

# Agbl5 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Xiangli Bian

Reviewer: Xingkai Xiao

Design Date: 2023-12-22

### Overview

### Target Gene Name

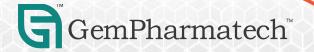
• *Agbl5* 

### Project Type

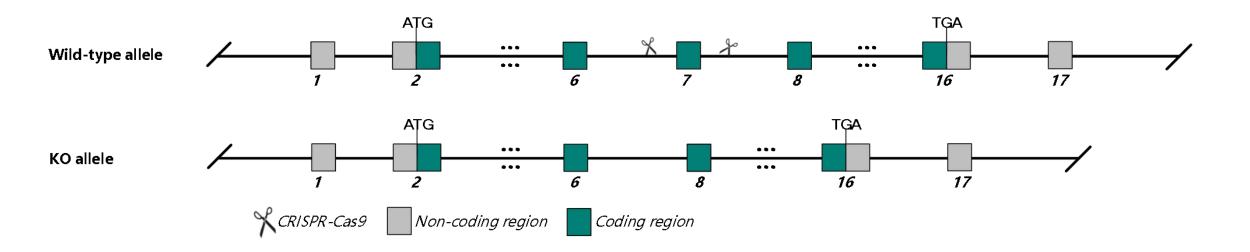
• Cas9-KO

### Genetic Background

• C57BL/6JGpt



# Strain Strategy



Schematic representation of CRISPR-Cas9 engineering used to edit the Agbl5 gene.



### **Technical Information**

- The *Agbl5* gene has 18 transcripts. According to the structure of *Agbl5* gene, exon 7 of *Agbl5*-202 (ENSMUST00000114700.9) is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 179 bp of coding sequence. Knocking out the region will result in disruption of gene function.
- In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Agbl5* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNAs were transcribed in vitro. Cas9 and gRNAs were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and ontarget amplicon sequencing. A stable F1-generation mouse strain was obtained by mating positive F0-generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice and confirmation of the desired mutant allele was carried out by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing.



### Gene Information

#### Agbl5 ATP/GTP binding protein-like 5 [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

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Gene ID: 231093, updated on 23-Nov-2023

