

Vdr Cas9-CKO Strategy

Designer: Daohua Xu

Design Date: 2019-8-5

Project Overview



Project Name Vdr

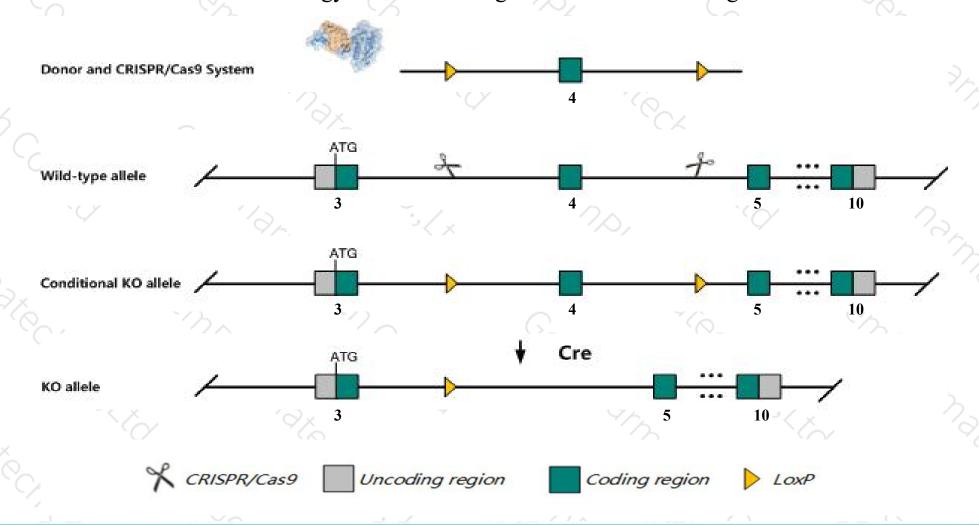
Project type Cas9-CKO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Vdr* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- The *Vdr* gene has 6 transcripts. According to the structure of *Vdr* gene, exon4 of *Vdr-201*(ENSMUST00000023119.14) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 131bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Vdr* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null mutants fail to thrive after weaning and may exhibit excess mortality. Postweaning mutant mice develop alopecia, hypocalcemia, infertility, and rickets. Mutant females exhibit uterine hypoplasia with impaired follicular development.
- > The *Vdr* gene is located on the Chr15. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Vdr vitamin D (1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D3) receptor [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 22337, updated on 19-Mar-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Vdr provided by MGI

Official Full Name vitamin D (1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D3) receptor provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:103076

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000022479

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Nr1i1

Expression Biased expression in duodenum adult (RPKM 78.3), colon adult (RPKM 58.5) and 3 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 6 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

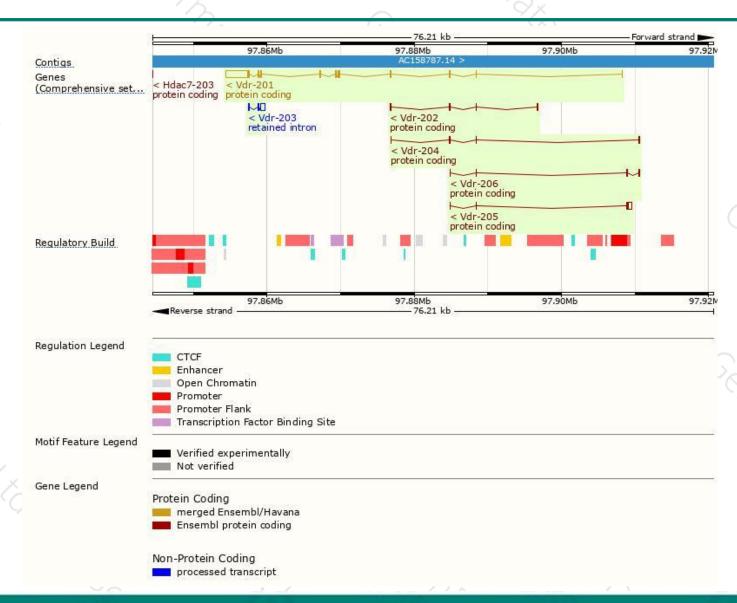
	E 2						The state of the s
Name 🌲	Transcript ID 🗼	bp 🌲	Protein 🍦	Biotype 🛊	CCDS 🍦	UniProt	Flags
Vdr-201	ENSMUST00000023119.14	4370	<u>422aa</u>	Protein coding	<u>CCDS27784</u> ₽	<u>P48281</u> ₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Vdr-205	ENSMUST00000173611.1	762	<u>17aa</u>	Protein coding	-	G3UWM9 ₽	CDS 3"incomplete TSL:5
Vdr-202	ENSMUST00000126568.7	389	<u>75aa</u>	Protein coding	-	<u>D3Z3H9</u> ₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3
Vdr-206	ENSMUST00000174633.7	376	<u>21aa</u>	Protein coding	7.5	G3UXG5 ₺	CDS 3" incomplete TSL:2
Vdr-204	ENSMUST00000173104.7	343	<u>51aa</u>	Protein coding	12	G3UZP9₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:2
Vdr-203	ENSMUST00000139656.1	813	No protein	Retained intron		=	TSL:2

