

Col5a2 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name

Col5a2

Project type

Cas9-CKO

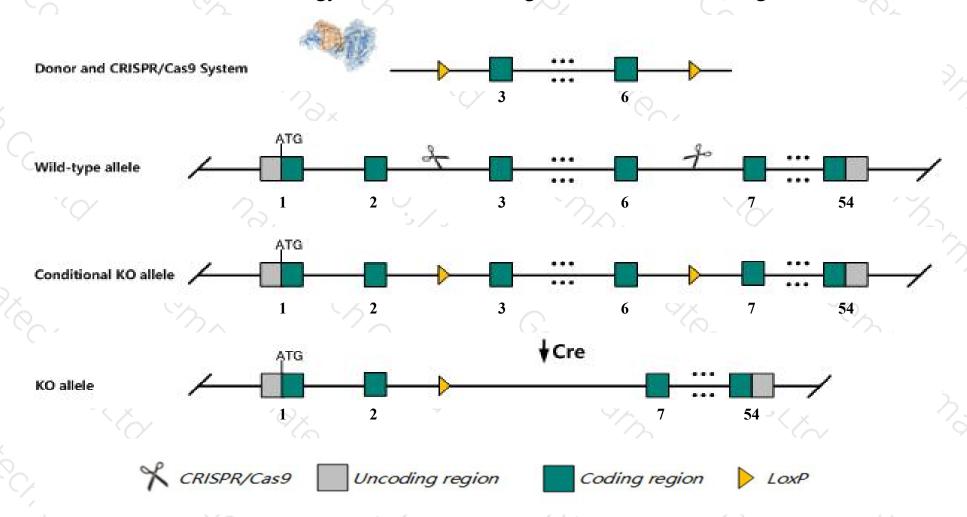
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Col5a2 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- The Col5a2 gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of Col5a2 gene, exon3-exon6 of Col5a2-201 (ENSMUST00000086430.4) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 134bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Col5a2* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mutation of this gene results in perinatal lethality.

 Mutant animals exhibit reduced body weight, reduced bone growth rate, thin, fragile skin, variable degrees of lordosis and kyphosis, abnormal localization of hair follicles in the dermis, and thinned stroma of the cornea.
- > The Col5a2 gene is located on the Chr1. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Col5a2 collagen, type V, alpha 2 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 12832, updated on 10-Oct-2019



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Official Symbol Col5a2 provided by MGI

Official Full Name collagen, type V, alpha 2 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:88458

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000026042

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 1110014L14Rik

Summary This gene encodes the alpha-2 subunit of type V collagen, one of the low abundance fibrillar collagens that gets incorporated into

growing fibrils with type I collagen. The encoded protein, in association with alpha-1 and/or alpha-3 subunits, forms homo- or

heterotrimeric type V procollagen that undergoes proteolytic processing. Mice lacking the encoded protein die in utero. Transgenic mice that produce a structurally abnormal form of the encoded protein survive poorly and exhibit skin fragility, skeletal abnormalities and

alterations in the collagen fiber organization. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015]

Expression Biased expression in limb E14.5 (RPKM 56.0), bladder adult (RPKM 29.0) and 14 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

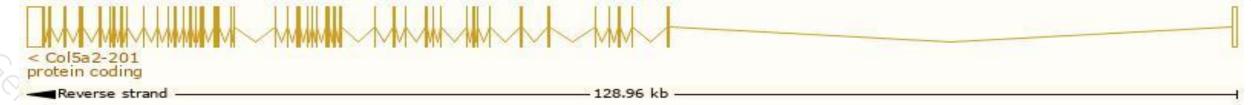
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 4 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