Location: 5 B1: 5 16.9 cM

Exon count: 18



https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/231093

See Agbl5 in Genome Data Viewer

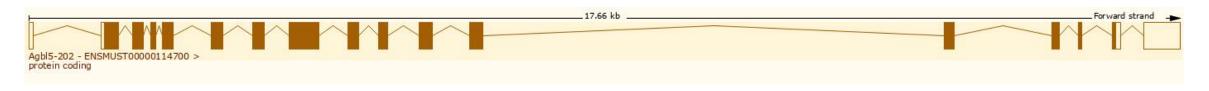


# Transcript Information

The gene has 18 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

| Show/hide columns (1 hidden) |           |      |              |                                |            |                 | Filter  |
|------------------------------|-----------|------|--------------|--------------------------------|------------|-----------------|---|
| Transcript ID                | Name 🍦    | bp 👙 | Protein ▼    | Biotype                        | CCDS 🍦     | UniProt Match   | Flags   |
| ENSMUST00000201168.4         | Agbl5-208 | 3199 | <u>886aa</u> | Protein coding                 |            | Q09M02-1 ₽      | Ensembl Canonical   GENCODE basic   APPRIS P2   TSL:5 |
| ENSMUST00000114700.9         | Agbl5-202 | 3296 | <u>846aa</u> | Protein coding                 | CCDS39048₺ | Q09M02-7₽       | GENCODE basic   TSL:1                                 |
| ENSMUST00000201917.4         | Agbl5-213 | 3579 | 817aa        | Protein coding                 |            | Q09M02-2₽       | GENCODE basic   APPRIS ALT1   TSL:1                   |
| ENSMUST00000201817.4         | Agbl5-211 | 3305 | 808aa        | Nonsense mediated decay        |            | Q09M02-4₽       | TSL:1   |
| ENSMUST00000202060.4         | Agbl5-215 | 3121 | <u>770aa</u> | Protein coding                 | CCDS80242₺ | Q09M02-3 ₽      | GENCODE basic   TSL:1                                 |
| ENSMUST00000201225.4         | Agbl5-209 | 2646 | <u>770aa</u> | Protein coding                 | CCDS80242₺ | Q09M02-3 ₽      | GENCODE basic   TSL:1                                 |
| ENSMUST00000069705.11        | Agbl5-201 | 2922 | <u>719aa</u> | Protein coding                 | CCDS19165® | Q09M02-6 ₽      | GENCODE basic   TSL:1                                 |
| ENSMUST00000202109.5         | Agbl5-216 | 768  | <u>256aa</u> | Protein coding                 |            | A0A0J9YV16₽     | TSL:5 CDS 5' and 3' incomplete                        |
| ENSMUST00000200850.2         | Agbl5-204 | 940  | <u>231aa</u> | Protein coding                 |            | A0A0J9YUP2₺     | TSL:5   CDS 3' incomplete                             |
| ENSMUST00000200695.4         | Agbl5-203 | 730  | <u>178aa</u> | Protein coding                 |            | A0A0J9YUC3₺     | TSL:3   CDS 3' incomplete                             |
| ENSMUST00000201014.2         | Agbl5-206 | 644  | <u>137aa</u> | Protein coding                 |            | <u>F6TQ98</u> ₽ | TSL:5 CDS 5' incomplete                               |
| ENSMUST00000201523.2         | Agbl5-210 | 577  | No protein   | Protein coding CDS not defined |            | -               | TSL:3   |
| ENSMUST00000202757.4         | Agbl5-218 | 3466 | No protein   | Retained intron                |            |                 | TSL:2   |
| ENSMUST00000200990.4         | Agbl5-205 | 3267 | No protein   | Retained intron                |            | 121             | TSL:1   |
| ENSMUST00000201167.4         | Agbl5-207 | 2922 | No protein   | Retained intron                |            | 659             | TSL:1   |
| ENSMUST00000201918.4         | Agbl5-214 | 2352 | No protein   | Retained intron                |            | -               | TSL:1   |
| ENSMUST00000202565.2         | Agbl5-217 | 839  | No protein   | Retained intron                |            | 141             | TSL:2   |
| ENSMUST00000201901.2         | Agbl5-212 | 408  | No protein   | Retained intron                |            | 121             | TSL:2   |

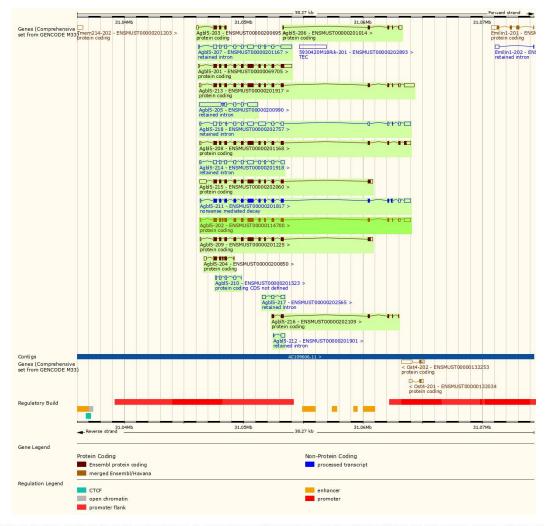
The strategy is based on the design of *Agbl5*-202 transcript, the transcription is shown below:





