

Chfr Cas9-KO Strategy

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Reviewer:

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Project Overview

Project Name

Chfr

Project type

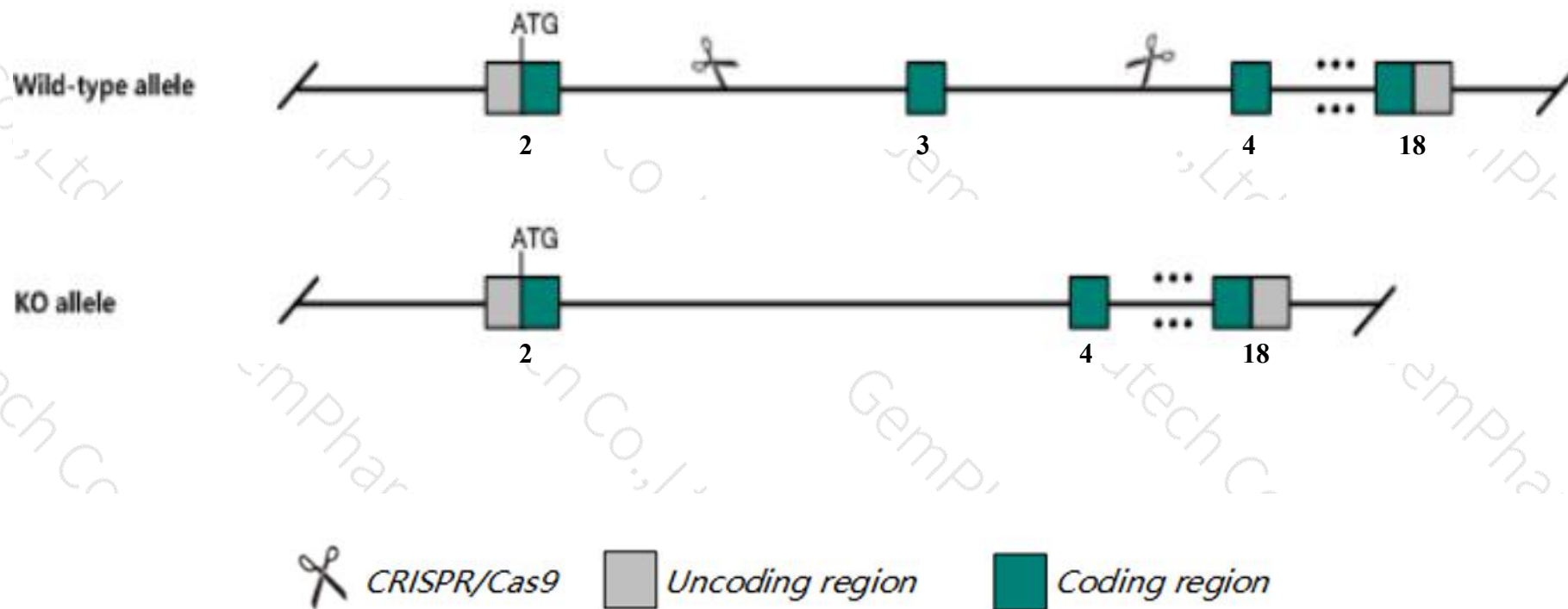
Cas9-KO

Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Chfr* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Chfr* gene has 12 transcripts. According to the structure of *Chfr* gene, exon3 of *Chfr*-202 (ENSMUST00000112519.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 100bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Chfr* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system w

- According to the existing MGI data, homozygous null mice and mefs display increased tumor incidence and inducibility, premature death, increased chromosomal instability, and cell cycle abnormalities.
- Transcripts Chfr-203, Chfr-205, Chfr-212 may not be affected.
- The *Chfr* gene is located on the Chr5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)

Chfr checkpoint with forkhead and ring finger domains [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 231600, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary



