

Dnmt1 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Reviewer: Lingyan Wu

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Project Overview



Project Name Dnmt1

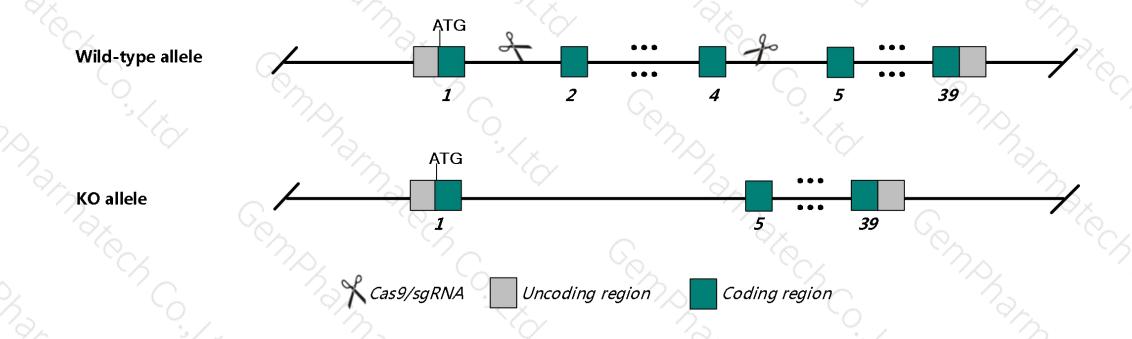
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6J

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Dnmt1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- The *Dnmt1* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Dnmt1* gene, exon2-exon4 of *Dnmt1-201* (ENSMUST0000004202.16) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 356bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Dnmt1* gene. The brief process is as follows: sgRNA was transcribed in vitro.Cas9 and sgRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6J mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6J mice.

Notice



- > According to the existing MGI data, Mutations causing partial or severe loss of function were homozygous lethal by embryonic day 9.5, with lack of appropriate genomic imprinting observed at several loci.
- The *Dnmt1* gene is located on the Chr9. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Dnmt1 DNA methyltransferase (cytosine-5) 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 13433, updated on 12-Nov-2019

Summary

△ ?

Official Symbol Dnmt1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name DNA methyltransferase (cytosine-5) 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:94912

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000004099

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism <u>Mus musculus</u>

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae;

Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Dnmt; MCMT; Met1; Cxxc9; MTase; Met-1; Dnmt1o; m.Mmul; MommeD2

Summary This gene encodes a methyltransferase that preferentially methylates cytosines of CpG residues in hemimethylated DNA to generate fully methylated CpG base

pairs during DNA replication. This enzyme plays roles in diverse cellular processes including cell cycle regulation, DNA repair, and telomere maintenance. The encoded protein is composed of an N-terminal domain with a nuclear localization sequence and replication fork-targeting domain, a DNA-binding CXXC domain, two bromo-adjacent homology domains, and a C-terminal catalytic domain. Mouse embryonic stem cells mutant for this gene are viable, but when introduced into the germ line, cause a recessive lethal phenotype with mutant embryos displaying stunted growth and developmental defects. Alternative splicing results in

multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2015]

Expression Ubiquitous expression in CNS E11.5 (RPKM 37.3), thymus adult (RPKM 36.6) and 27 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 7 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

