

Ube3c Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Design Date: 2023-9-14

Overview

Target Gene Name

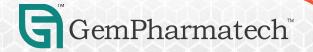
• Ube3c

Project Type

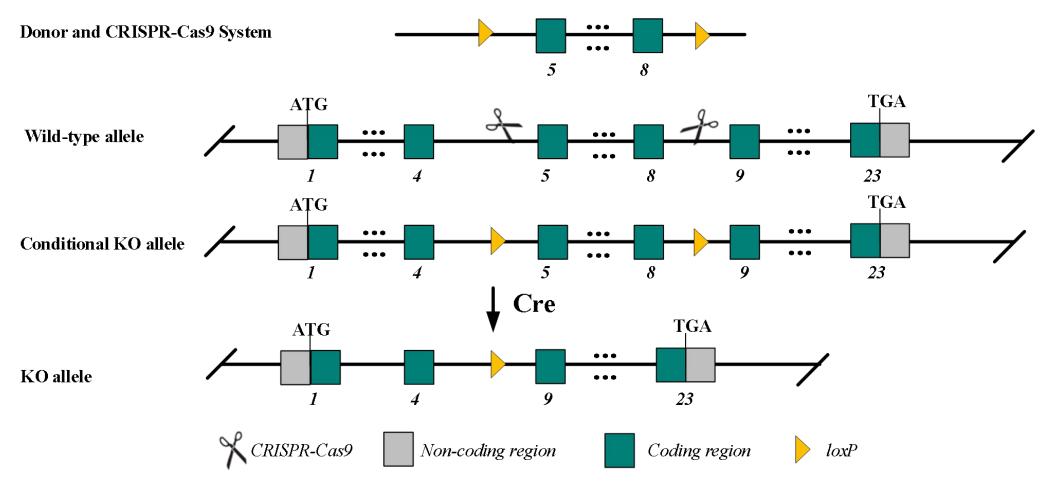
• Cas9-CKO

Genetic Background

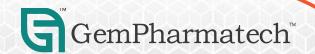
• C57BL/6JGpt



Strain Strategy



Schematic representation of CRISPR-Cas9 engineering used to edit the *Ube3c* gene.



Technical Information

- The *Ube3c* gene has 5 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ube3c* gene, exon 5-exon 8 of *Ube3c*-201 (ENSMUST00000049453.9) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 649 bp coding sequence. Knocking out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Ube3c* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR-Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing. A stable F1-generation mouse strain was obtained by mating positive F0-generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice and confirmation of the desired mutant allele was carried out by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.



Gene Information

Ube3c ubiquitin protein ligase E3C [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 100763, updated on 7-Sep-2023



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Summary

Official Symbol Ube3c provided by MGI

Official Full Name ubiquitin protein ligase E3C provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:2140998

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000039000 AllianceGenome:MGI:2140998

Gene type protein coding RefSeq status PROVISIONAL Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as RAUL: mKIAA0010

Summary Predicted to enable ubiquitin protein ligase activity. Predicted to be involved in protein polyubiquitination and ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process. Predicted to be located in nucleus. Is expressed in several structures,

including alimentary system; genitourinary system; integumental system; nervous system; and sensory organ. Orthologous to human UBE3C (ubiquitin protein ligase E3C). [provided by Alliance of Genome Resources, Apr

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Expression Ubiquitous expression in CNS E18 (RPKM 14.0), testis adult (RPKM 12.7) and 28 other tissues See more

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Try the new Gene table

Try the new Transcript table

Source: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/

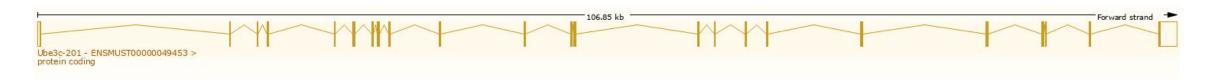


Transcript Information

The gene has 5 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

Transcript ID 👙	Name	bp 🍦	Protein ▼	Biotype	CCDS .	UniProt Match	Flags			
ENSMUST00000049453.9	Ube3c-201	5048	1083aa	Protein coding	CCDS39042₺	Q80U95€	Ensembl Canonical	GENCODE basic	APPRIS P1	TSL:1
ENSMUST00000199032.2	Ube3c-204	3171	644aa	Protein coding		A0A0G2JDR9₽	GENCODE basic TSL:1			
ENSMUST00000197953.2	Ube3c-203	670	No protein	Protein coding CDS not defined		let l	TSL:3			
ENSMUST00000197193.2	Ube3c-202	3490	No protein	Retained intron		15-11	TSL:1			
ENSMUST00000199598.2	Ube3c-205	1572	No protein	Retained intron		8-8	TSL:NA			

