Slc26a2 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name

Slc26a2

Project type

Cas9-CKO

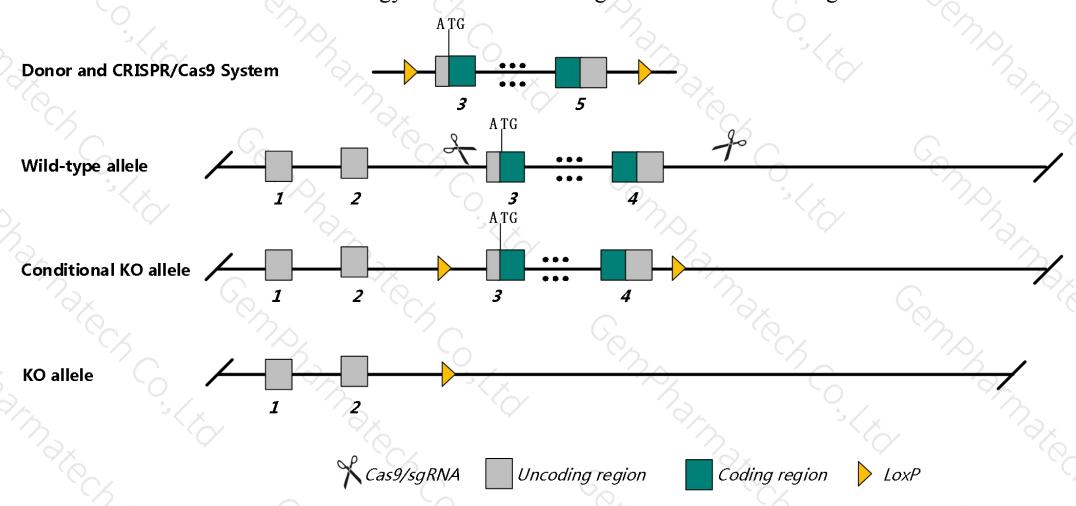
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Slc26a2* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Slc26a2* gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of *Slc26a2* gene, exon3-4 of *Slc26a2*-202 (ENSMUST00000146409.7) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Slc26a2* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor was constructed.Cas9, gRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- > The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues or cell types.

Notice



- According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-in allele exhibit premature death, stunted growth, joint contractures, and skeletal dysplasia including kyphosis, shorter osteoporotic long bones, aberrant chondrocyte size, delayed endochondral bone ossification, and impaired chondrocyte proliferation and sulfate uptake.
- ➤ The *Slc26a2* gene is located on the Chr18. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



SIc26a2 solute carrier family 26 (sulfate transporter), member 2 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 13521, updated on 2-Jul-2019

Summary

Official Symbol Slc26a2 provided by MGI

Official Full Name solute carrier family 26 (sulfate transporter), member 2 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:892977

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000034320

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Dtd: ST-OB

Expression Biased expression in colon adult (RPKM 28.9), large intestine adult (RPKM 11.3) and 13 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

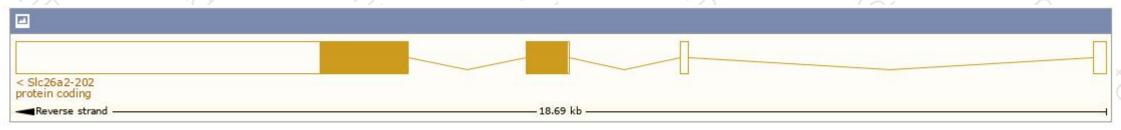
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 4 transcripts, and all transcripts are shown below:

Show/hide columns (1 hidden)							Filter
Name	Transcript ID	bp 🍦	Protein	Biotype	CCDS 🍦	UniProt 🍦	Flags
Slc26a2-202	ENSMUST00000146409.7	7814	<u>739aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS29282₽	Q62273₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Slc26a2-201	ENSMUST00000037603.7	2802	<u>504aa</u>	Protein coding	50	F8WI08₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Slc26a2-203	ENSMUST00000148829.1	1101	225aa	Protein coding	5	E9PZ06₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:1
Slc26a2-204	ENSMUST00000181997.1	4168	No protein	Retained intron		(74)	TSL:NA

The strategy is based on the design of Slc26a2-202 transcript, The transcription is shown below

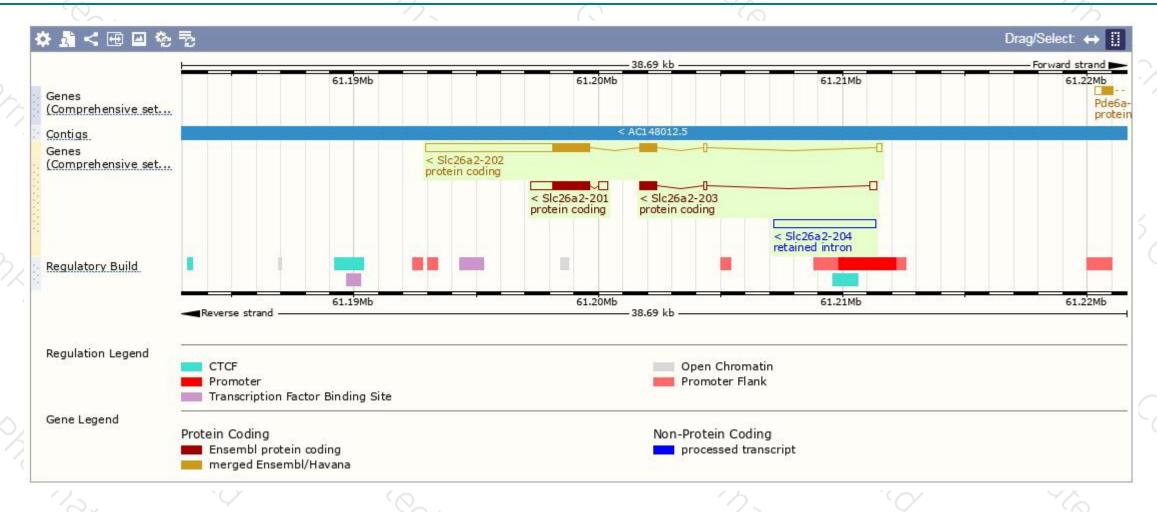


Statistics

Exons: 4, Coding exons: 2, Transcript length: 7,814 bps, Translation length: 739 residues

Genomic location distribution





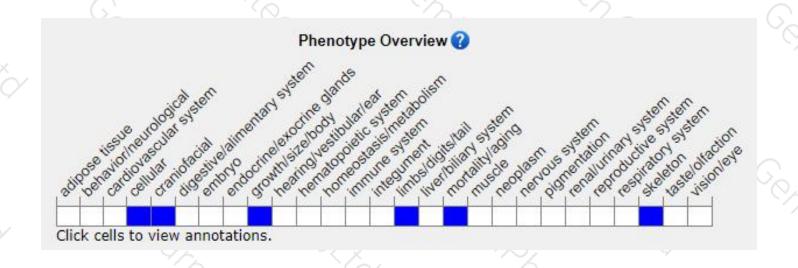
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/) .

Mice homozygous for a knock-in allele exhibit premature death, stunted growth, joint contractures, and skeletal dysplasia including kyphosis, shorter osteoporotic long bones, aberrant chondrocyte size, delayed endochondral bone ossification, and impaired chondrocyte proliferation and sulfate uptake.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





