

# Macroh2a1 Cas9-CKO Strategy

**Designer:** 

Yang Zeng

**Reviewer:** 

Ruirui Zhang

**Design Date:** 

2019-11-25

## **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Macroh2a1

**Project type** 

Cas9-CKO

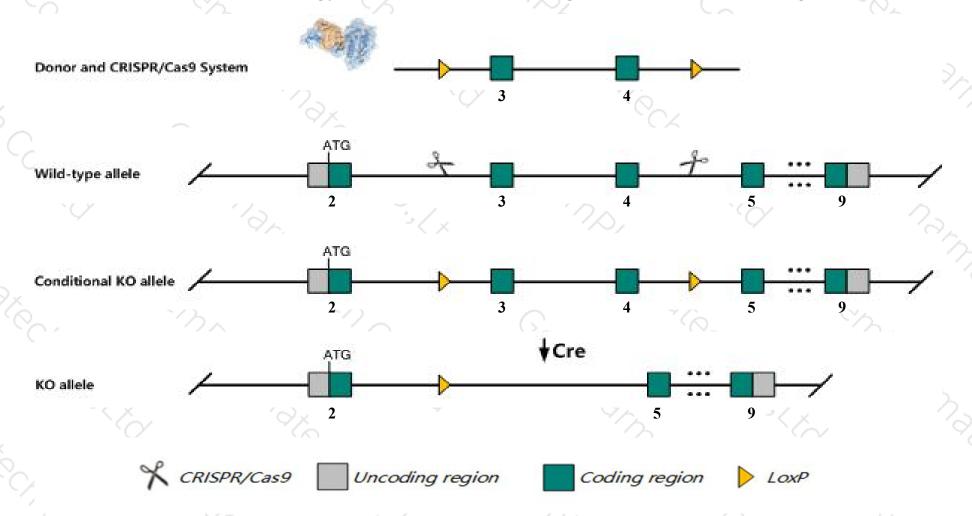
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Macroh2a1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- The *Macroh2a1* gene has 8 transcripts. According to the structure of *Macroh2a1* gene, exon3-exon4 of *Macroh2a1-201* (ENSMUST00000016081.12) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 305bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Macroh2a1* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for one knock-out allele are viable and fertile and display no gross phenotypic abnormalities. Mice homozygous for a different knock-out allele exhibit female-specific hepatic steatosis.
- > The *Macroh2a1* gene is located on the Chr13. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

## Gene information (NCBI)



#### Macroh2a1 macroH2A.1 histone [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 26914, updated on 10-Oct-2019

#### Summary



Official Symbol Macroh2a1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name macroH2A.1 histone provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1349392

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000015937

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as H2afy; mH2a1; H2AF12M

**Summary** Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes.

Nucleosomes consist of approximately 146 bp of DNA wrapped around a histone octamer composed of pairs of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4). The chromatin fiber is further compacted through the interaction of a linker histone, H1, with the DNA between the nucleosomes to form higher order chromatin structures. This gene encodes a replication-independent histone that is a member of the histone H2A family. It replaces conventional H2A histones in a subset of nucleosomes where it represses transcription and participates in stable X chromosome inactivation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms.

[provided by RefSeq, Nov 2015]

Expression Ubiquitous expression in thymus adult (RPKM 36.0), CNS E11.5 (RPKM 35.6) and 28 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

Gm31542 Gm47072 Macroh2a1 Gm31657 Gm31485 Gm25148 Tifab

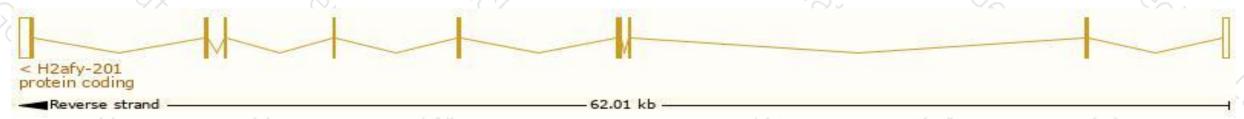
## Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 8 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

