

***Tial1* Cas9-CKO Strategy**

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Reviewer: Wenjing Li

Design Date: 2020-8-1

Project Overview

Project Name

Tiall

Project type

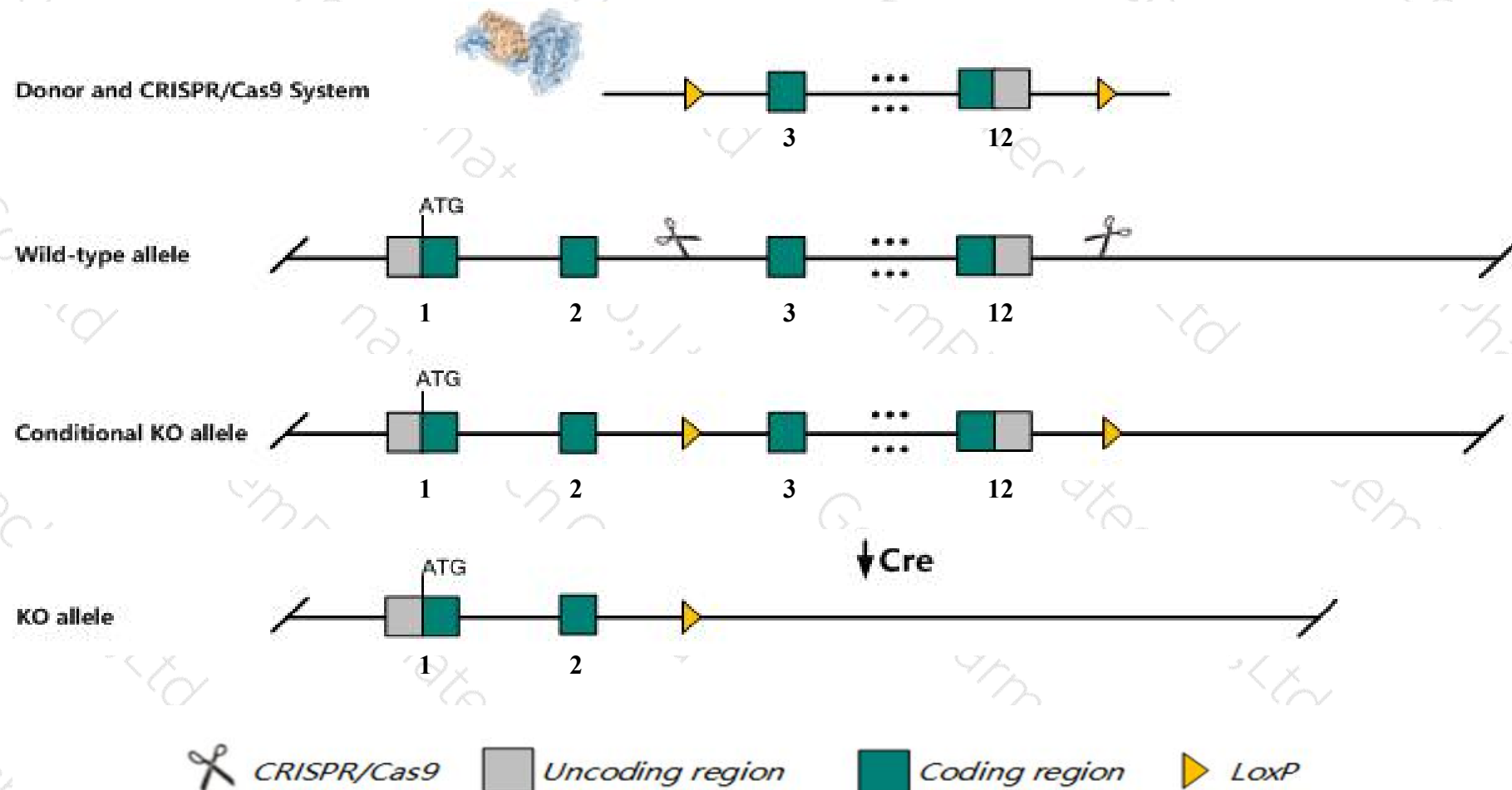
Cas9-CKO

Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Tiall* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes

