

Slc2a5 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Reviewer: Xueting Zhang

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Project Overview



Project Name Slc2a5

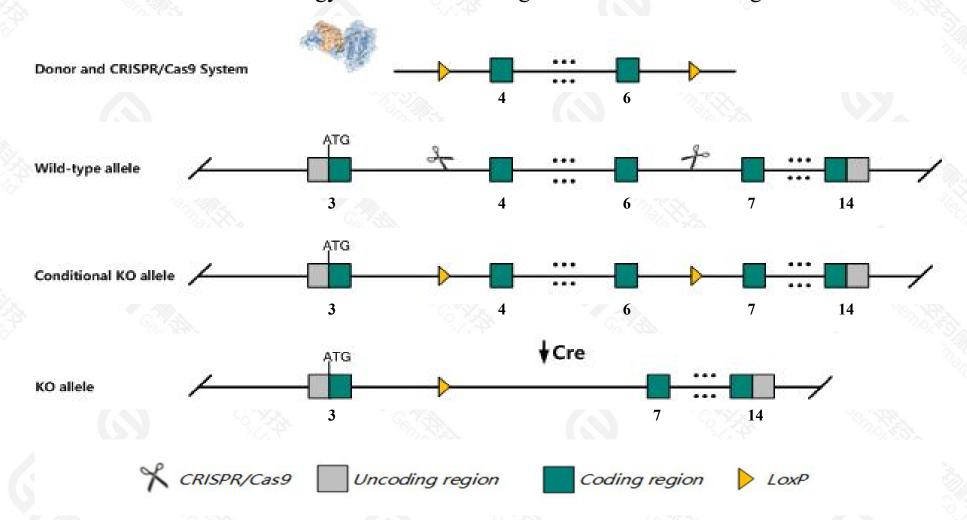
Project type Cas9-CKO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Slc2a5 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The Slc2a5 gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of Slc2a5 gene, exon4-exon6 of Slc2a5-201(ENSMUST00000030826.4) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 385bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Slc2a5* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- > The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- > According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit normal cochlear morphology and physiology with no detectable alterations in outer hair cell morphology, electromotility or nonlinear capacitance.
- > The Slc2a5 gene is located on the Chr4. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Slc2a5 solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 5 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 56485, updated on 1-Nov-2020

Summary



Official Symbol Slc2a5 provided by MGI

Official Full Name solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 5 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1928369

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000028976

RefSeq status PROVISIONAL
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Al526984, GLUT, Glut5, Slc5a

Expression Biased expression in testis adult (RPKM 204.2), kidney adult (RPKM 46.2) and 2 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

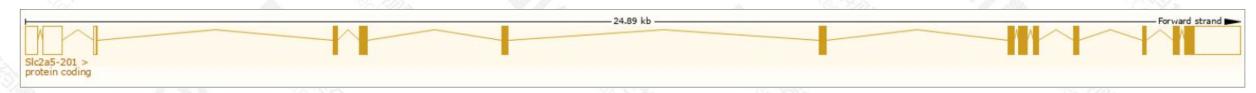
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 4 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

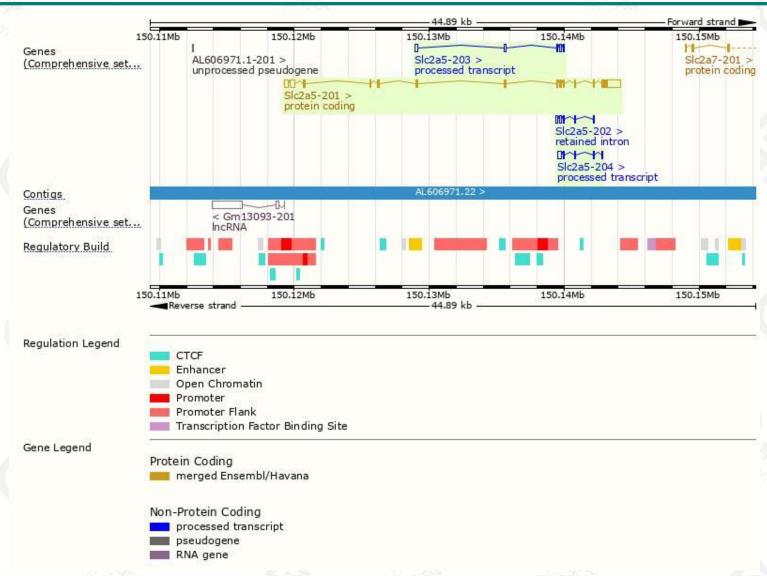
N. 10		_					20.036	
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags	
Slc2a5-201	ENSMUST00000030826.4	3158	<u>501aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS18968		TSL:1, GENCODE basic, APPRIS P1	
Slc2a5-203	ENSMUST00000136610.8	799	No protein	Processed transcript	34		TSL:3,	
Slc2a5-204	ENSMUST00000151504.2	594	No protein	Processed transcript	12		TSL:5,	
Slc2a5-202	ENSMUST00000132426.8	672	No protein	Retained intron			TSL:2,	

