

Bmp5 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Reviewer:

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Design Date:

2020-1-4

Project Overview



Project Name

Bmp5

Project type

Cas9-CKO

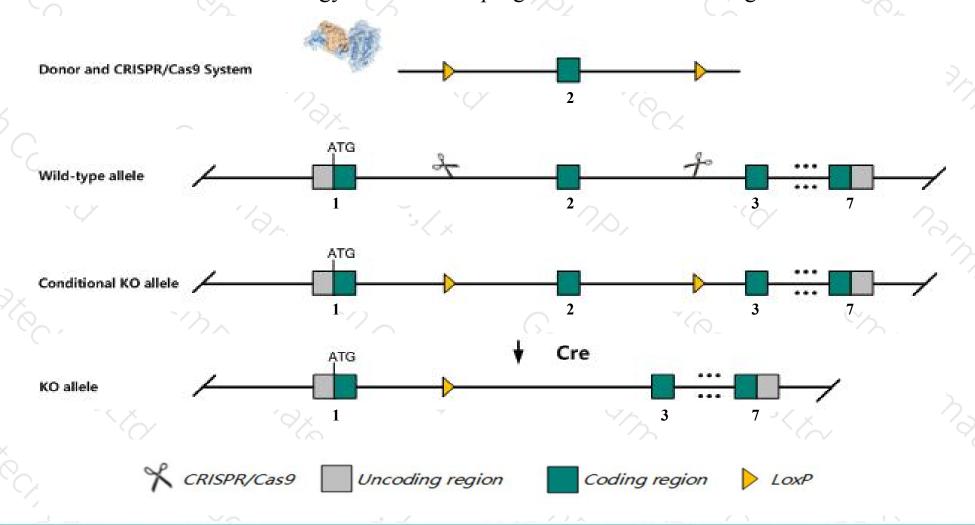
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Bmp5* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Bmp5* gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of *Bmp5* gene, exon2 of *Bmp5-201*(ENSMUST00000012281.7) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 193bp coding sequence.

 Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Bmp5* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous recessive mutants have shortened, slightly ruffled external ears due to a defective cartilage framework affecting the whole skeleton; a series of genomic deletions of the region cause embryonic lethality.
- > The *Bmp5* gene is located on the Chr9. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Bmp5 bone morphogenetic protein 5 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 12160, updated on 31-Jan-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Bmp5 provided by MGI

Official Full Name bone morphogenetic protein 5 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:88181

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000032179

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as AU023399, se

Summary This gene encodes a secreted ligand of the TGF-beta (transforming growth factor-beta) superfamily of proteins. Ligands of this family bind

various TGF-beta receptors leading to recruitment and activation of SMAD family transcription factors that regulate gene expression. The encoded preproprotein is proteolytically processed to generate each subunit of the disulfide-linked homodimer, which plays a role in bone and cartilage development. Mice with null mutations in this gene exhibit a short ear phenotype, which is characterized by reduced size of the

external ear, altered size and shape of the sternum, and other skeletal and soft-tissue abnormalities. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2016]

Expression Biased expression in bladder adult (RPKM 8.5), lung adult (RPKM 3.4) and 10 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 2 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