- The *Tiall* gene has 14 transcripts. According to the structure of *Tiall* gene, exon3-exon12 of *Tiall*-202(ENSMUST00000106226.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains most of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Tiall* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor was constructed. Cas9, gRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, homozygous null mice exhibit partial embryonic lethality and reduced postnatal survival, reduced embryonic and postnatal body weight, and male and female sterility. Infertility is owed to a substantial decrease in the survival of primordial germ cells at the genital ridge.
- The *Tiall* gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)

Tia1 Tia1 cytotoxic granule-associated RNA binding protein-like 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 21843, updated on 20-Mar-2020

Summary

Official Symbol Tia1 provided by [MGI](#)

Official Full Name Tia1 cytotoxic granule-associated RNA binding protein-like 1 provided by [MGI](#)

Primary source [MGI:MGI:107913](#)

See related [Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000030846](#)

Gene type protein coding

RefSeq status VALIDATED

Organism [Mus musculus](#)

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 5330433G13Rik, AL033329, TIAR, mTIAR

Expression Ubiquitous expression in limb E14.5 (RPKM 23.5), CNS E14 (RPKM 22.2) and 28 other tissues [See more](#)

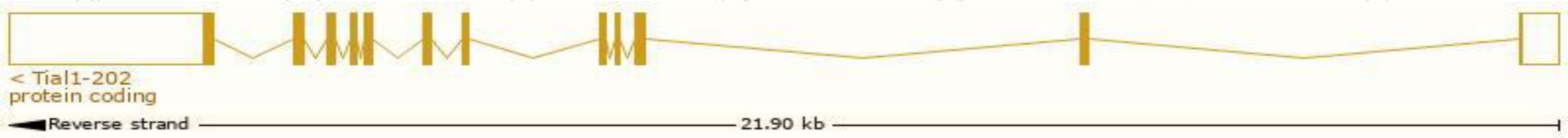
Orthologs [human](#) [all](#)

Transcript information (Ensembl)

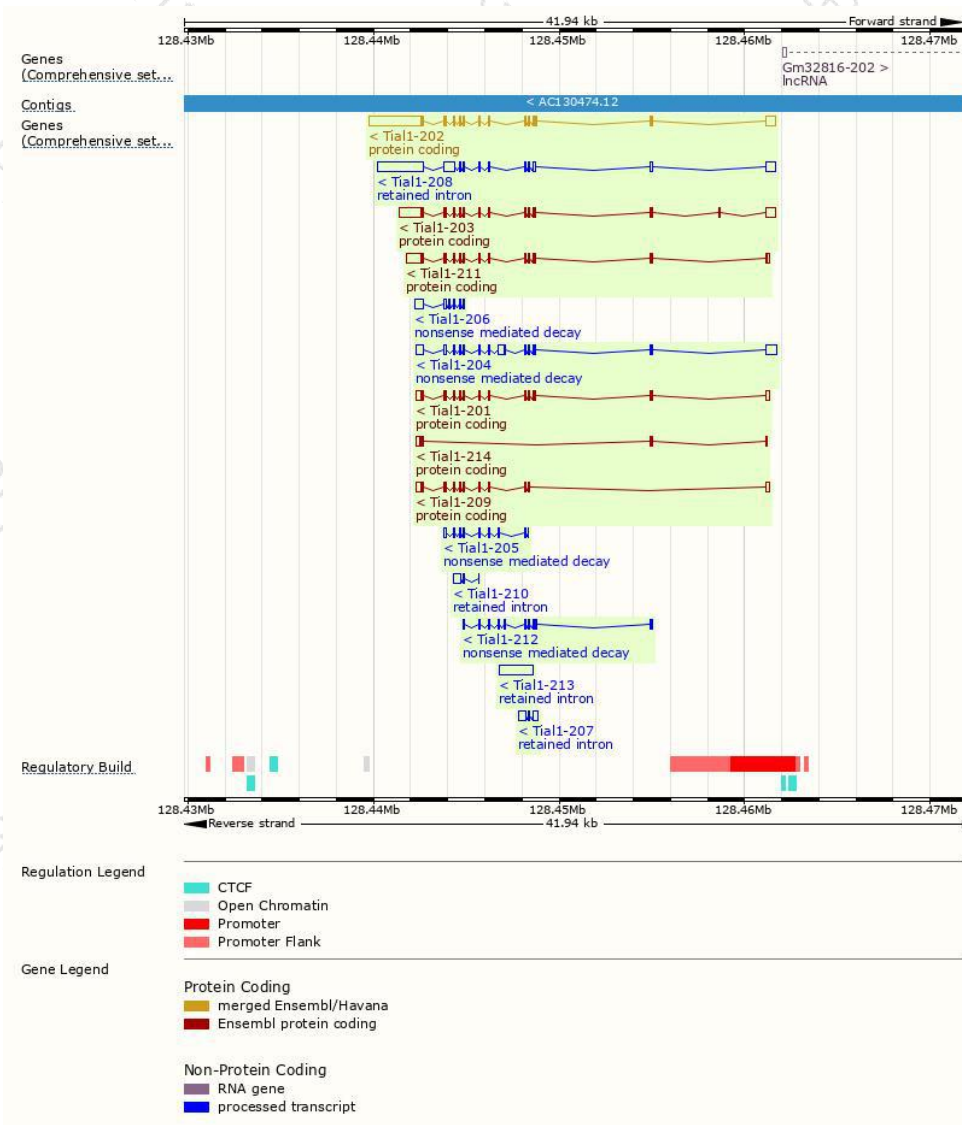
The gene has 14 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Tial1-202	ENSMUST00000106226.8	4451	392aa	Protein coding	CCDS21897	P70318 Q545C1	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P3
Tial1-203	ENSMUST00000106228.7	2835	336aa	Protein coding	CCDS85428	D3Z3Y4	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Tial1-211	ENSMUST00000165023.7	2003	375aa	Protein coding	CCDS85429	Q921W2	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT1
Tial1-201	ENSMUST00000033135.8	1580	375aa	Protein coding	CCDS85429	Q921W2	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS ALT1
Tial1-209	ENSMUST00000141126.7	1344	244aa	Protein coding	-	A0A0U1RPD3	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
Tial1-214	ENSMUST00000205835.1	562	107aa	Protein coding	-	A0A0U1RP00	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Tial1-204	ENSMUST00000123666.7	2319	135aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	D6RGU1	TSL:5
Tial1-206	ENSMUST00000133444.7	953	106aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	A0A0U1RPE1	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Tial1-212	ENSMUST00000205278.1	804	140aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	A0A0U1RPB0	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Tial1-205	ENSMUST00000133089.7	784	42aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	A0A0U1RPL4	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Tial1-208	ENSMUST00000141079.7	4266	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:5
Tial1-213	ENSMUST00000205774.1	1808	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA
Tial1-207	ENSMUST00000136782.1	674	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2
Tial1-210	ENSMUST00000152328.2	560	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:3

