

# Far1 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Xiangli Bian

Reviewer: Xingkai Xiao

Design Date: 2024-1-22

#### Overview

#### Target Gene Name

• Far1

#### Project Type

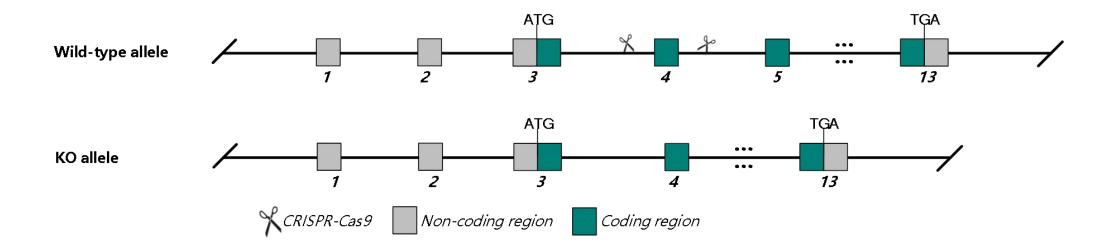
• Cas9-KO

#### Genetic Background

• C57BL/6JGpt



## Strain Strategy



Schematic representation of CRISPR-Cas9 engineering used to edit the Far1 gene.



#### **Technical Information**

- The *Far1* gene has 11 transcripts. According to the structure of *Far1* gene, exon 4 of *Far1*-201 (ENSMUST00000033018.15) is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 176 bp of coding sequence. Knocking out the region will result in disruption of gene function.
- In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Far1* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNAs were transcribed in vitro. Cas9 and gRNAs were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and ontarget amplicon sequencing. A stable F1-generation mouse strain was obtained by mating positive F0-generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice and confirmation of the desired mutant allele was carried out by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing.



#### Gene Information

#### Far1 fatty acyl CoA reductase 1 [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

**≛** Download Datasets

Gene ID: 67420, updated on 23-Nov-2023



Genomic context

☆ ?

**Location:** 7 F1; 7 59.21 cM

See Far1 in Genome Data Viewer

Exon count: 15

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/67420

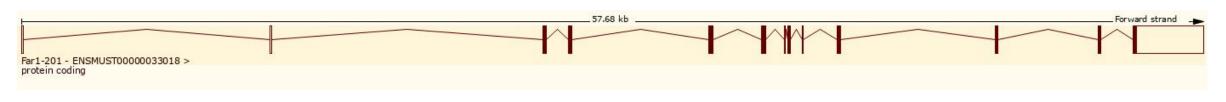


## Transcript Information

The gene has 11 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

Transcript ID	Name ▲	bp 🛊	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt Match	Flags
ENSMUST00000033018.15	Far1-201	4962	<u>515aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS40093 €	Q922J9r₽	Ensembl Canonical GENCODE basic APPRIS P3 TSL:1
ENSMUST00000067929.15	Far1-202	4935	<u>515aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS72024 ₺	Q922J9-3 ₽	GENCODE basic   APPRIS ALT1   TSL:1
ENSMUST00000122890.2	Far1-203	445	<u>37aa</u>	Protein coding		<u>D3Z072</u> ₽	TSL:3 CDS 3' incomplete
ENSMUST00000123591.2	Far1-204	1674	No protein	Retained intron		5	TSL:1
ENSMUST00000123845.8	Far1-205	1218	No protein	Retained intron		-	TSL:1
ENSMUST00000129087.8	Far1-206	769	<u>181aa</u>	Protein coding		<u>D3Z5W6</u> €	TSL:3 CDS 3' incomplete
ENSMUST00000136158.8	Far1-207	733	206aa	Protein coding		<u>D3Z4N9</u> ₺	TSL:3   CDS 3' incomplete
ENSMUST00000151133.2	Far1-208	524	No protein	Retained intron			TSL:2
ENSMUST00000155183.2	Far1-209	775	No protein	Retained intron		-	TSL:2
ENSMUST00000156554.2	Far1-210	413	No protein	Retained intron		-	TSL:2
ENSMUST00000164745.8	Far1-211	3972	515aa	Protein coding	CCDS40093 ₺	Q922J9@	GENCODE basic APPRIS P3 TSL:5

