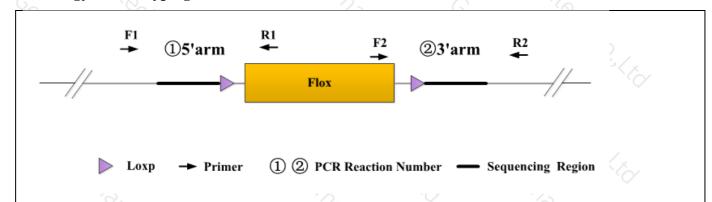
Genotyping Report

Strain ID	T019345	Strain Type	CKO(Cas9)	Genetic Background	C57BL/6JGpt
Designer	Ya'nan Xu	Gene Name	3/2	Eno2	S

1. Strategy of Genotyping



Wild type: ①PCR reaction obtains a single WT band; ②PCR reaction obtains a single WT band.

Heterozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a Targeted band.

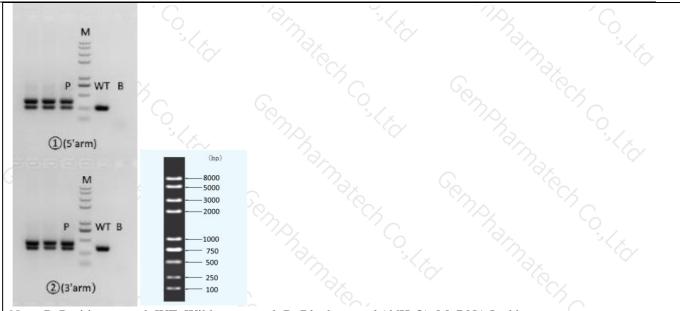
Homozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a single Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a single Targeted band.

Note: The sizes of WT and Targeted band are shown below.

2. Primer Information

PCR No.	Primer No.	Sequence	Band Size
①(5'arm)	T019345-F1 TCGGTGAGTCTATGTTCTAGTTCAGCG $T019345-R1$ CTCTGAGCCTTCTAGTCTAAACTCTTGCC		WT: 250bp
			Targeted: 355bp
②(3'arm)	T019345-F2	ATAGTGAGTATAGCAGGAAACCCAGGG	WT: 349bp
	rm) T019345-R2 GGTCTTGCACGTACTAGGCAAGT		Targeted: 455bp

3. Gel Image & Conclusion



Note: P: Positive control; WT: Wildype control; B: Blank control (ddH2O); M: DNA Ladder

- ① Control (WT): It is an important reference mark for whether the PCR reaction is successful and whether the product band position and size meet the theoretical requirements.
- ② Control (B): PCR amplification was performed without template in the PCR reagent to monitor whether the reagent was contaminated.

4. PCR Condition

PCR Reaction Comp	oonent	Č.	72 C	
Seg.	reaction co	Volume (μl)		
1 70,	2 × Rapid Taq Master Mix (Vazyme P222)		12.5	
2	ddH2O		9.5	
3	Primer A(10pmol/μl)) _{/_}	17	
400	Primer B(10pmol/μl)	1		
5	Template(≈100ng/μl)	(C) (7)	1 7	
PCR program ① pr	iority selection	(C)	9/x 3/x	
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle	
1	95℃	5min	CA C	
2	98℃	30s	20×	
3	65℃* (-0.5℃/cycle)	30s		
4	72℃	45s*	72	
5	98℃	30s	20×	
6	55℃*	30s	7,00	
7	72°C	45s*	20/2 "C	
8	72℃	5min	3/2	



9	10℃	hold	x 70x	í C
PCR program	n ② the second choice	. 7 _{2×}	d Jahr	;/x
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle	
1 00	95℃	5min	C _C	, C.
2	98℃	30s	35×	0.
3	58℃*	30s	·	
4	72℃	45s*	6 34	
5	72 ℃	5min	700,	70
6	10℃	hold	3	3/,

Note*: Annealing temperature and extension time can be determined according to the actual amplification situation and amplification enzyme efficiency.