

# Nrl Cas9-CKO Strategy

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## **Project Overview**



Project Name Nrl

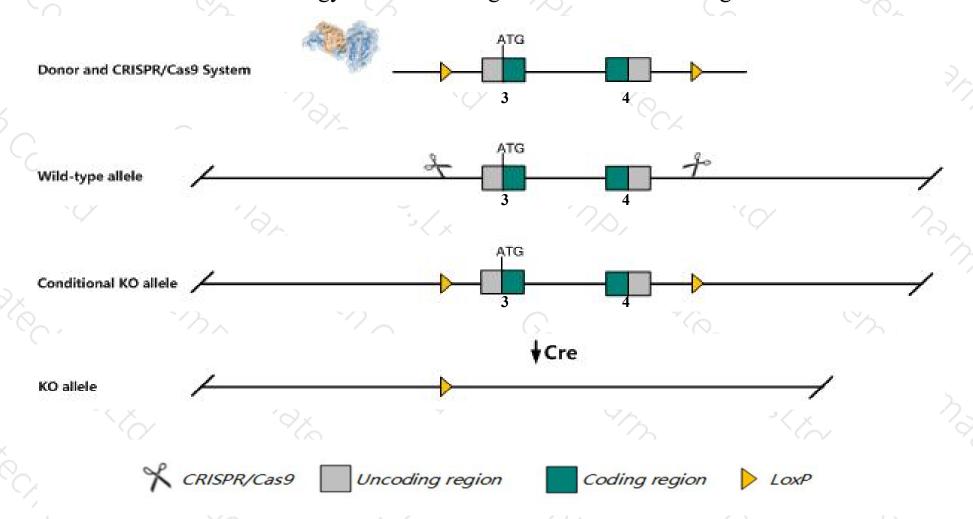
Project type Cas9-CKO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Nrl gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- The *Nrl* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Nrl* gene, exon3-exon4 of *Nrl-201* (ENSMUST00000062232.14) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Nrl* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- > According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes for a targeted null mutation exhibit a retinal defect causing loss of rod function, exaggerated cone function, short, sparse outer segments, and abnormal disks.
- The *Nrl* gene is located on the Chr14. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

## Gene information (NCBI)



#### Nrl neural retina leucine zipper gene [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 18185, updated on 30-Mar-2019

#### Summary

↑ ?

Official Symbol Nrl provided by MGI

Official Full Name neural retina leucine zipper gene provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:102567

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000040632

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as D14H14S46E

Summary This gene encodes a member of the basic leucine zipper domain family of transcription factors. The encoded protein is preferentially

expressed in the retina and is necessary for rod photoreceptor development. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

[provided by RefSeq, Dec 2012]

Expression Low expression observed in reference datasetSee more

Orthologs <u>human all</u>

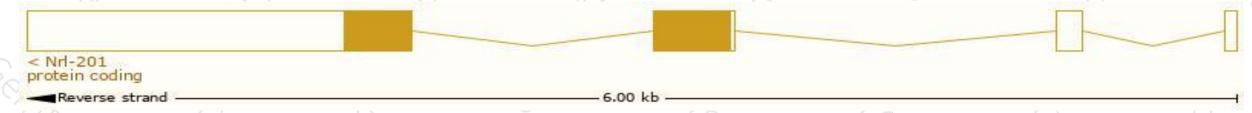
## Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 7 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

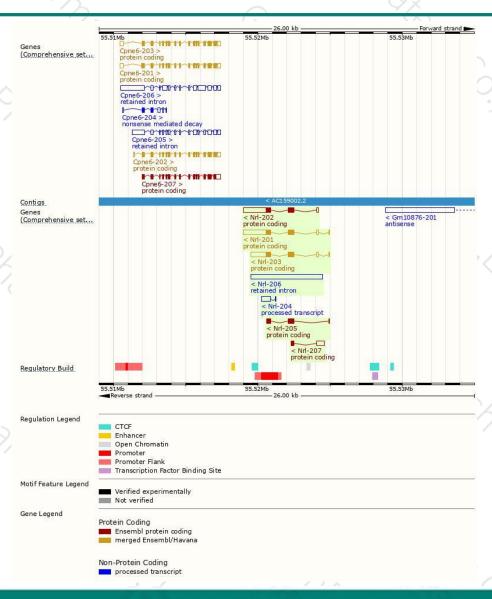
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
NrI-201	ENSMUST00000062232.14	2504	237aa	Protein coding	CCDS27113	P54846 Q543Y0	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
NrI-202	ENSMUST00000111404.7	2422	<u>237aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS27113	P54846 Q543Y0	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
NrI-203	ENSMUST00000178694.2	1928	237aa	Protein coding	CCDS27113	P54846 Q543Y0	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
NrI-205	ENSMUST00000228287.1	742	226aa	Protein coding	2	A0A2I3BPV3	CDS 3' incomplete
NrI-207	ENSMUST00000228902.1	733	62aa	Protein coding		A0A2I3BQU2	CDS 3' incomplete
NrI-204	ENSMUST00000226858.1	731	No protein	Processed transcript	5		
NrI-206	ENSMUST00000228351.1	4973	No protein	Retained intron	ÿ.	-	

The strategy is based on the design of Nrl-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



## Genomic location distribution





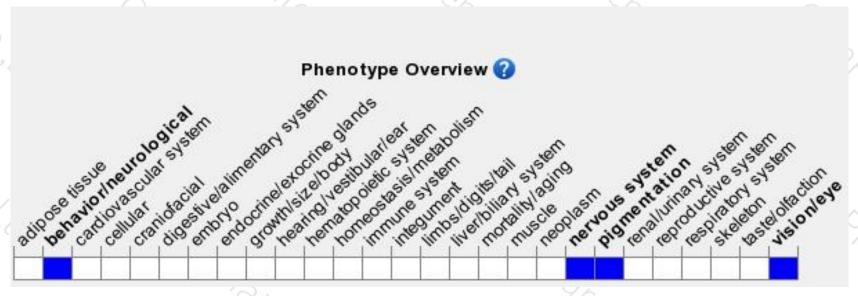
### Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygotes for a targeted null mutation exhibit a retinal defect causing loss of rod function, exaggerated cone function, short, sparse outer segments, and abnormal disks.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





