

# **Omd** Cas9-CKO Strategy

**Designer: Rui Xiong** 

Reviewer: Longyun Hu

**Design Date: 2022-5-18** 

# **Project Overview**

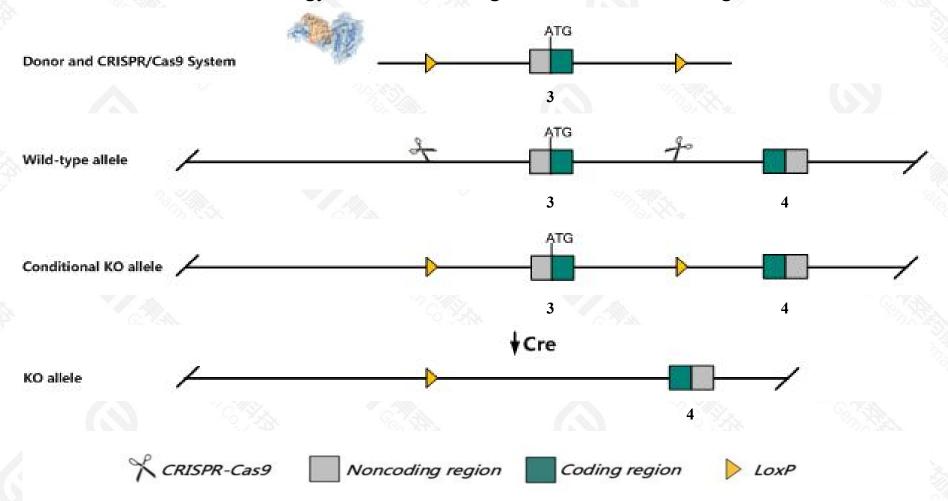


Project Name	Omd		
Project type	Cas9-CKO		
Strain background	C57BL/6JGpt		

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to edit the *Omd* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### **Technical routes**



- The *Omd* gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of *Omd* gene, exon3 of *Omd-202*(ENSMUST00000221170.2) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains start codon ATG. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Omd* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR-Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- > The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- > According to the existing MGI data, homozygous mutation of this gene results in impaired cued contextual conditioning behavior.
- > The partial sequence of the intron of *Cenpp* gene will be deleted.
- > The *Omd* gene is located on the Chr13. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### Omd osteomodulin [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 27047, updated on 3-Oct-2020

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Omd provided by MGI

Official Full Name osteomodulin provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1350918

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000048368

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as O, OSAD, SL, SLRR2C

Expression Low expression observed in reference datasetSee more

Orthologs <u>human all</u>

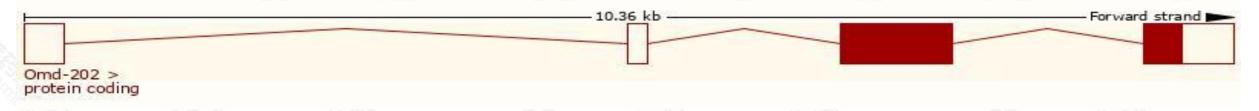
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 2 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

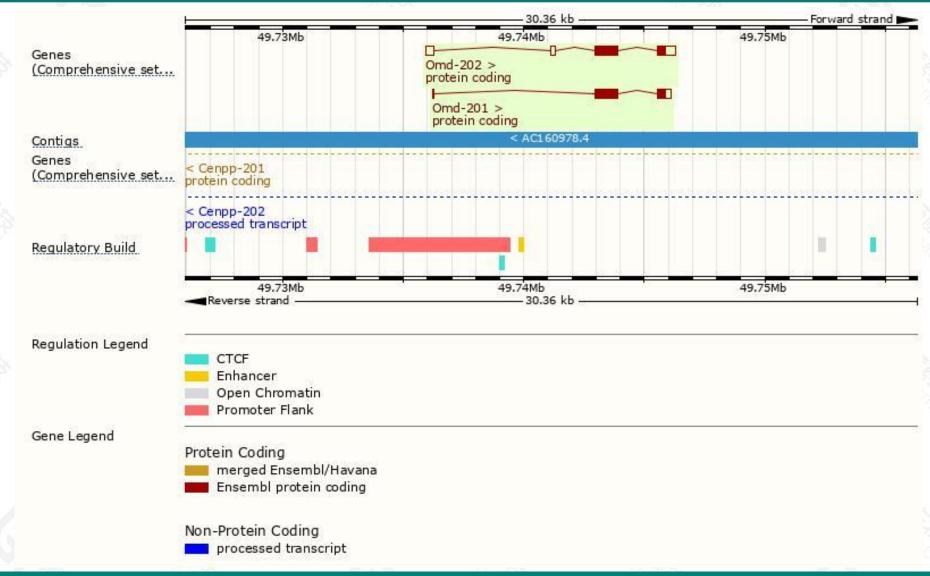
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Omd-202	ENSMUST00000221170.2	2249	423aa	Protein coding	CCDS26504		TSL:1, GENCODE basic, APPRIS P1,
Omd-201	ENSMUST00000065494.8	1556	<u>423aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS26504		TSL:1 , GENCODE basic , APPRIS P1 ,

