

Ang Cas9-KO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name Ang

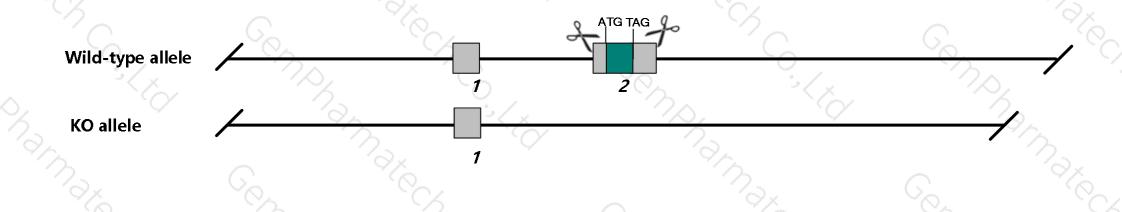
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Ang gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Cas9/sgRNA Uncoding region Coding region

Technical routes



- > The Ang gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of Ang gene, exon2 of Ang-202(ENSMUST00000171688.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ang* gene. The brief process is as follows: sgRNA was transcribed in vitro.Cas9 and sgRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

Notice



- > According to the existing MGI data, knock-out mice show increased proliferative capacity of hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells and decreased proliferative capacity of myeloid-restricted progenitor cells and develop leukopenia.
- > The KO region contains functional region of the Rnase4 gene. Knockout the region may affect the function of Rnase4 gene.
- > The Ang gene is located on the Chr14. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Ang angiogenin, ribonuclease, RNase A family, 5 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 11727, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Ang provided by MGI

Official Full Name angiogenin, ribonuclease, RNase A family, 5 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:88022

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000072115

Gene type protein coding RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Al385586, Ang1, Rnase5, Rnase5a

Summary This gene encodes a member of the pancreatic ribonuclease A superfamily and is a potent inducer of neovascularization. The encoded

protein is a secreted multifunctional tRNA-specific ribonuclease that promotes angiogenesis in response to angiogenetic stimuli such as hypoxia, mediates stress-induced translational repression by cleaving cellular tRNAs, stimulates cell proliferation by mediating rRNA transcription in prostate cancer cells, and is involved in neurite pathfinding. This gene resides in a cluster of highly related genes. It shares dual promoters and 5' exons with the ribonuclease, RNase A family 4 gene. Two alternatively spliced variants, with different 5' exons but the same coding exon, have been identified. Multiple pseudogenes have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun

2009]

Expression Biased expression in liver adult (RPKM 249.9), lung adult (RPKM 38.7) and 4 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 2 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

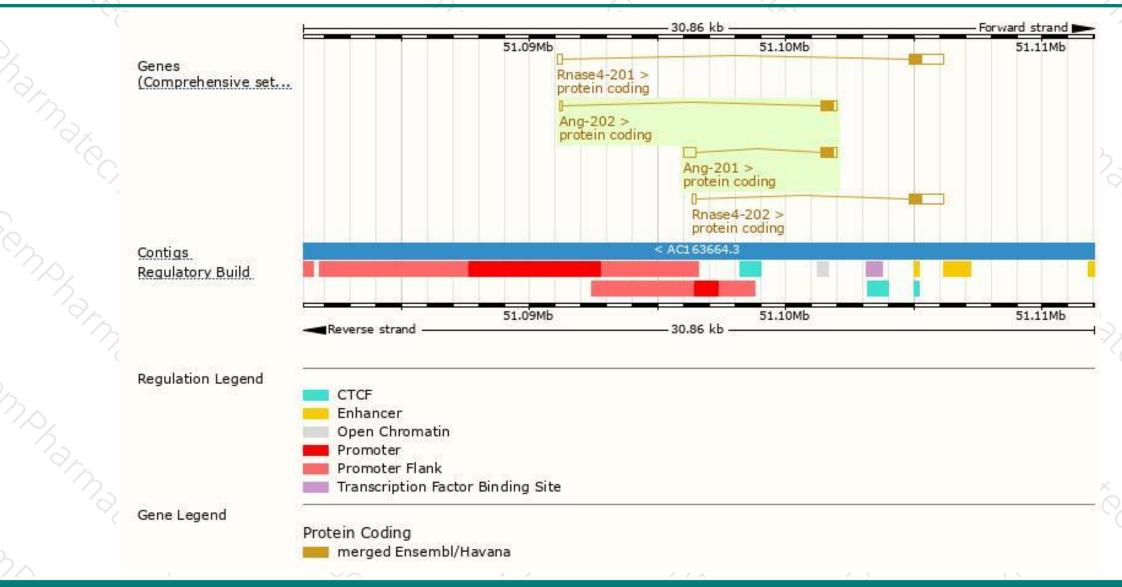
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Ang-201	ENSMUST00000069011.8	1094	<u>145aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS27034	P21570 Q3TBG7	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Ang-202	ENSMUST00000171688.8	728	<u>145aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS27034	P21570 Q3TBG7	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1