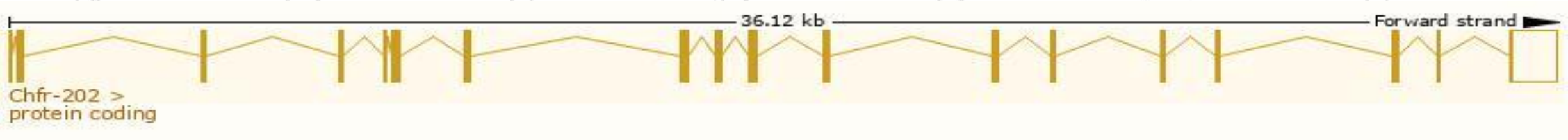
| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Official Symbol | Chfr provided by MGI |
| Official Full Name | checkpoint with forkhead and ring finger domains provided by MGI |
| Primary source | MGI:MGI:2444898 |
| See related | Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000014668 |
| Gene type | protein coding |
| RefSeq status | VALIDATED |
| Organism | Mus musculus |
| Lineage | Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus |
| Also known as | 5730484M20Rik, C230082M18, RNF116 |
| Expression | Ubiquitous expression in thymus adult (RPKM 17.7), CNS E14 (RPKM 15.6) and 28 other tissues See more |
| Orthologs | human all |

Transcript information（Ensembl）

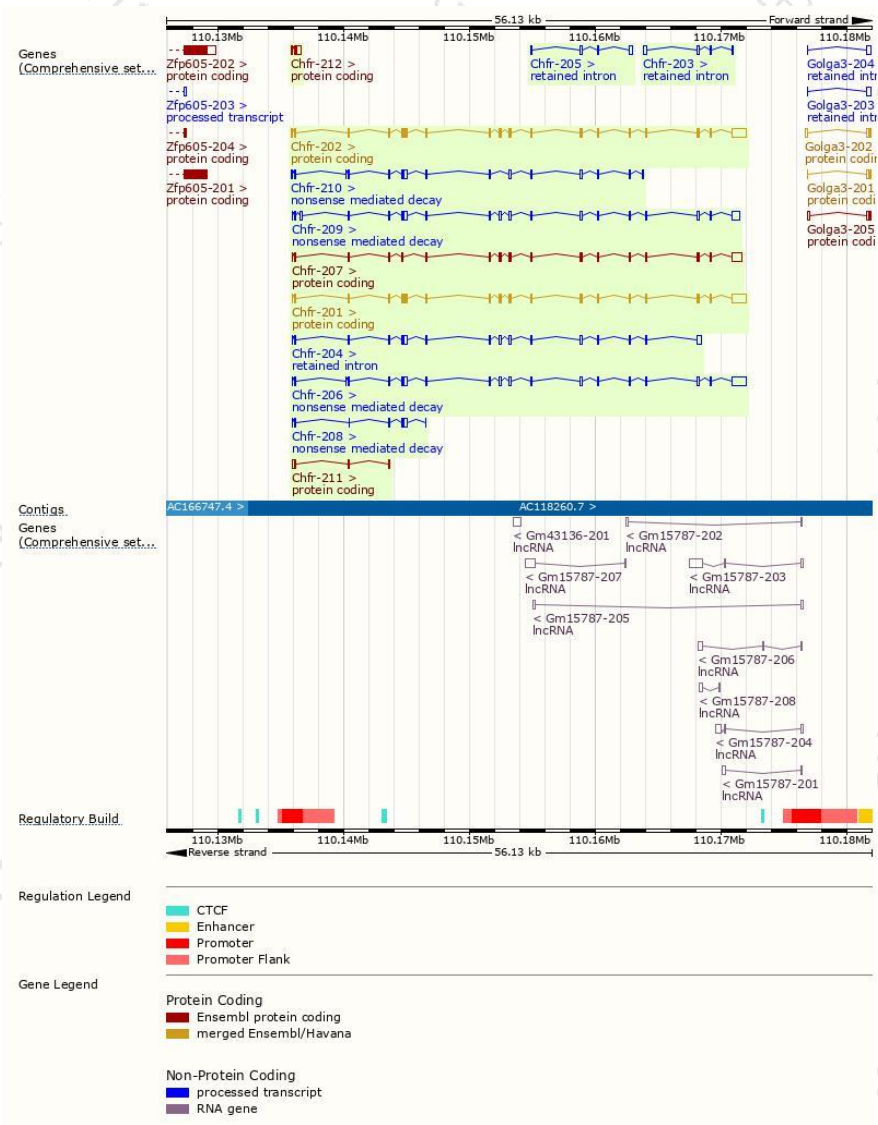
The gene has 12 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

