

Kenn4 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name Kcnn4

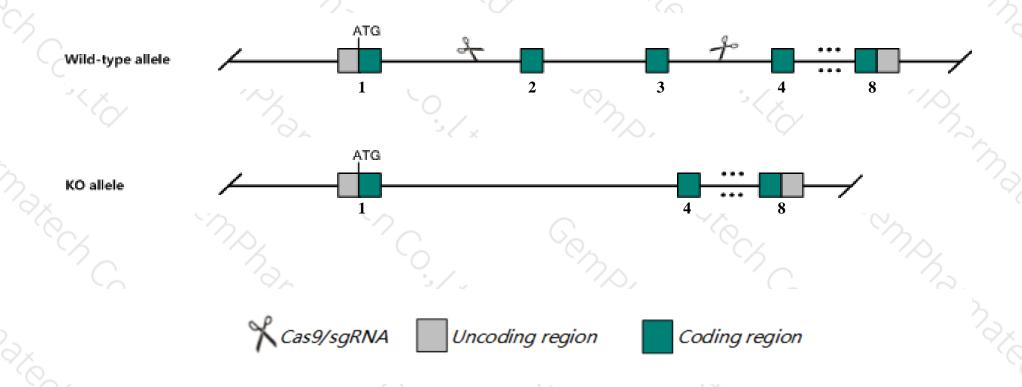
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Kcnn4* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Kcnn4* gene has 5 transcripts. According to the structure of *Kcnn4* gene, exon2-exon3 of *Kcnn4-201* (ENSMUST00000171904.2) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 518bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Kcnn4* gene. The brief process is as follows: sgRNA was transcribed in vitro.Cas9 and sgRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null male mice have increased parotid gland weight and both sexes have impaired volume regulation in erythrocytes and T lymphocytes.
- ➤ The *Kcnn4* gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Kcnn4 potassium intermediate/small conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily N, member 4 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 16534, updated on 2-Apr-2019

Summary



Official Symbol Kcnn4 provided by MGI

Official Full Name potassium intermediate/small conductance calcium-activated channel, subfamily N, member 4 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1277957

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000054342

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as IK1, IKCA1, KCA4, KCa3.1, SK4, SKCas, mIKCa1

Expression Biased expression in thymus adult (RPKM 85.0), liver E14.5 (RPKM 56.8) and 11 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

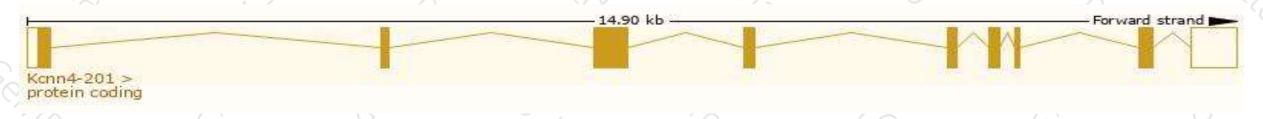
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 5 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

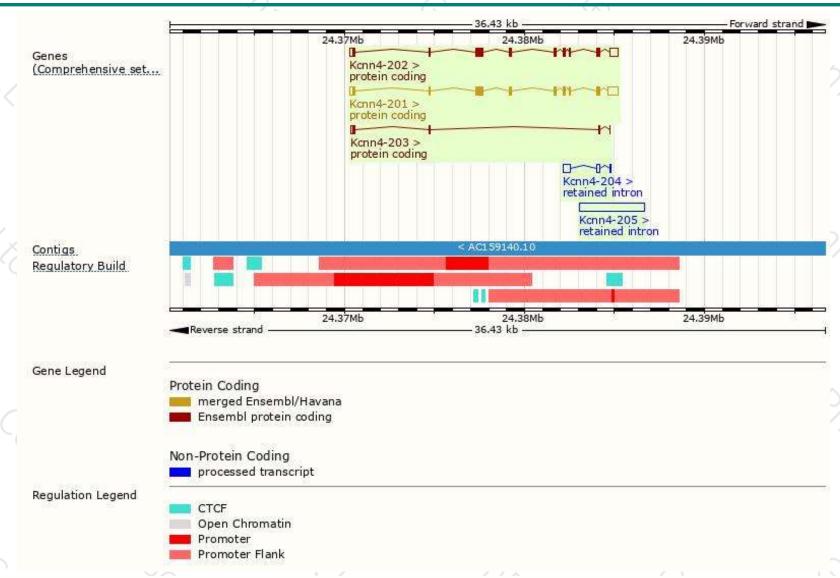
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Kcnn4-201	ENSMUST00000171904.2	1990	<u>425aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS20948	<u>089109</u>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Kcnn4-202	ENSMUST00000205428.1	1945	<u>425aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS20948	<u>089109</u>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Kcnn4-203	ENSMUST00000205626.1	461	<u>104aa</u>	Protein coding	-	A0A0U1RP82	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
Kcnn4-205	ENSMUST00000206910.1	3637	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA
Kcnn4-204	ENSMUST00000205881.1	614	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2