The strategy is based on the design of *Ang-202* transcript, the transcription is shown below:

Ang-202 > protein coding

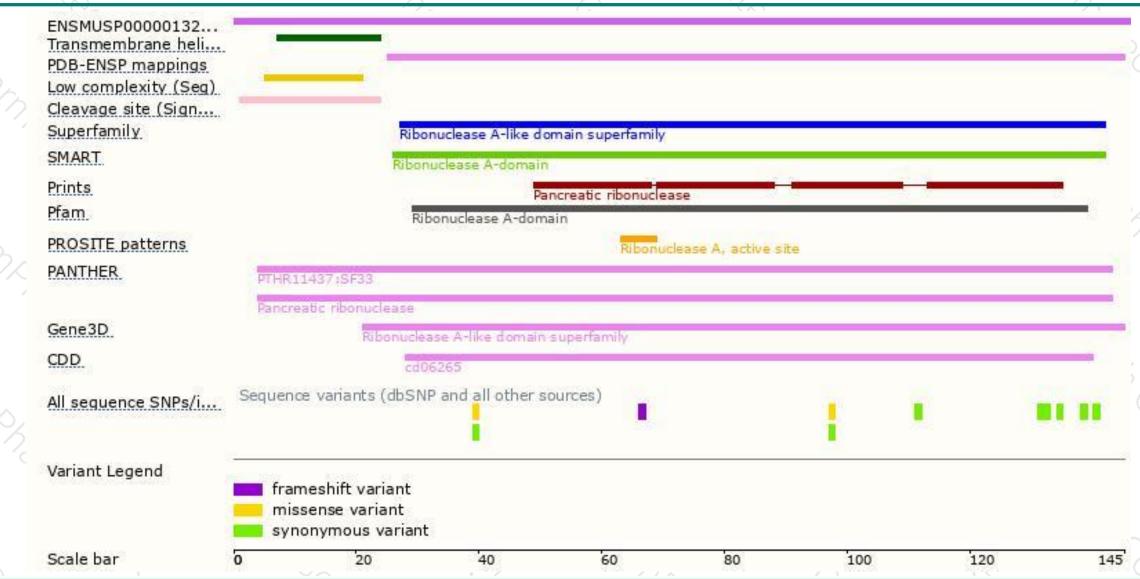
Genomic location distribution





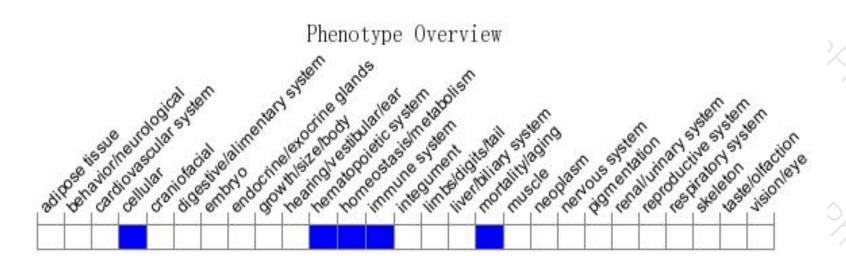
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data,knock-out mice show increased proliferative capacity of hematopoietic stem/progenitor cells and decreased proliferative capacity of myeloid-restricted progenitor cells and develop leukopenia.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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