

Ddx41 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Project Overview

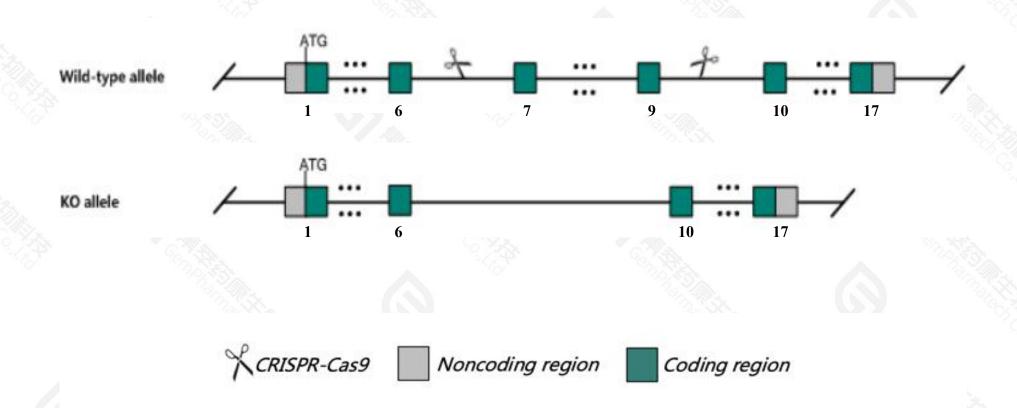


Project Name	Ddx41
Project type	Cas9-KO
Strain background	C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to edit the Ddx41 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Ddx41* gene has 5 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ddx41* gene, exon7-exon9 of *Ddx41*201(ENSMUST00000021956.9) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 364bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Ddx41* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR-Cas9 system were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

Notice



- > According to the existing MGI data, constitutive homozygous knockout is embryonic lethal. Conditional homozygous KO in macrophages and DCs (dendritic cells) leads to a depressed immune response to viral infection.
- The KO region is close to Gm46416 and Dok3 gene. Knockout the region may affect the function of Gm46416 and Dok3 gene.
- \rightarrow The N-terminal of Ddx41 gene will remain several amino acids, it may remain the partial function of Ddx41 gene.
- > The Ddx41 gene is located on the Chr13. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Ddx41 DEAD box helicase 41 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

▲ Download Datasets

Gene ID: 72935, updated on 25-Jan-2022

△ Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Ddx41 provided by MGI

Official Full Name DEAD box helicase 41 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1920185

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000021494 AllianceGenome: MGI: 1920185

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism <u>Mus musculus</u>

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as ABS; AA958953; AI324246; 2900024F02Rik

Summary Enables DNA binding activity. Acts upstream of or within cellular response to interferon-beta; defense response to virus; and positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II. Located in

endoplasmic reticulum and nucleus. Is expressed in hippocampus; pancreas; and testis. Orthologous to human DDX41 (DEAD-box helicase 41). [provided by Alliance of Genome Resources, Nov 2021]

Expression Ubiquitous expression in ovary adult (RPKM 33.6), spleen adult (RPKM 30.7) and 28 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

Try the new Gene table

Try the new Transcript table

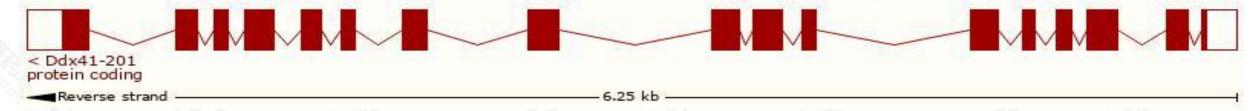
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 5 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