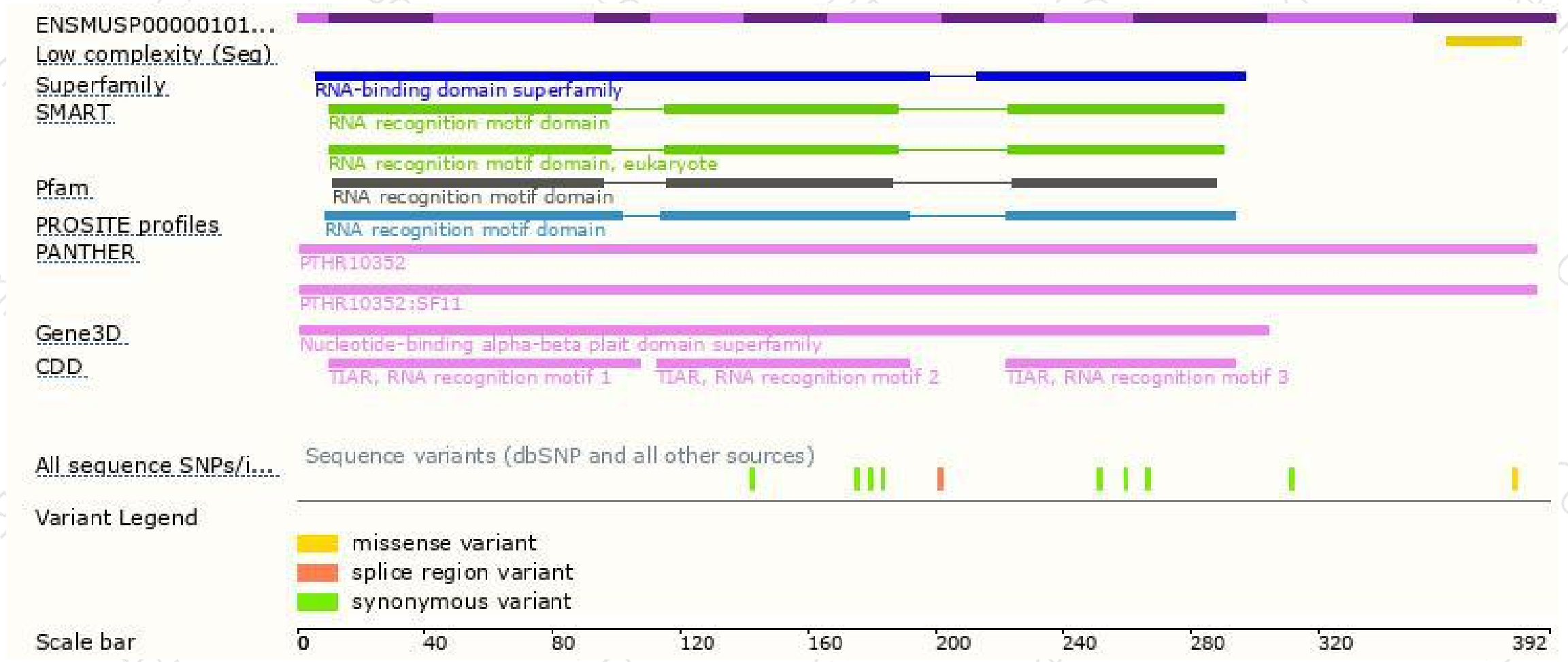
The strategy is based on the design of *Tial1-202* transcript,the transcription is shown below:



