

Anxa7 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Huimin Su

Reviewer: Ruiuri Zhang

Design Date: 2020-5-7

Project Overview



Project Name

Anxa7

Project type

Cas9-KO

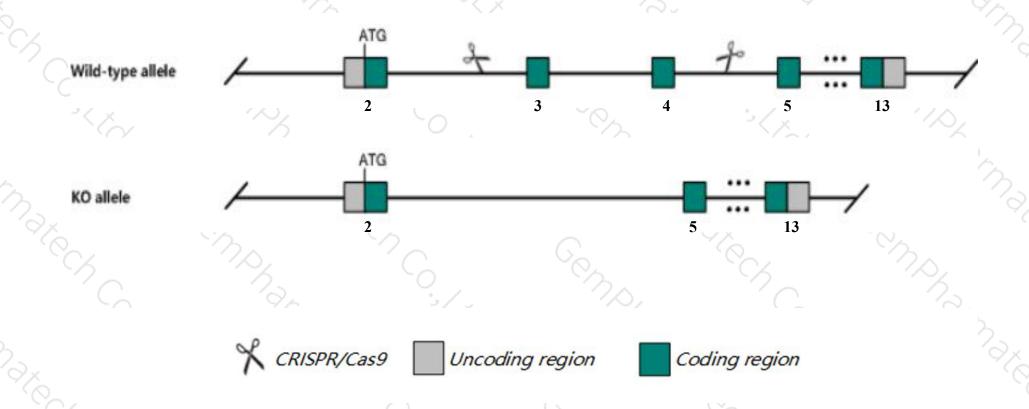
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Anxa7* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- The Anxa7 gene has 11 transcripts. According to the structure of Anxa7 gene, exon3-exon4 of Anxa7-201 (ENSMUST00000065504.16) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 307bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify Anxa7 gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system of the brief process is a crisPR/Cas9 system of the b

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, homozygotes for a null allele are viable but exhibit altered ca2+ signaling and/or homeostasis in cardiomyocytes and glia cells, and changes in erythrocyte shape, osmotic resistance, platelet number and aggregation velocity. homozygotes for another null allele die at ~e10 with cerebral hemorrhage.
- \rightarrow Anxa7-210 transcript is incomplete, so the effect on it is unknown.
- > The Anxa7 gene is located on the Chr14. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- > This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Anxa7 annexin A7 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 11750, updated on 3-May-2020

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Anxa7 provided by MGI

Official Full Name annexin A7 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:88031

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000021814

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae;

Murinae: Mus: Mus

Also known as Anx7; synexin; Al265384; Al316497

Expression Ubiquitous expression in placenta adult (RPKM 48.4), bladder adult (RPKM 40.7) and 28 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

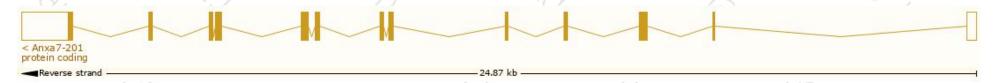
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 11 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

