

Prdm9 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Reviewer: Yanhua Shen

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Project Overview



Project Name

Prdm9

Project type

Cas9-CKO

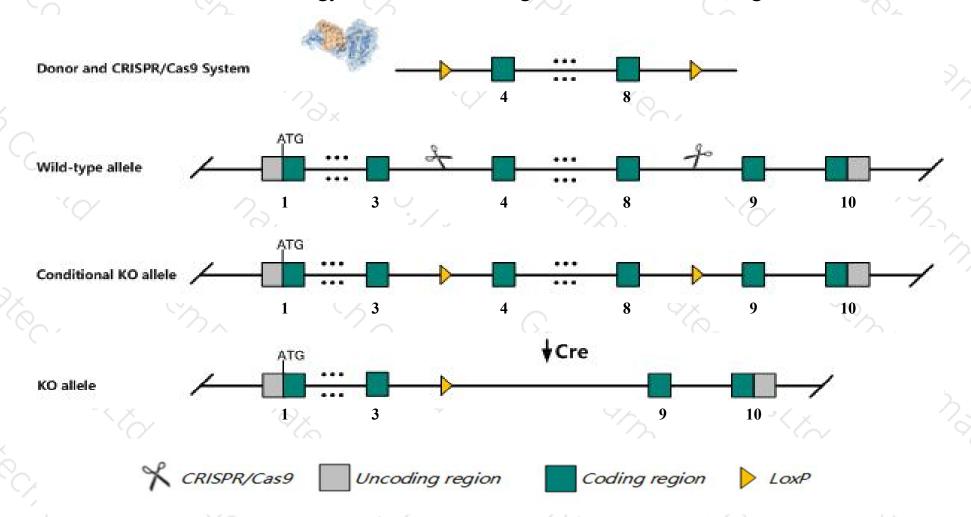
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Prdm9* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Prdm9* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Prdm9* gene, exon4-exon8 of *Prdm9-207*(ENSMUST00000233295.1) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 649bp coding sequence.

 Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Prdm9* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele show decreased oocyte number, azoospermia, and sterility in both sexes due to severe impairment of the double-stranded break repair pathway, deficient pairing of homologous chromosomes, and impaired sex body formation.
- > Transcript *Prdm9*-203 may not be affected.
- > The N-terminal of *Prdm9* gene will remain several amino acids ,it may remain the partial function of *Prdm9* gene.
- > The *Prdm9* gene is located on the Chr17. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- > This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Prdm9 PR domain containing 9 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 213389, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Prdm9 provided by MGI

Official Full Name PR domain containing 9 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:2384854

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000051977

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as BC012016, Dsbc1, G1-419-29, Meisetz, PRDM9-B, Rcr1, repro7

Expression Ubiquitous expression in stomach adult (RPKM 2.6), spleen adult (RPKM 1.6) and 28 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

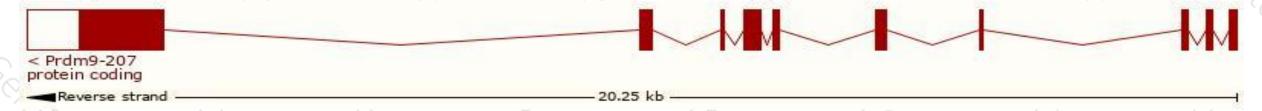
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 7 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