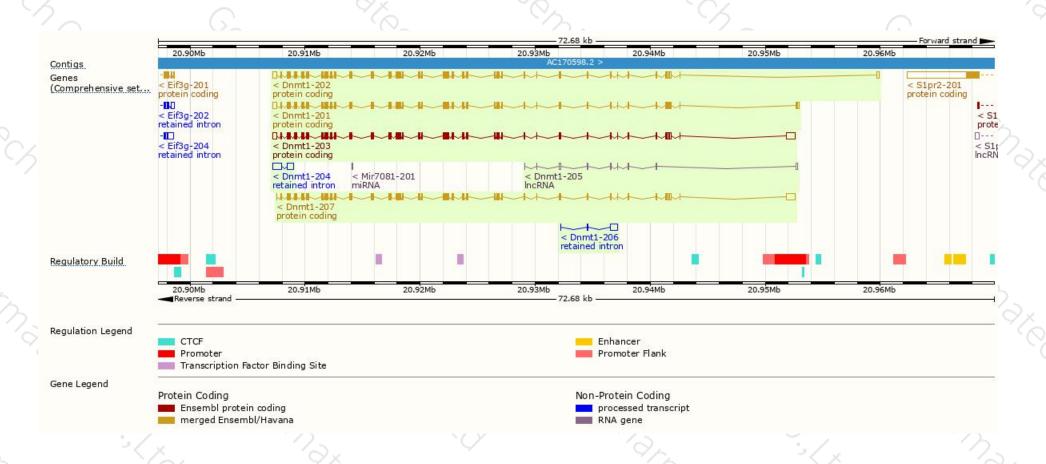
Transcript ID .	bp 🍦	Protein 🍦	Biotype	CCDS 🍦	UniProt 4	Flags
ENSMUST00000178110.2	5870	<u>1501aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS57653 ₽	J3QNW0₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
ENSMUST00000216540.1	5543	1502aa	Protein coding	CCDS57654₽	P13864₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
ENSMUST00000004202.16	5367	<u>1620aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS57655 ₪	<u>P13864</u> ₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P4
ENSMUST00000177754.8	5248	<u>1501aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS57653 ₽	J3QNW0@	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
ENSMUST00000214964.1	1252	No protein	Retained intron	120	2	TSL:5
ENSMUST00000216135.1	693	No protein	Retained intron	1/20	2	TSL:3
ENSMUST00000215545.1	607	No protein	IncRNA	1/27	2	TSL:3
	ENSMUST00000178110.2 ENSMUST00000216540.1 ENSMUST00000004202.16 ENSMUST00000177754.8 ENSMUST00000214964.1 ENSMUST00000216135.1	ENSMUST00000178110.2 5870 ENSMUST00000216540.1 5543 ENSMUST00000004202.16 5367 ENSMUST000000177754.8 5248 ENSMUST00000214964.1 1252 ENSMUST00000216135.1 693	ENSMUST00000178110.2 5870 1501aa ENSMUST000000216540.1 5543 1502aa ENSMUST00000004202.16 5367 1620aa ENSMUST00000177754.8 5248 1501aa ENSMUST00000214964.1 1252 No protein ENSMUST00000216135.1 693 No protein	ENSMUST00000178110.2 5870 1501aa Protein coding ENSMUST00000216540.1 5543 1502aa Protein coding ENSMUST00000004202.16 5367 1620aa Protein coding ENSMUST00000177754.8 5248 1501aa Protein coding ENSMUST000000214964.1 1252 No protein Retained intron ENSMUST000000216135.1 693 No protein Retained intron	ENSMUST00000178110.2 5870 1501aa Protein coding CCDS57653 ₽ ENSMUST00000216540.1 5543 1502aa Protein coding CCDS57654 ₽ ENSMUST00000004202.16 5367 1620aa Protein coding CCDS57655 ₽ ENSMUST00000177754.8 5248 1501aa Protein coding CCDS57653 ₽ ENSMUST00000214964.1 1252 No protein Retained intron - ENSMUST00000216135.1 693 No protein Retained intron -	ENSMUST00000178110.2 5870 1501aa Protein coding CCDS57653 ₪ J3QNW0 ₪ ENSMUST00000216540.1 5543 1502aa Protein coding CCDS57654 ₪ P13864 ๗ ENSMUST00000004202.16 5367 1620aa Protein coding CCDS57655 ๗ P13864 ๗ ENSMUST00000177754.8 5248 1501aa Protein coding CCDS57653 ๗ J3QNW0 ๗ ENSMUST00000214964.1 1252 No protein Retained intron - - ENSMUST00000216135.1 693 No protein Retained intron - -

The strategy is based on the design of *Dnmt1-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



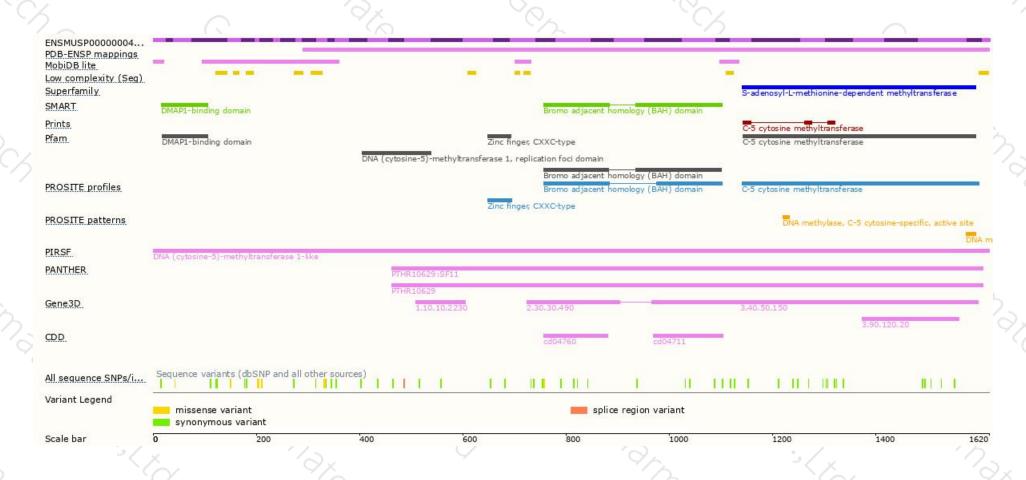
Genomic location distribution





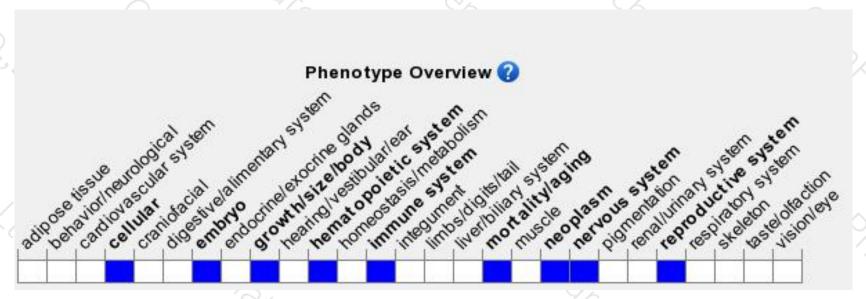
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mutations causing partial or severe loss of function were homozygous lethal by embryonic day 9.5, with lack of appropriate genomic imprinting observed at several loci.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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