Source: http://asia.ensembl.org/

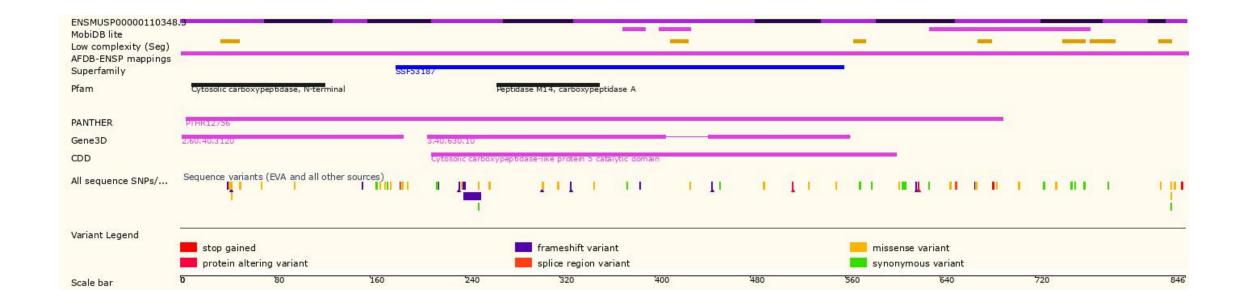
### Genomic Information





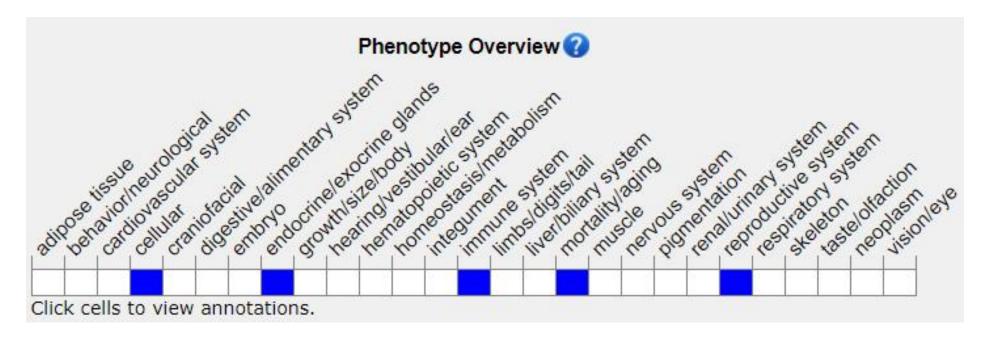
Source: http://asia.ensembl.org/

### Protein Information





# Mouse Phenotype Information (MGI)



Homozygotes for a knock-out allele show increased susceptibility to infection with DNA viruses. Homozygotes for a different knock-out allele show defects in multiple steps of spermatogenesis leading to manchette malformation, supernumerary centrioles, defective sperm axonemes, and male infertility.



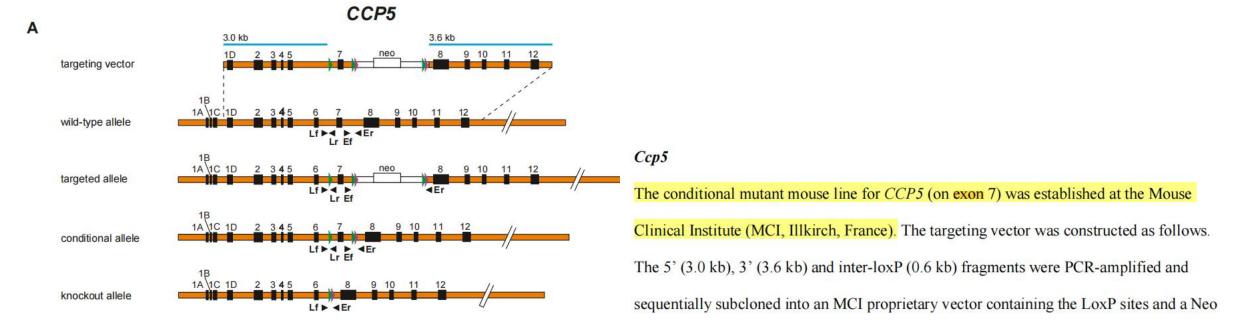
Source: https://www.informatics.jax.org

# Important Information

- The knockout region is about 4.5 kb away from the 5' of the 5930420M18Rik gene, which may affect the regulation of this gene.
- This stratergy may not affect *Agbl5*-203, *Agbl5*-204, *Agbl5*-206, *Agbl5*-212, *Agbl5*-216 and *Agbl5*-217 transcript.
- *Agbl5* is located on Chr 5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mouse strains to obtain double homozygous mutant offspring, please avoid the situation that the second gene is on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risks of the mutation on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.



### Reference



[1] Giordano T, Gadadhar S, Bodakuntla S, Straub J, Leboucher S, Martinez G, Chemlali W, Bosc C, Andrieux A, Bieche I, Arnoult C, Geimer S, Janke C. Loss of the deglutamylase CCP5 perturbs multiple steps of spermatogenesis and leads to male infertility. J Cell Sci. 2019 Feb 7;132(3):jcs226951. doi: 10.1242/jcs.226951. PMID: 30635446.

