

Treh Cas9-KO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name

Treh

Project type

Cas9-KO

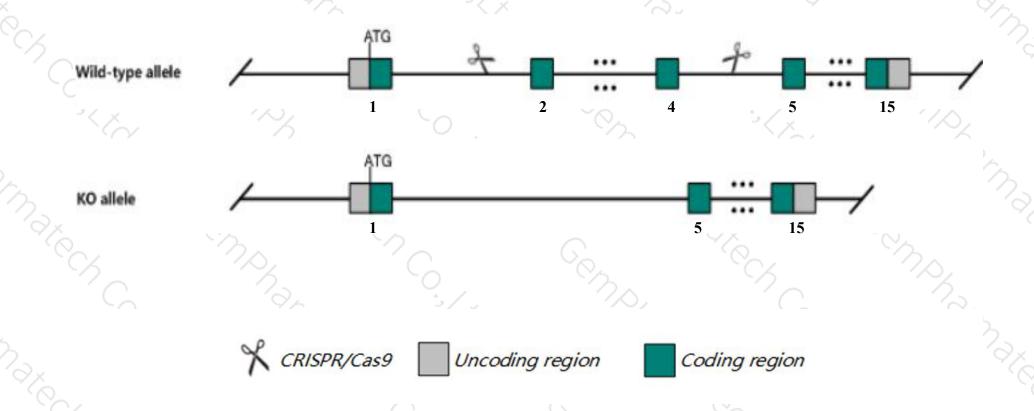
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Treh* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Treh* gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of *Treh* gene, exon2-exon4 of *Treh-201*(ENSMUST00000034609.10) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 334bp coding sequence Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Treh* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system v

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele fail to exhibit a rapid increase in blood glucose levels following oral trehalose administration.
- The *Treh* gene is located on the Chr9. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- > This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Treh trehalase (brush-border membrane glycoprotein) [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 58866, updated on 31-Jan-2019

Summary

↑ ?

Official Symbol Treh provided by MGI

Official Full Name trehalase (brush-border membrane glycoprotein) provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1926230

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000032098

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 2210412M19Rik

Summary This gene belongs to the alpha-glucosidase family, whose members encode enzymes that carry out hydrolysis of alpha-glucoside bonds of

a variety of carbohydrates. The enzyme encoded by this gene uses the disaccharide trehalose as a highly specific substrate and converts it into two glucose molecules. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by

RefSeq, Apr 2013]

Expression Biased expression in duodenum adult (RPKM 127.9), small intestine adult (RPKM 63.2) and 2 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 4 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

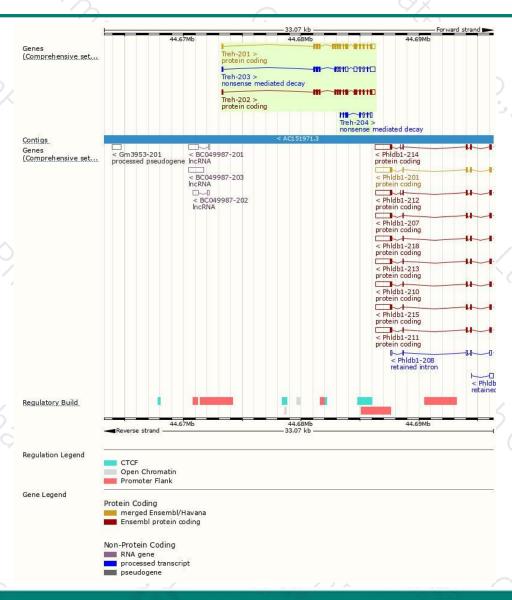
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Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags	
Treh-201	ENSMUST00000034609.10	2048	<u>576aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS23117	Q9JLT2	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1	
Treh-202	ENSMUST00000071219.11	1927	<u>541aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS72222	E9PYP7	TSL:1 GENCODE basic	
Treh-203	ENSMUST00000139389.7	1944	<u>150aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	828	D6RI51	TSL:1	
Treh-204	ENSMUST00000150822.1	745	<u>124aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	358	F6XTD2	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:3	
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The strategy is based on the design of *Treh-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



Genomic location distribution





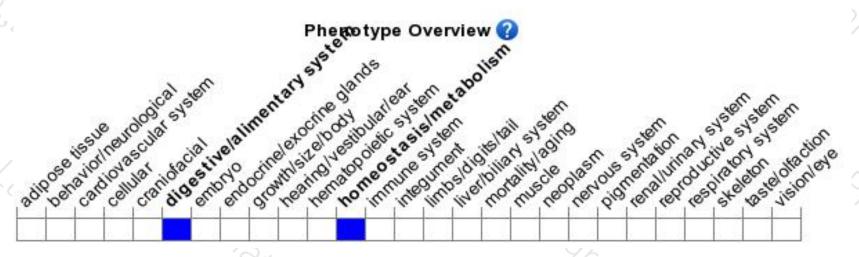
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele fail to exhibit a rapid increase in blood glucose levels following oral trehalose administration.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