| Name | Transcript ID | bp | Protein | Biotype | CCDS | UniProt | Flags |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Chfr-202 | ENSMUST00000112519.8 | 3159 | 664aa | Protein coding | CCDS71637 | Q810L3 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT2 |
| Chfr-201 | ENSMUST00000014812.12 | 3146 | 663aa | Protein coding | CCDS19522 | Q810L3 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P3 |
| Chfr-207 | ENSMUST00000198633.4 | 2623 | 592aa | Protein coding | CCDS80358 | Q810L3 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT2 |
| Chfr-212 | ENSMUST00000200038.1 | 606 | 51aa | Protein coding | - | A0A0G2JDG0 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic |
| Chfr-211 | ENSMUST00000199811.2 | 480 | 114aa | Protein coding | - | A0A0G2JGX6 | CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5 |
| Chfr-206 | ENSMUST00000198066.4 | 3201 | 49aa | Nonsense mediated decay | - | A0A0G2JFU4 | TSL:1 |
| Chfr-209 | ENSMUST00000199557.4 | 2873 | 50aa | Nonsense mediated decay | - | A0A0G2JFC1 | TSL:1 |
| Chfr-210 | ENSMUST00000199672.4 | 1774 | 49aa | Nonsense mediated decay | - | A0A0G2JFU4 | TSL:1 |
| Chfr-208 | ENSMUST00000199283.1 | 714 | 64aa | Nonsense mediated decay | - | A0A0G2JG18 | TSL:3 |
| Chfr-204 | ENSMUST00000197010.4 | 2135 | No protein | Retained intron | - | - | TSL:2 |
| Chfr-203 | ENSMUST00000197005.1 | 613 | No protein | Retained intron | - | - | TSL:2 |
| Chfr-205 | ENSMUST00000197968.1 | 597 | No protein | Retained intron | - | - | TSL:2 |

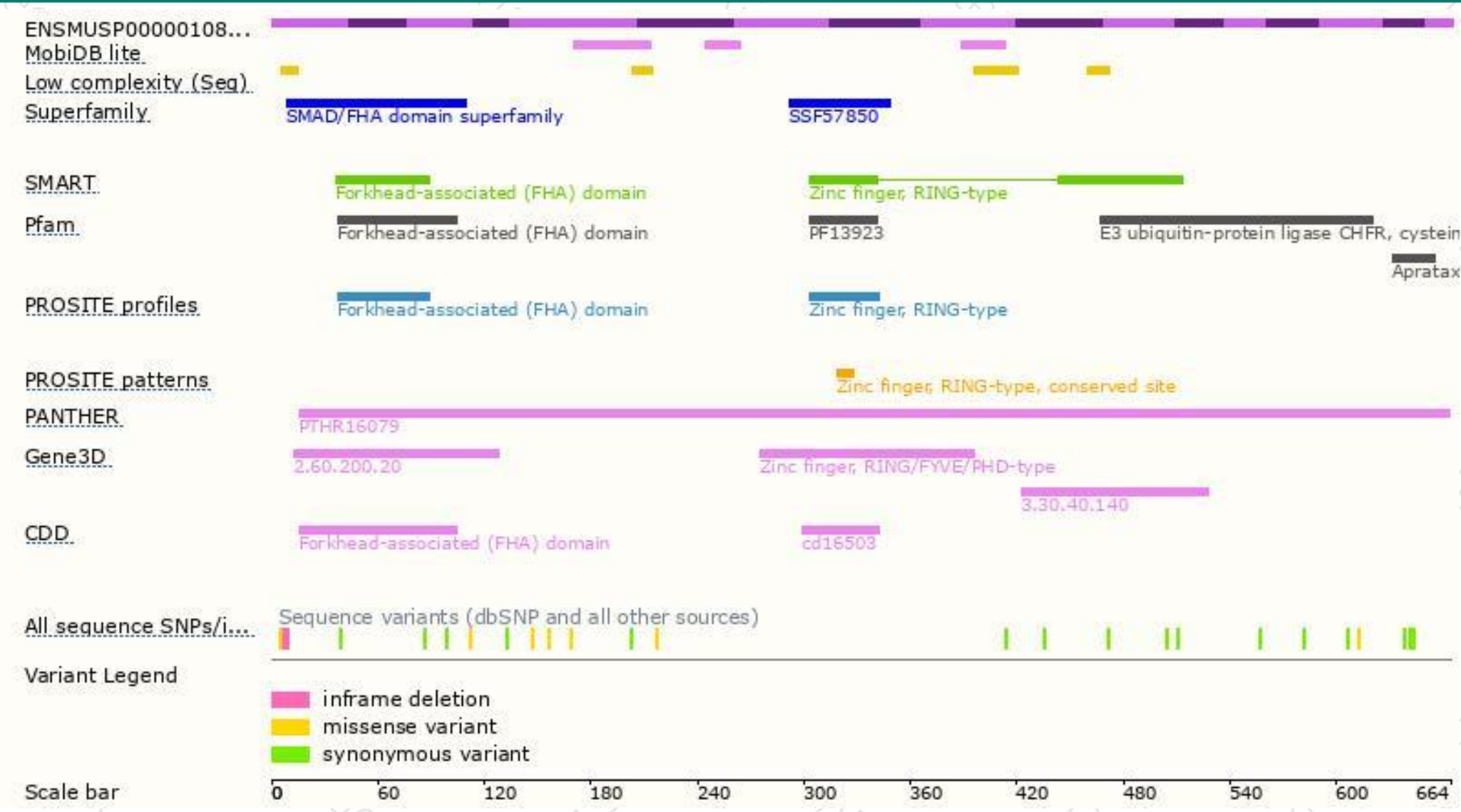
The strategy is based on the design of *Chfr-202* transcript,the transcription is shown below:



