

Slc13a2 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name

Slc13a2

Project type

Cas9-CKO

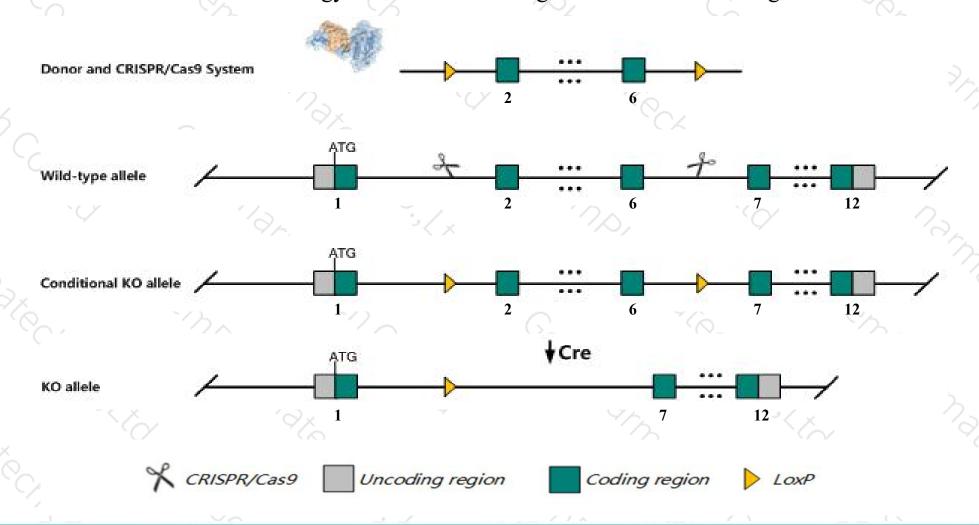
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Slc13a2 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- The Slc13a2 gene has 1 transcript. According to the structure of Slc13a2 gene, exon2-exon6 of Slc13a2-201 (ENSMUST0000001122.5) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 761bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Slc13a2* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit increased Kreb cycle intermediates in the urine but otherwise have normal kidney function and response to ischemia-reperfusion injury and caloric restriction.
- > Slc13a2os gene will be destroyed in this strategy.
- The *Slc13a2* gene is located on the Chr11. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- > This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Slc13a2 solute carrier family 13 (sodium-dependent dicarboxylate transporter), member 2 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 20500, updated on 29-Oct-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Slc13a2 provided by MGI

Official Full Name solute carrier family 13 (sodium-dependent dicarboxylate transporter), member 2 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1276558

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000001095

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Nadc1; Nadc-1; mNaDC-1

Expression Biased expression in colon adult (RPKM 77.1), large intestine adult (RPKM 68.5) and 3 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

Genomic context



Location: 11 B5; 11 46.74 cM

See Slc13a2 in Genome Data Viewer

Exon count: 14

Annotation release	Status	Assembly	Chr	Location	
108	current	GRCm38.p6 (GCF_000001635.26)	11	NC_000077.6 (7839727678422281, complement)	
Build 37.2	previous assembly	MGSCv37 (GCF_000001635.18)	11	NC_000077.5 (7821077878235687, complement)	

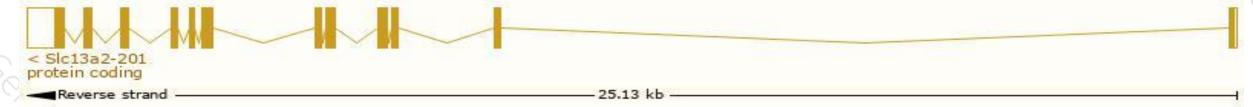
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 1 transcript, and the transcript is shown below:

