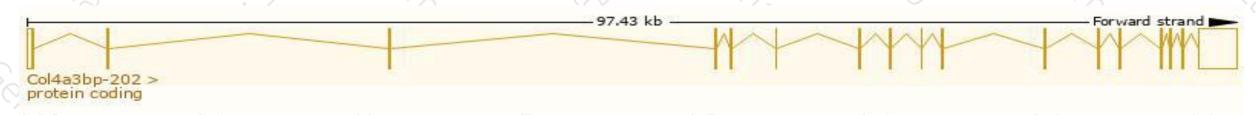
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 7 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

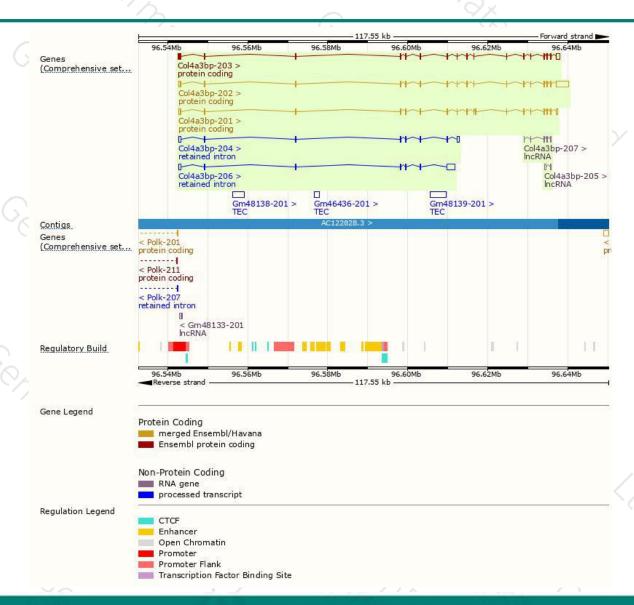
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Col4a3bp-202	ENSMUST00000109444.2	5285	598aa	Protein coding	CCDS49335	Q9EQG9	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1
Col4a3bp-203	ENSMUST00000179226.7	3040	<u>598aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS49335	Q9EQG9	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1
Col4a3bp-201	ENSMUST00000077672.11	2746	<u>624aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS26705	Q9EQG9	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P3
Col4a3bp-206	ENSMUST00000222434.1	3054	No protein	Retained intron	-	02	TSL:1
Col4a3bp-204	ENSMUST00000220464.1	1912	No protein	Retained intron	-5	10.7	TSL:1
Col4a3bp-205	ENSMUST00000221394.1	506	No protein	IncRNA	ē	8 <del>7</del>	TSL:5
Col4a3bp-207	ENSMUST00000223471.1	494	No protein	IncRNA	2	92	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of Col4a3bp-202 transcript, The transcription is shown below



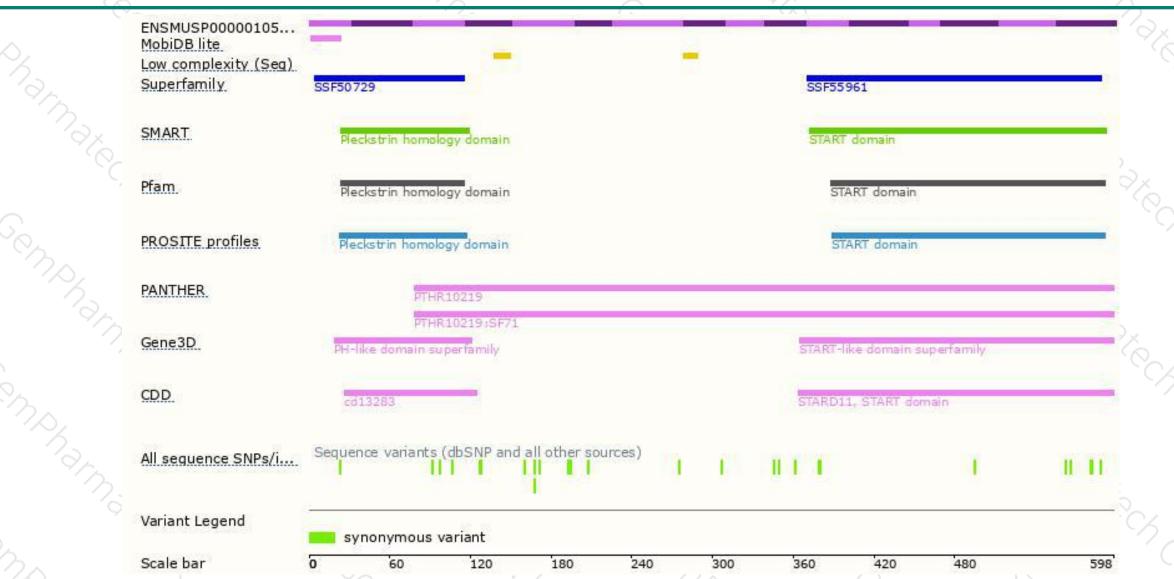
### Genomic location distribution





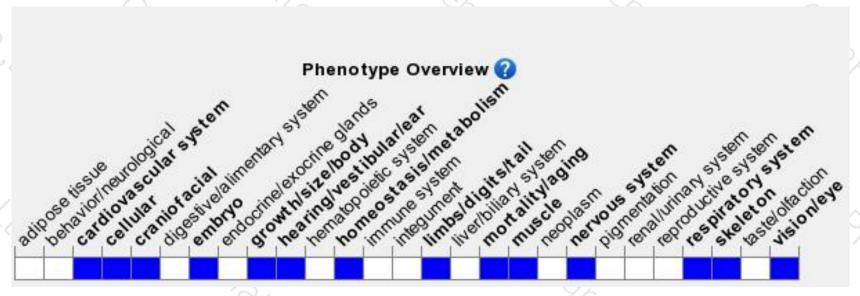
### Protein domain





# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mice display embryonic lethality during organogenesis with reduced embry size, impaired heart function, abnormal heart morphology, abnormal mitochondrial morphology and physiology, abnormal endoplasmic reticulum morphology, and decreased cell proliferation.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