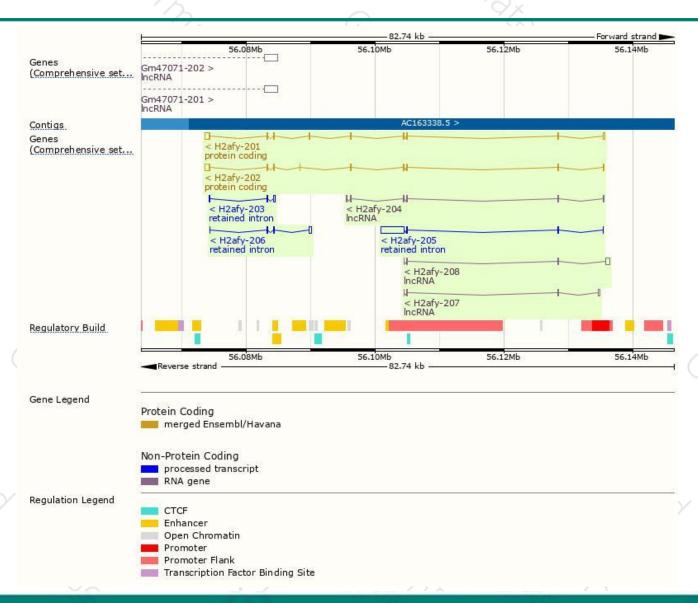
	70 / 7		\				N. I.		
Name 👙	Transcript ID .	bp 🌲	Protein	Translation ID 🗼	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt 4	Flags	
H2afy-201	ENSMUST00000016081.12	2046	<u>372aa</u>	ENSMUSP00000016081.6	Protein coding	CCDS26557₽	Q9QZQ8₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P3	
H2afy-202	ENSMUST00000045788.8	1933	<u>369aa</u>	ENSMUSP00000038221.7	Protein coding	CCDS49278₽	Q9QZQ8&	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1	
H2afy-205	ENSMUST00000141031.7	4018	No protein	-	Retained intron	) 2 <del>0</del> 2	-	TSL:1	
H2afy-203	ENSMUST00000137835.7	728	No protein	-	Retained intron	) 2 <del>0</del> 2	5-3	TSL:2	
H2afy-206	ENSMUST00000141589.1	600	No protein	-	Retained intron	) 2 <del>0</del> 2	100	TSL:2	
H2afy-208	ENSMUST00000154778.7	942	No protein	-	IncRNA	) 2 <del>0</del> 2	199	TSL:3	
H2afy-204	ENSMUST00000139511.7	889	No protein		IncRNA	) 2 <del>9</del> 2	199	TSL:1	
H2afy-207	ENSMUST00000154564.1	547	No protein	3-	IncRNA	32 <del>0</del> 3	1.0	TSL:3	

The strategy is based on the design of *Macroh2a1-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



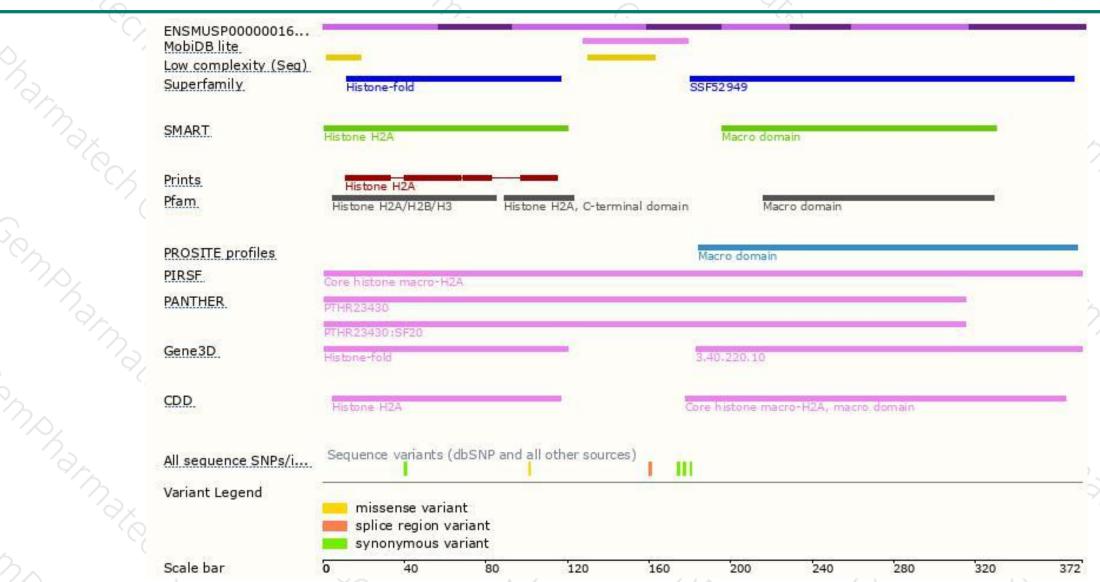
### Genomic location distribution





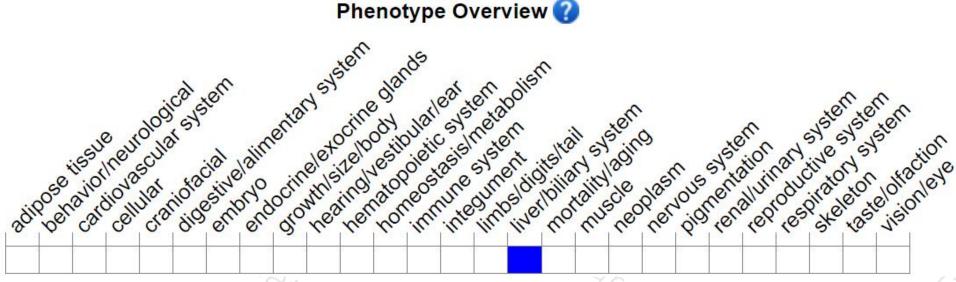
### Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for one knock-out allele are viable and fertile and display no gross phenotypic abnormalities. Mice homozygous for a different knock-out allele exhibit female-specific hepatic steatosis.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