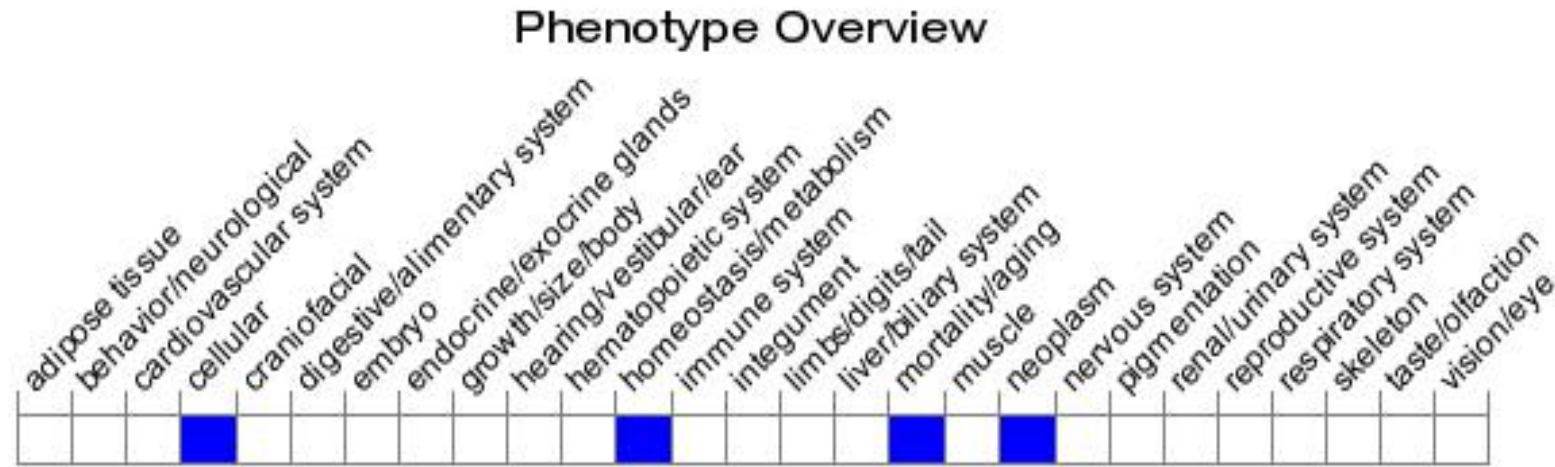
Genomic location distribution



Protein domain



Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygous null mice and MEFs display increased tumor incidence and inducibility, premature death, increased chromosomal instability, and cell cycle abnormalities.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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