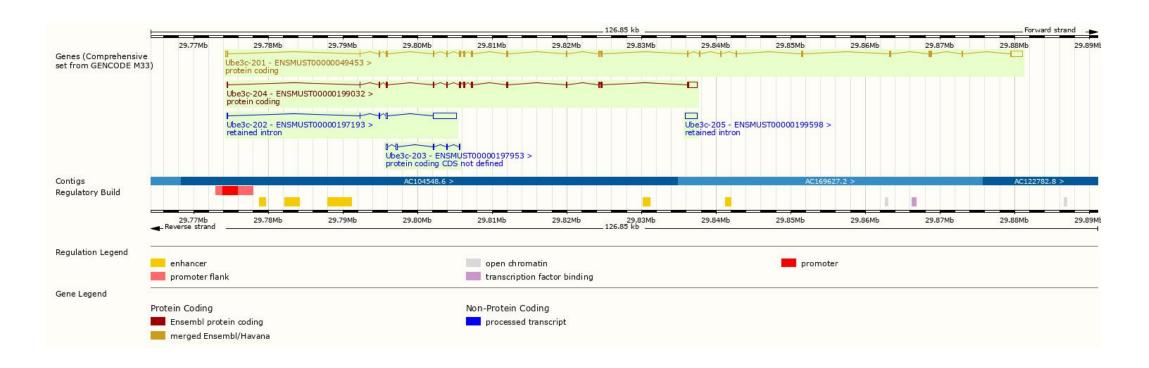
The strategy is based on the design of *Ube3c*-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below:



Source: https://www.ensembl.org



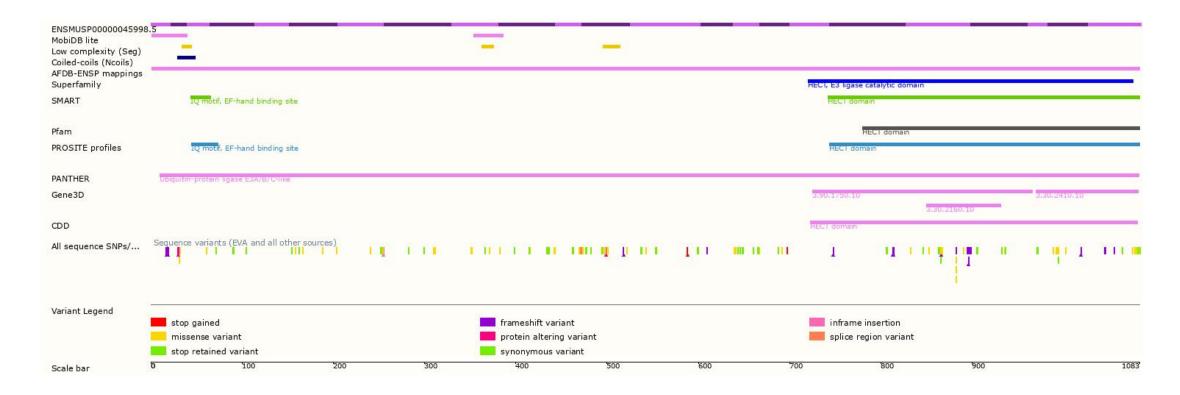
Genomic Information





Source: : https://www.ensembl.org

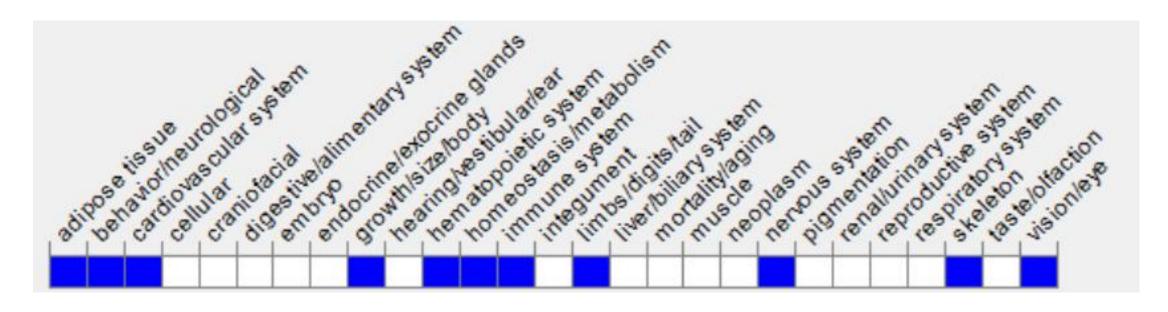
Protein Information





Source: : https://www.ensembl.org

Mouse Phenotype Information (MGI)







Important Information

- After cross cre, 114 amino acids remained at the N-terminus of this strategy, with unknown effects.
- *Ube3c* is located on Chr5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mouse strains to obtain double homozygous mutant offspring, please avoid the situation that the second gene is on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