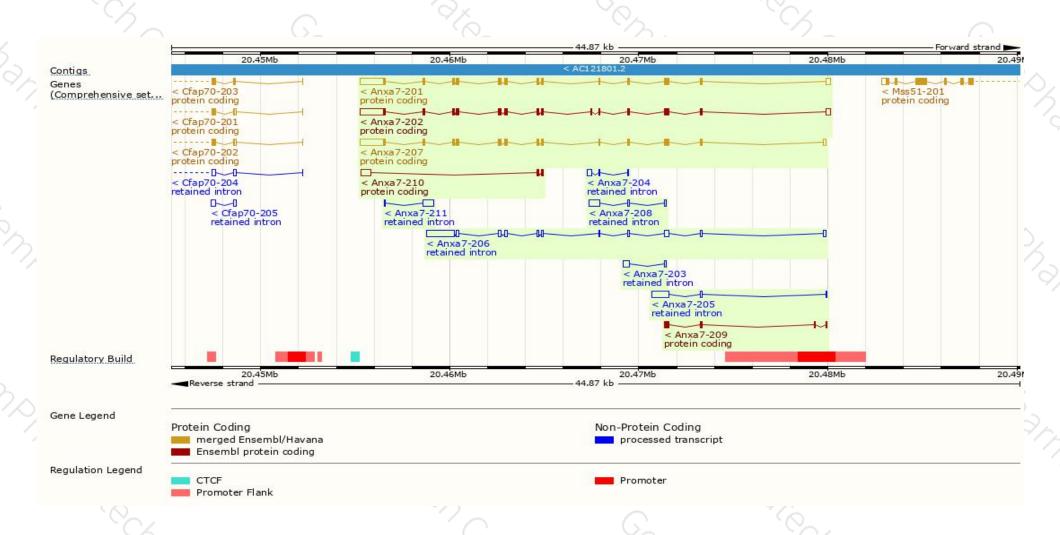
		4.1/				prog. 3	*
Name 🍦	Transcript ID	bp 🝦	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt 🝦	Flags
Anxa7-201	ENSMUST00000065504.16	2851	<u>463aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS26845₽	Q07076@	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P2
Anxa7-207	ENSMUST00000224975.1	2727	<u>463aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS26845₺	Q07076@	GENCODE basic APPRIS P2
Anxa7-202	ENSMUST00000100844.5	2904	<u>485aa</u>	Protein coding	2	A0A2C9F2D2₺	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
Anxa7-210	ENSMUST00000225941.1	739	<u>72aa</u>	Protein coding	2	A0A286YCW4@	CDS 5' incomplete
Anxa7-209	ENSMUST00000225132.1	364	<u>86aa</u>	Protein coding	5	A0A286YCS5&	CDS 3' incomplete
Anxa7-206	ENSMUST00000224410.1	2653	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	-
Anxa7-205	ENSMUST00000224344.1	988	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	.=
Anxa7-208	ENSMUST00000225118.1	761	No protein	Retained intron	-	13-1	÷
Anxa7-211	ENSMUST00000226001.1	673	No protein	Retained intron	-	1 - 1	**
Anxa7-203	ENSMUST00000223681.1	420	No protein	Retained intron	2		2
Anxa7-204	ENSMUST00000223960.1	387	No protein	Retained intron	-	1821	2

The strategy is based on the design of Anxa7-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below



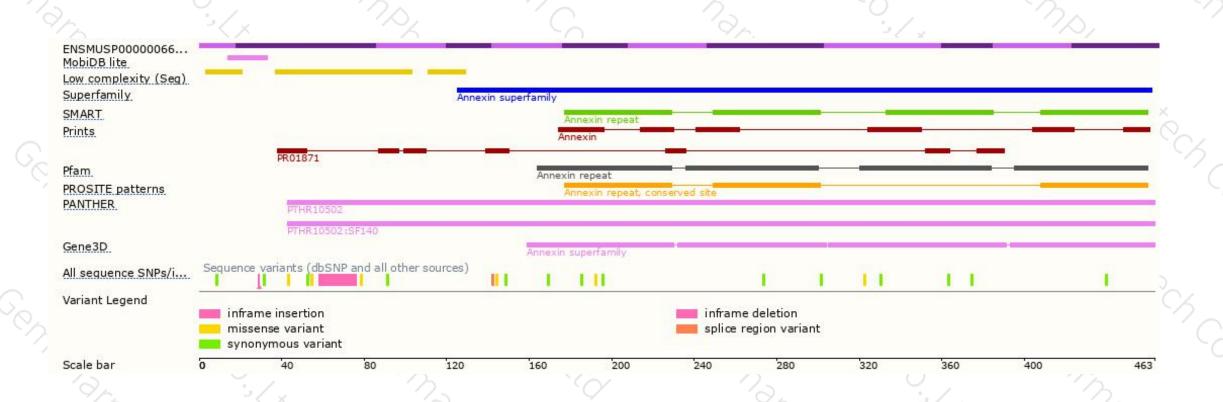
Genomic location distribution





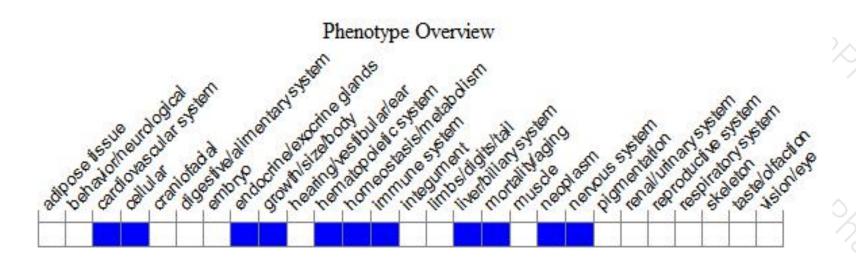
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygotes for a null allele are viable but exhibit altered Ca2+ signaling and/or homeostasis in cardiomyocytes and glia cells, and changes in erythrocyte shape, osmotic resistance, platelet number and aggregation velocity. Homozygotes for another null allele die at ~E10 with cerebral hemorrhage.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