The strategy is based on the design of *Vdr-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



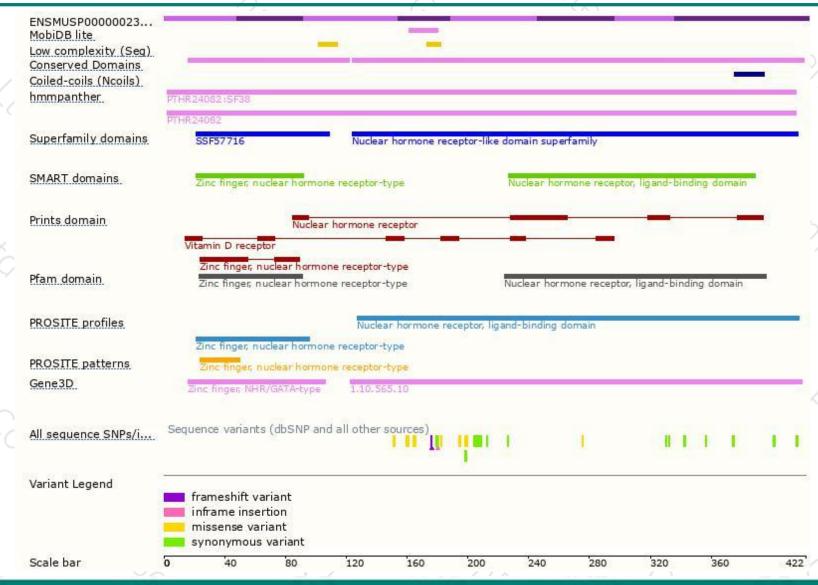
Genomic location distribution





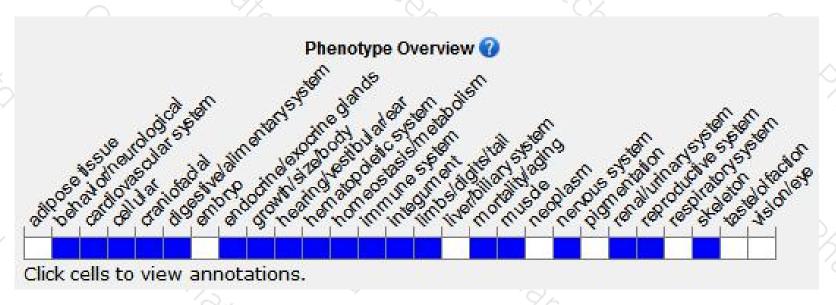
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null mutants fail to thrive after weaning and may exhibit excess mortality. Postweaning mutant mice develop alopecia, hypocalcemia, infertility, and rickets. Mutant females exhibit uterine hypoplasia with impaired follicular development.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