The strategy is based on the design of *Omd-202* transcript, the transcription is shown below:



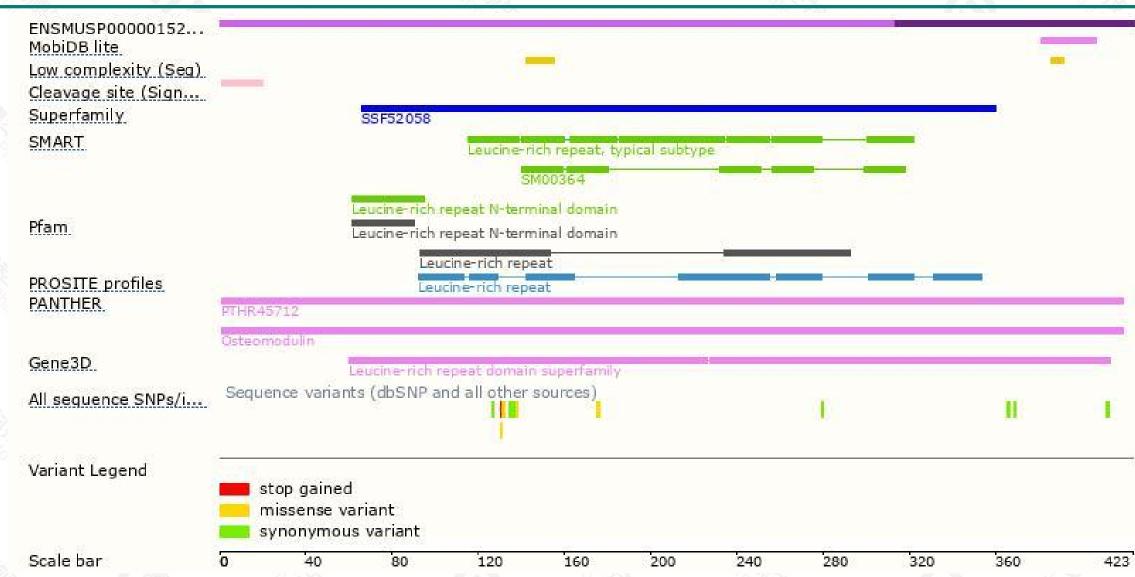
### Genomic location distribution





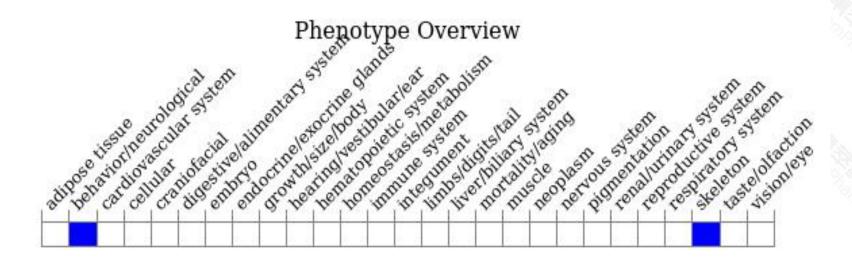
### Protein domain





# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygous mutation of this gene results in impaired cued contextual conditioning behavior.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

Tel: 400-9660890