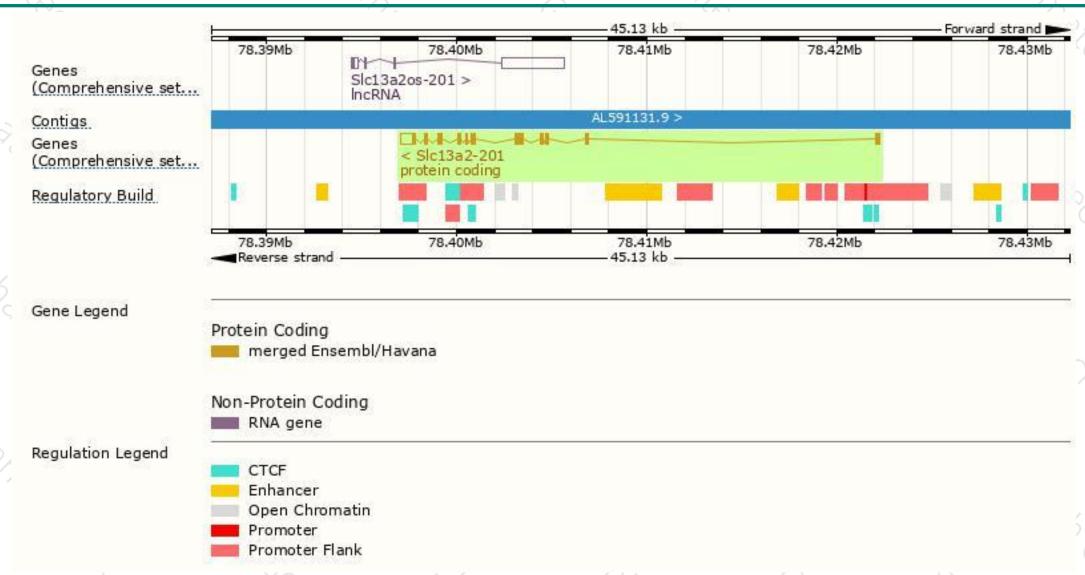
Name	Transcript ID 👙	bp 🌲	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags		
SIc13a2-201	ENSMUST00000001122.5	2412	<u>586aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS25103&	<u>Q9ES88</u> &	TSL:1	GENCODE basic	APPRIS P1

The strategy is based on the design of Slc13a2-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



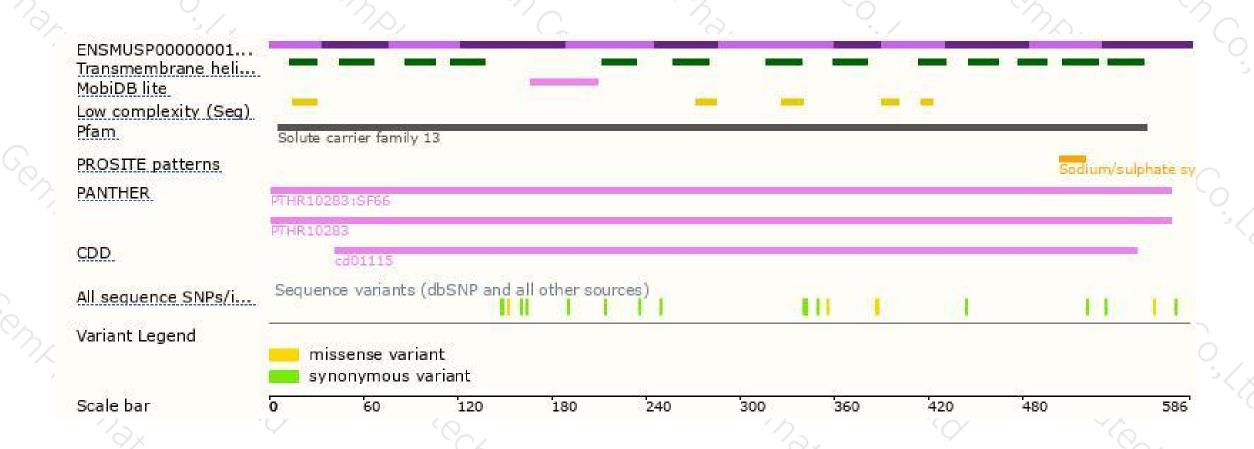
Genomic location distribution





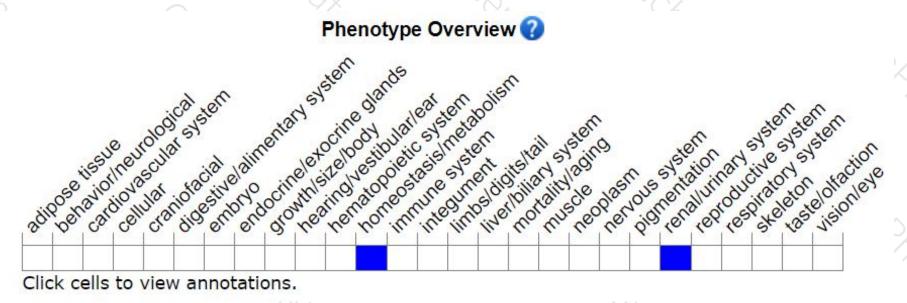
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit increased Kreb cycle intermediates in the urine but otherwise have normal kidney function and response to ischemia-reperfusion injury and caloric restriction.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