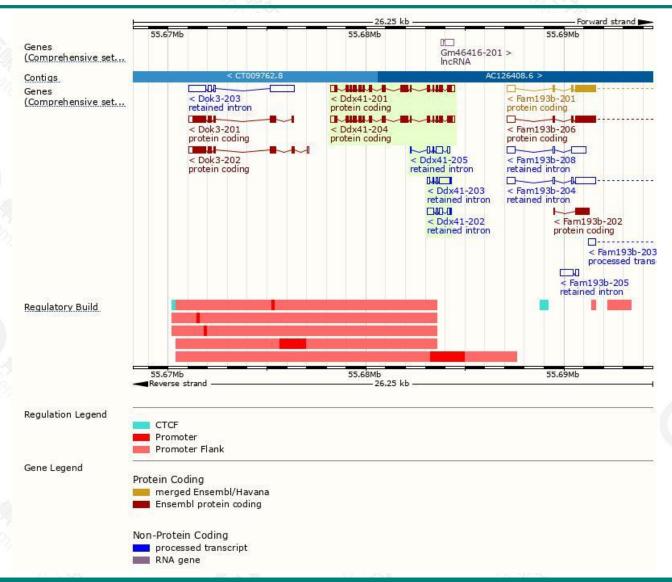
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Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Ddx41-201	ENSMUST00000021956.9	2205	<u>622aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS26549		TSL:1 , GENCODE basic , APPRIS P1 ,
Ddx41-204	ENSMUST00000224765.2	2199	<u>633aa</u>	Protein coding	-		GENCODE basic ,
Ddx41-203	ENSMUST00000224686.2	835	No protein	Retained intron	-		
Ddx41-205	ENSMUST00000225783.2	710	No protein	Retained intron			
Ddx41-202	ENSMUST00000224125.2	705	No protein	Retained intron	120		

The strategy is based on the design of Ddx41-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below:



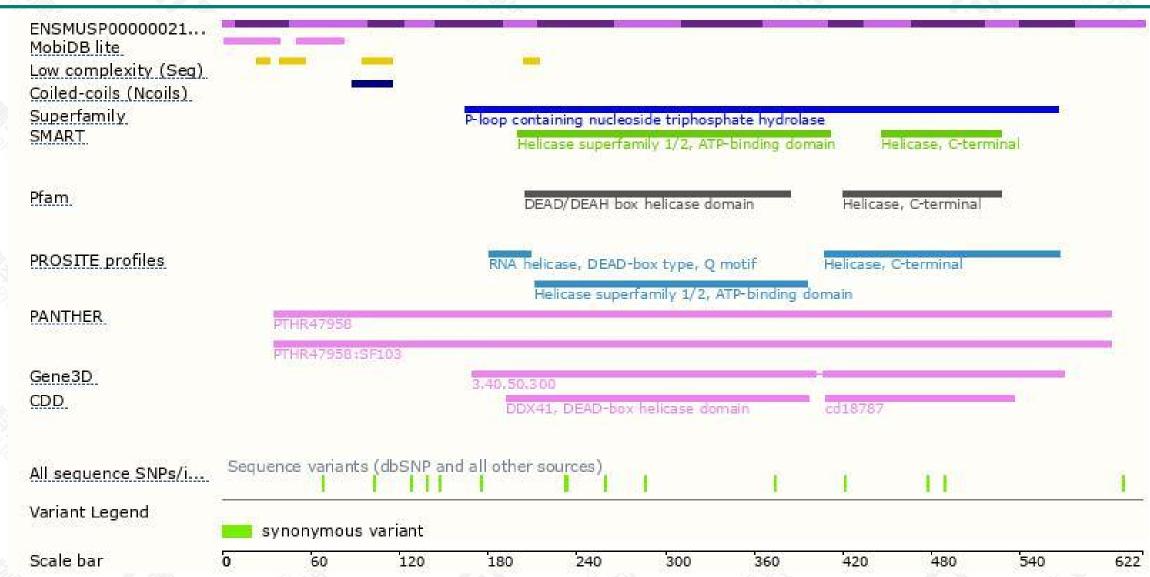
Genomic location distribution





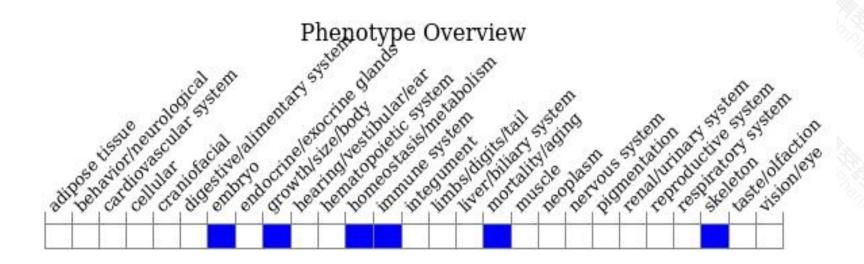
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, constitutive homozygous knockout is embryonic lethal. Conditional homozygous KO in macrophages and DCs (dendritic cells) leads to a depressed immune response to viral infection.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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