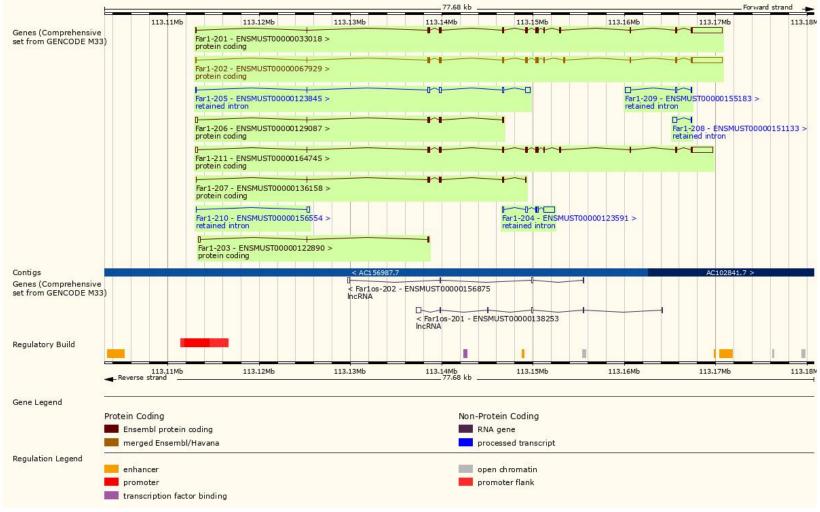
The strategy is based on the design of Far1-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below:





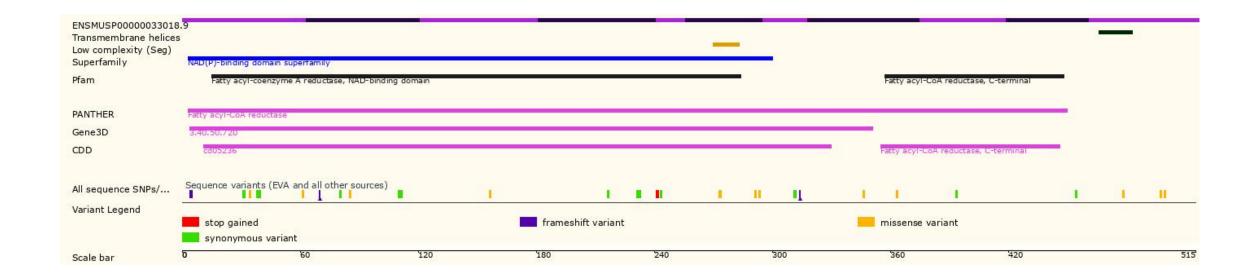
Source: http://asia.ensembl.org/

### Genomic Information





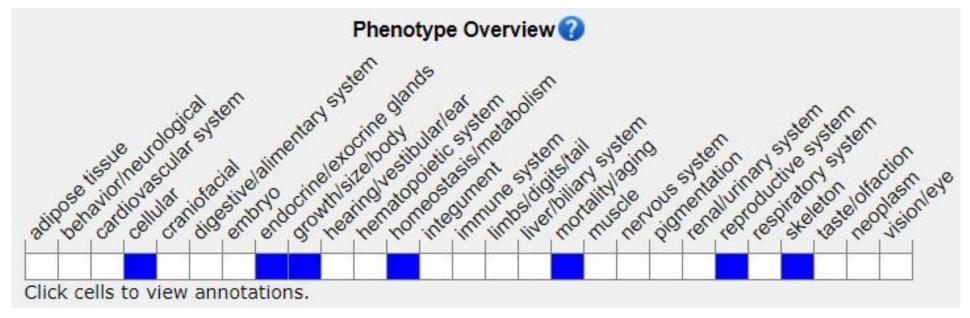
#### Protein Information





Source: https://www.ensembl.org

## Mouse Phenotype Information (MGI)



Mice homozygous for a null allele show partial preweaning lethality, postnatal growth retardation, small testes, and male infertility associated with azoospermia, spermatogenesis arrest, disrupted intercellular bridge formation, multinucleated giant germ cells, and increased male germ cell apoptosis.



Source: https://www.informatics.jax.org

## Important Information

- The knockout region overlaps with Farlos gene, which may affect the function of this gene.
- This stratergy may not affect Far1-203, Far1-204, Far1-208 and Far1-209 transcript.
- Far1 is located on Chr 7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mouse strains to obtain double homozygous mutant offspring, please avoid the situation that the second gene is on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risks of the mutation on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