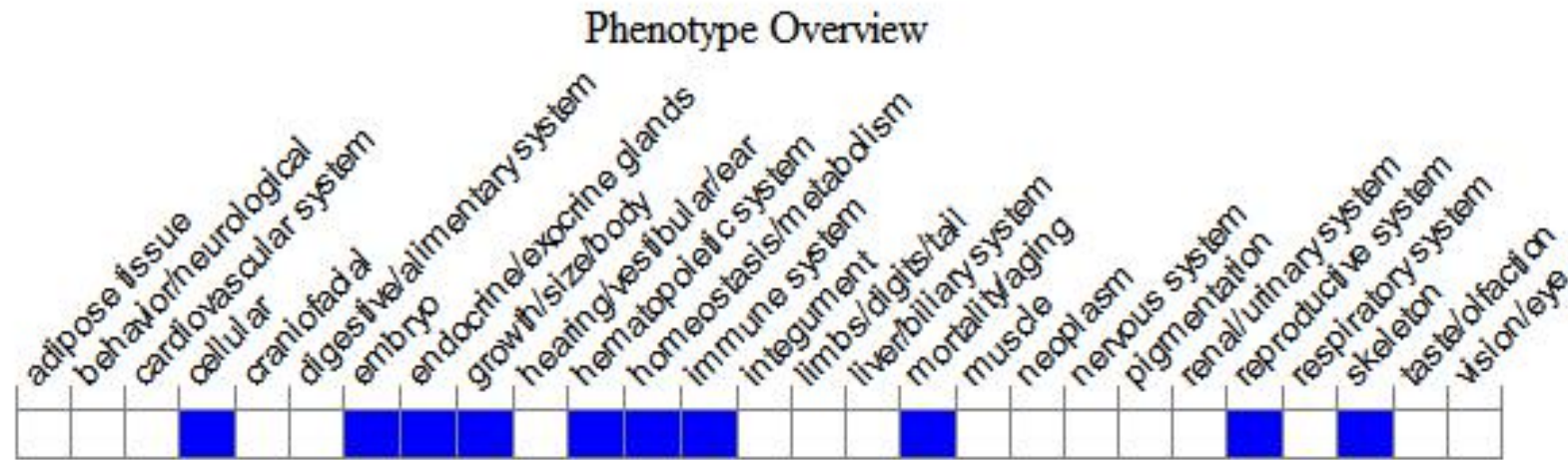
Genomic location distribution



Protein domain



Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygous null mice exhibit partial embryonic lethality and reduced postnatal survival, reduced embryonic and postnatal body weight, and male and female sterility. Infertility is owed to a substantial decrease in the survival of primordial germ cells at the genital ridge.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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