The strategy is based on the design of *Kcnn4-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



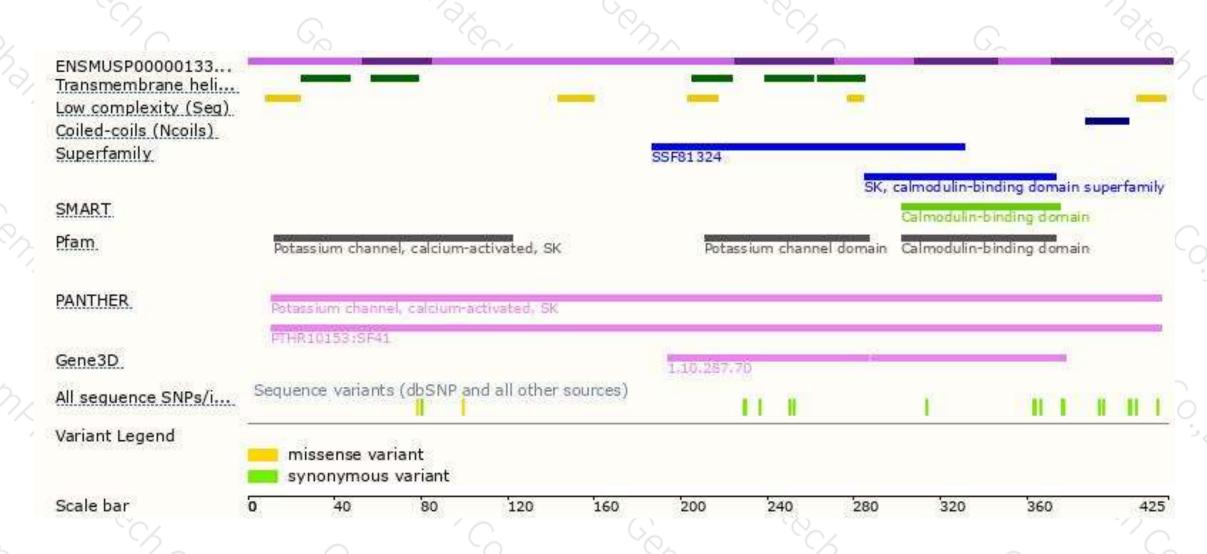
Genomic location distribution





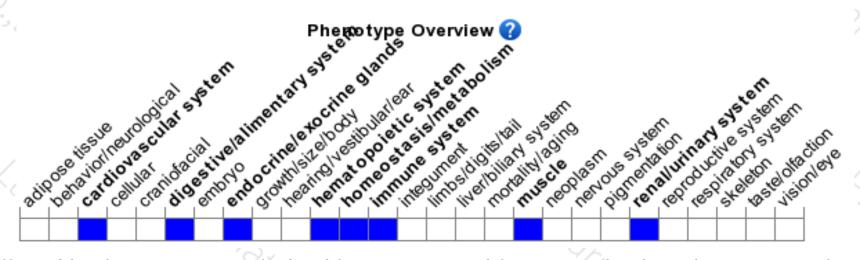
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null male mice have increased parotid gland weight and both sexes have impaired volume regulation in erythrocytes and T lymphocytes.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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