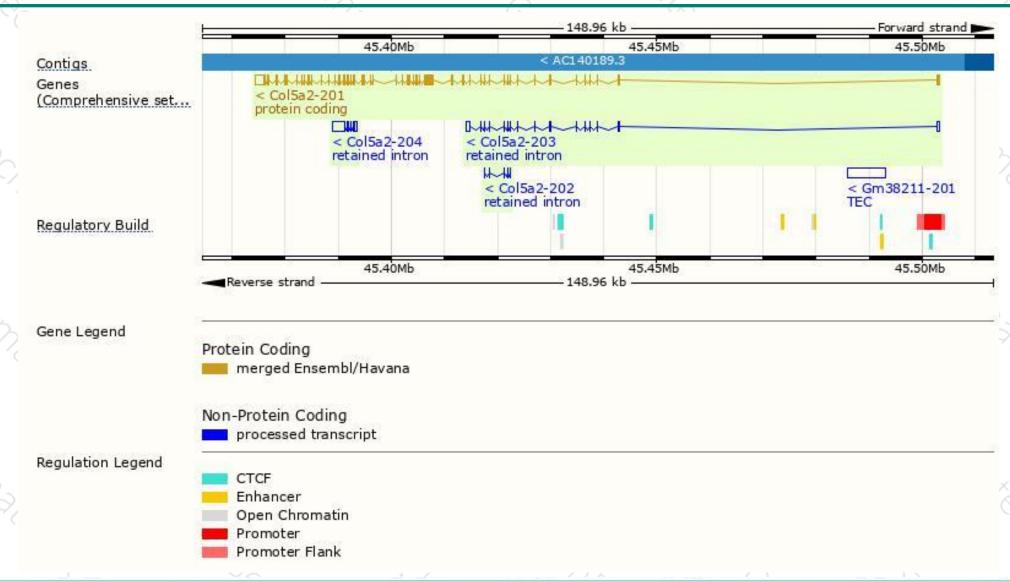
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	ccps	UniProt	Flags
Col5a2-201	ENSMUST00000086430.4	6625	1497aa	Protein coding	CCDS35555	Q3U962	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Col5a2-204	ENSMUST00000150143.1	2951	No protein	Retained intron	688	-	TSL:2
Col5a2-203	ENSMUST00000134681.7	1970	No protein	Retained intron	1940	ū.	TSL:2
Col5a2-202	ENSMUST00000131535.1	356	No protein	Retained intron	127	-	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of Col5a2-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



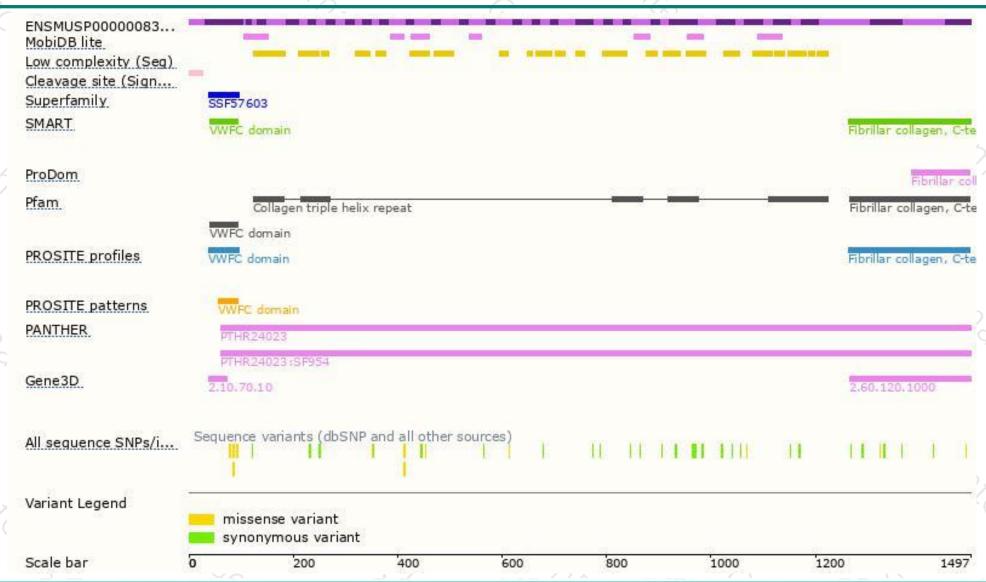
Genomic location distribution





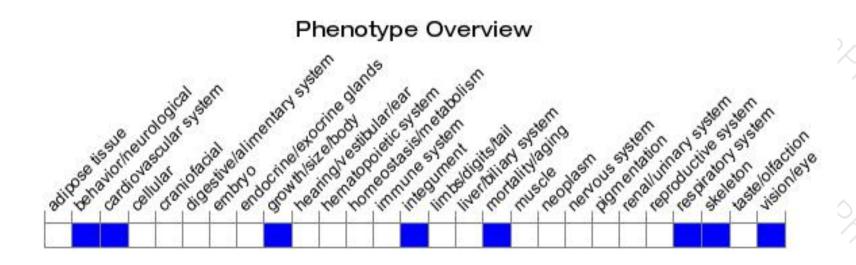
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mutation of this gene results in perinatal lethality. Mutant animals exhibit reduced body weight, reduced bone growth rate, thin, fragile skin, variable degrees of lordosis and kyphosis, abnormal localization of hair follicles in the dermis, and thinned stroma of the cornea.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





