Nppa Cas9-CKO Strategy

Designer: Daohua Xu

Reviewer: Huimin Su

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Project Overview



Project Name

Nppa

Project type

Cas9-CKO

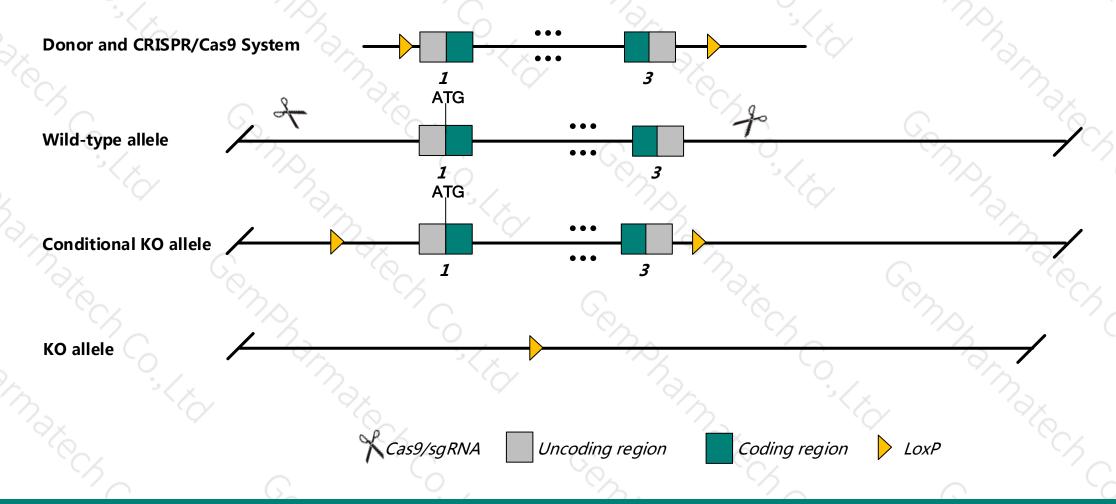
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Nppa gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Nppa* gene has 1 transcript. According to the structure of *Nppa* gene, exon1-exon3 of *Nppa*-201 (ENSMUST00000103230.4) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Nppa* gene. The brief process is as follows: sgRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor vector was constructed.Cas9, sgRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- ➤ The flox mice was knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues or cell types.

Notice



- According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes are chronically hypertensive partly due to changes in peripheral resistance and increased central AT1-receptor activation, and show salt-sensitive hypertension and abnormal pulmonary vascular remodeling with increased ventricular mass and muscularization of peripheral pulmonary vessels.
- The KO region contains functional region of the Gm13054 gene. Knockout the region may affect the function of Gm13054 gene.
- The *Nppa* gene is located on the Chr4. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- ➤ This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Nppa natriuretic peptide type A [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 230899, updated on 23-Dec-2018

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Nppa provided by MGI

Official Full Name natriuretic peptide type A provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:97367

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000041616

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as ANP; Anf; Pnd

Summary This gene encodes members of the natriuretic family of peptides that play an important role in the control of extracellular fluid volume and

electrolyte homeostasis. The encoded protein precursor undergoes proteolytic processing to generate multiple functional peptides. Mice lacking the encoded peptides exhibit salt-sensitive hypertension. The transgenic overexpression of the encoded peptides in mice decreases arterial blood pressure without inducing diuresis and natriuresis. This gene is located adjacent to another member of the natriuretic family of peptides on

chromosome 4. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]

Expression Restricted expression toward heart adult (RPKM 1334.2) See more

Orthologs human all

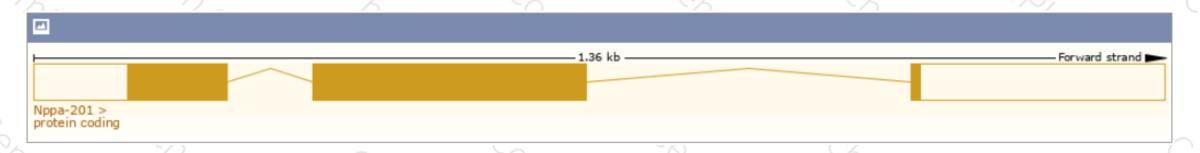
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 1 transcript, and the transcript is shown below:

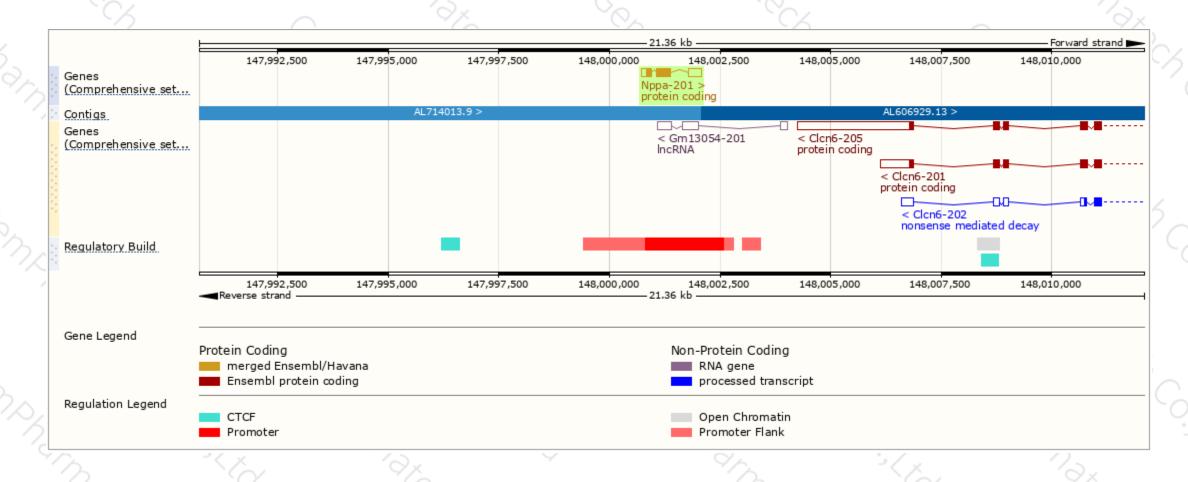
Show/hide columns (1 hidden)									
Name 🍦	Transcript ID	bp 🍦	Protein 🍦	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt 🍦	RefSeq 🍦	Flags	
Nppa-201	ENSMUST00000103230.4	865	<u>152aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS18927₺	<u>P05125</u> ₽	NM_008725@ NP_032751@	TSL:1 GENCODE basic	APPRIS P1

The strategy is based on the design of Nppa-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



Genomic location distribution





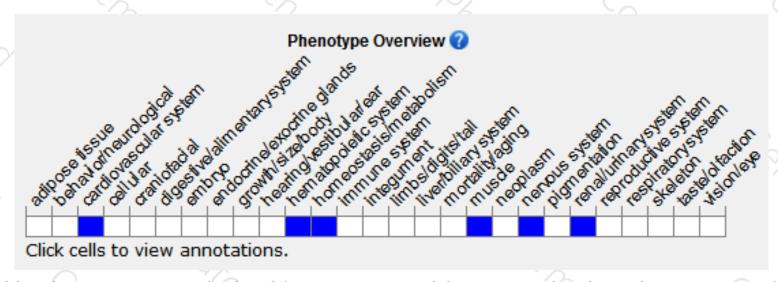
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes are chronically hypertensive partly due to changes in peripheral resistance and increased central AT1-receptor activation, and show salt-sensitive hypertension and abnormal pulmonary vascular remodeling with increased ventricular mass and muscularization of peripheral pulmonary vessels.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 025-5864 1534





