

# Cdh4 Cas9-KO Strategy

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**Design Date:** 2019-12-23

## **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Cdh4

**Project type** 

Cas9-KO

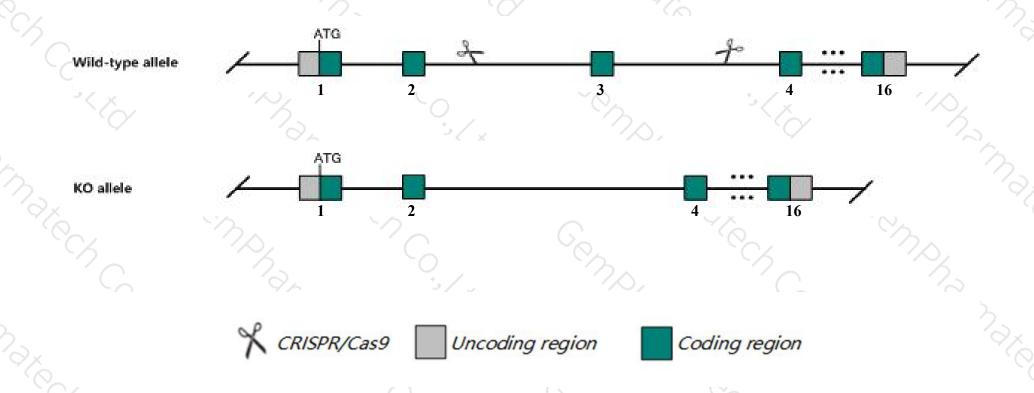
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

## **Knockout strategy**



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Cdh4* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### **Technical routes**



- ➤ The *Cdh4* gene has 6 transcripts. According to the structure of *Cdh4* gene, exon3 of *Cdh4-201*(ENSMUST0000000314.12) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 227bp coding sequence.

  Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Cdh4* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system we

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mutation of this gene results in dilation of the proximal renal tubules and extensive vacuolization of tubule epithelium. Uretic bud epithelium appear disorganized and exhibit increased apoptosis at E15.5.
- ➤ Transcript *Cdh4*-202 may be unaffected.
- > The *Cdh4* gene is located on the Chr2. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- ➤ This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### Cdh4 cadherin 4 [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 12561, updated on 12-Aug-2019

#### Summary



Official Symbol Cdh4 provided by MGI

Official Full Name cadherin 4 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:99218

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000000305

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Rcad; R-CAD; R-Cadh; AW120700

Summary This gene encodes a member of the cadherin family of calcium-dependent glycoproteins that mediate cell adhesion and regulate many

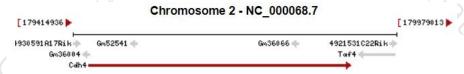
morphogenetic events during development. The encoded preproprotein is further processed to generate a mature protein. The encoded

protein is involved in retinal angiogenesis during development where it plays a crucial role in the endothelial-astrocyte interactions.

Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Oct 2015]

Expression Biased expression in whole brain E14.5 (RPKM 10.8), CNS E18 (RPKM 10.1) and 12 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all



## Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 6 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

Name 🍦	Transcript ID 🍦	bp 🌲	Protein 🍦	Translation ID	Biotype	CCDS 🍦	UniProt 4	Flags
Cdh4-201	ENSMUST00000000314.12	6388	<u>913aa</u>	ENSMUSP00000000314.6	Protein coding	CCDS17164₽	<u>P39038</u> ₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Cdh4-203	ENSMUST00000108911.1	1208	<u>334aa</u>	ENSMUSP00000104539.1	Protein coding	CCDS84598@	Q80ZV4₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Cdh4-202	ENSMUST00000098996.1	69	23aa	ENSMUSP00000096594.1	Protein coding	2	F6QV10 ₽	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
Cdh4-205	ENSMUST00000129659.1	747	No protein	2	Retained intron	2	=	TSL:2
Cdh4-204	ENSMUST00000124708.1	427	No protein	-	IncRNA	2	=	TSL:3
Cdh4-206	ENSMUST00000136411.1	379	No protein	-	<b>I</b> IncRNA	2	=:	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of *Cdh4-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



### Genomic location distribution





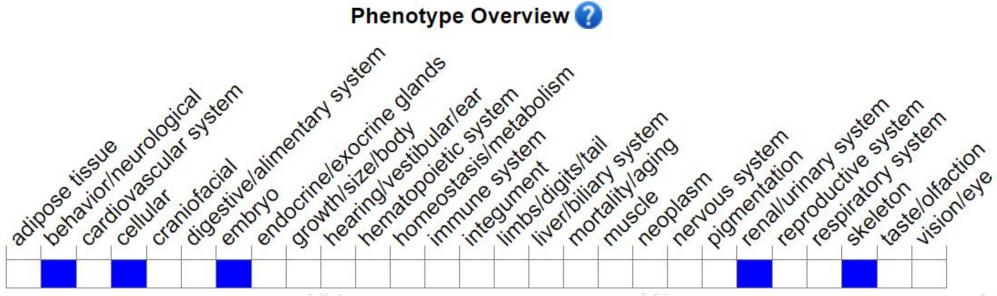
## Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mutation of this gene results in dilation of the proximal renal tubules and extensive vacuolization of tubule epithelium. Uretic bud epithelium appear disorganized and exhibit increased apoptosis at E15.5.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