The strategy is based on the design of *Slc2a5-201* transcript, the transcription is shown below:



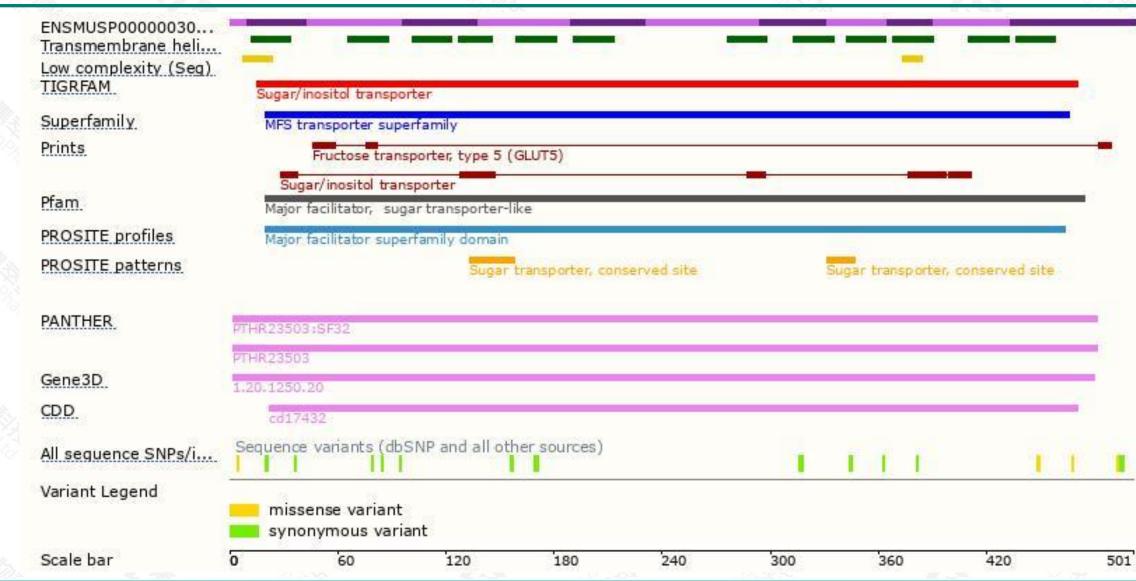
Genomic location distribution





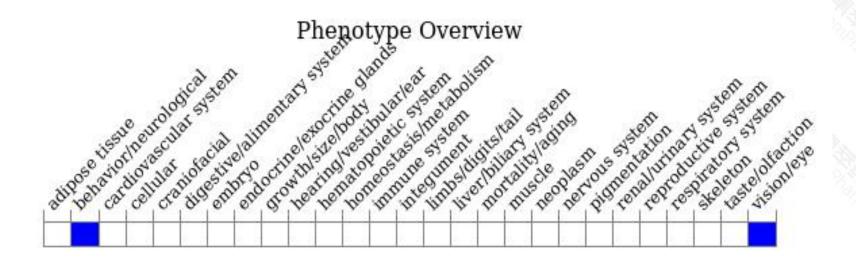
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit normal cochlear morphology and physiology with no detectable alterations in outer hair cell morphology, electromotility or nonlinear capacitance.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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