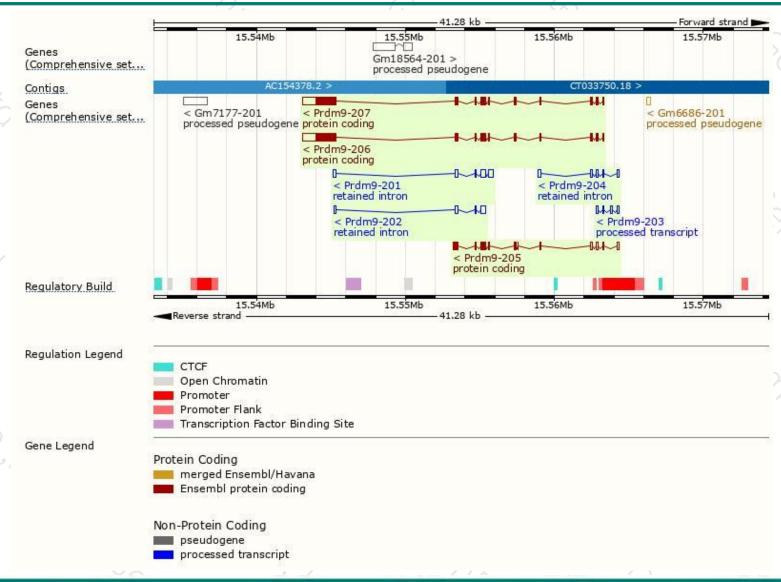
| Name | Transcript ID | bp | Protein | Biotype | CCDS | UniProt | Flags |
|-----------|----------------------|------|--------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------|---|
| Prdm9-207 | ENSMUST00000233295.1 | 3460 | 847aa | Protein coding | CCDS49963 | E9Q4V2 | GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P2 |
| Prdm9-206 | ENSMUST00000167994.9 | 3438 | <u>843aa</u> | Protein coding | 686 | E9Q4V2 Q96EQ9 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT2 |
| Prdm9-205 | ENSMUST00000147532.7 | 1447 | 283aa | Protein coding | 320 | Q96EQ9 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic |
| Prdm9-203 | ENSMUST00000132675.1 | 474 | No protein | Processed transcript | 343 | 828 | TSL:3 |
| Prdm9-201 | ENSMUST00000128267.7 | 1082 | No protein | Retained intron | 151 | (5) | TSL:1 |
| Prdm9-202 | ENSMUST00000130297.1 | 708 | No protein | Retained intron | 680 | | TSL:3 |
| Prdm9-204 | ENSMUST00000139911.1 | 666 | No protein | Retained intron | 120 | 14-0 | TSL:3 |

The strategy is based on the design of *Prdm9-207* transcript, the transcription is shown below:



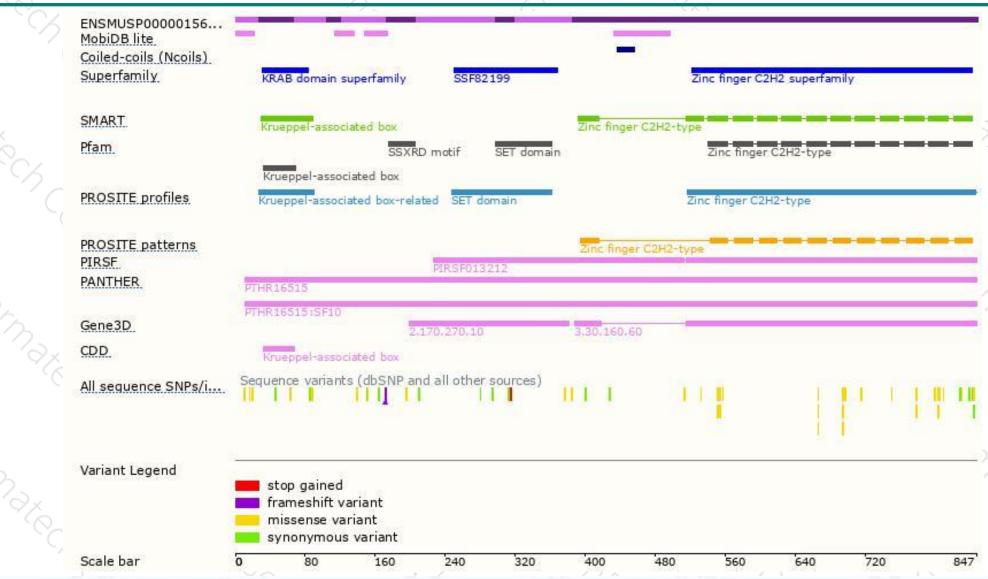
Genomic location distribution





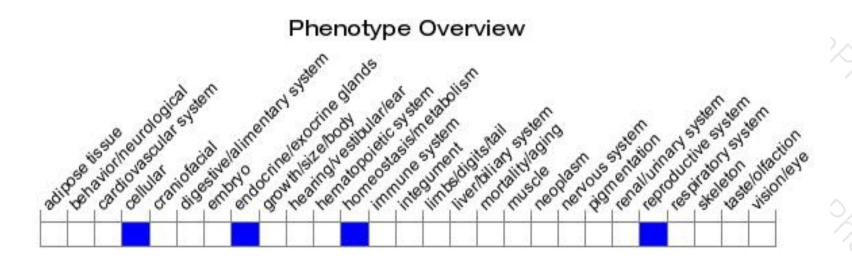
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a knock-out allele show decreased oocyte number, azoospermia, and sterility in both sexes due to severe impairment of the double-stranded break repair pathway, deficient pairing of homologous chromosomes, and impaired sex body formation.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