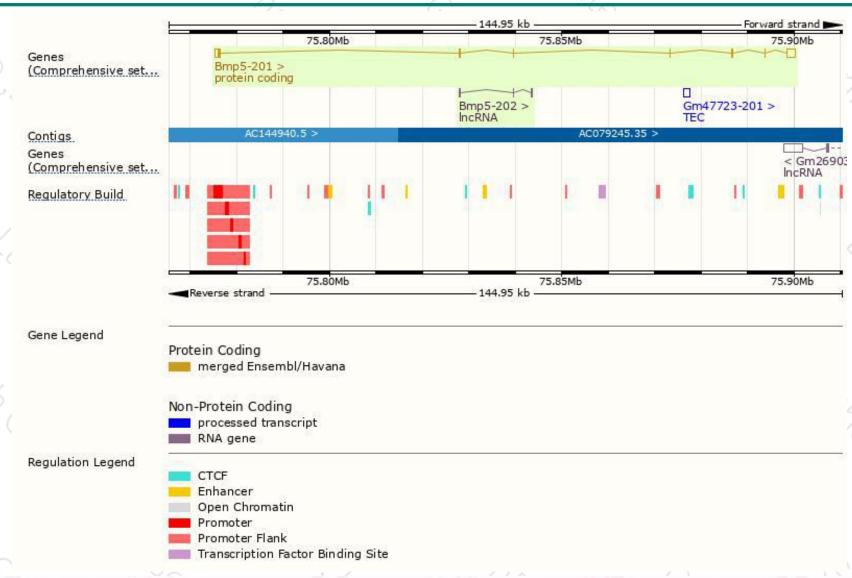
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Bmp5-201	ENSMUST00000012281.7	3822	454aa	Protein coding	CCDS23348	P49003	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Bmp5-202	ENSMUST00000137213.1	541	No protein	IncRNA	- 8	(8)	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of *Bmp5-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



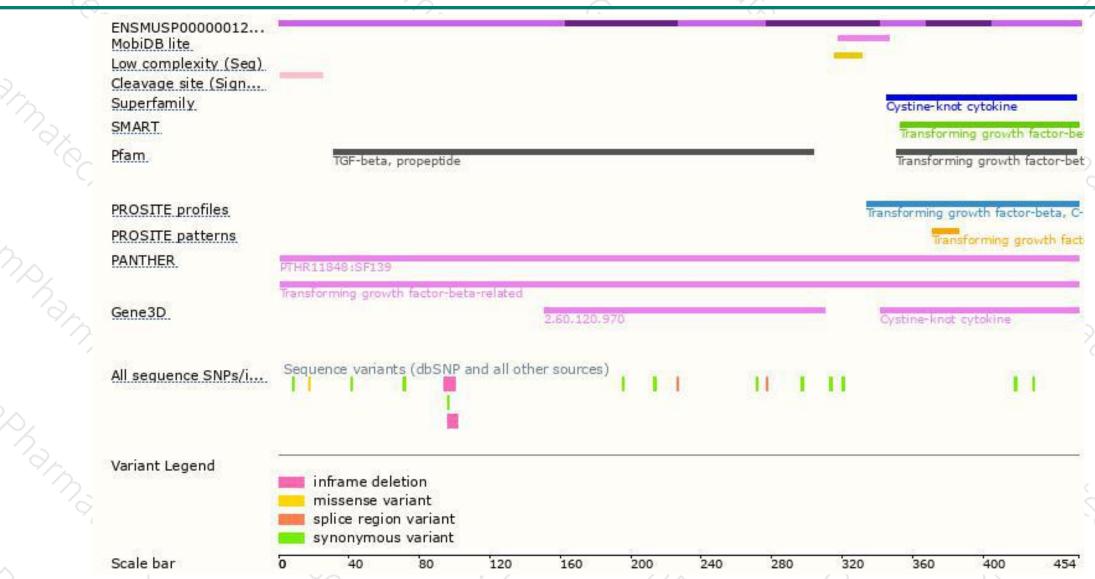
Genomic location distribution





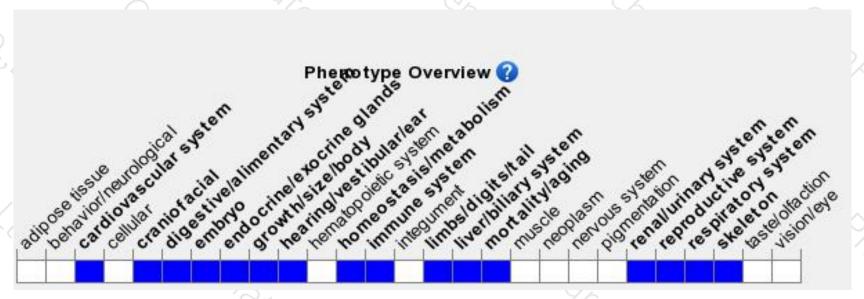
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous recessive mutants have shortened, slightly ruffled external ears due to a defective cartilage framework affecting the whole skeleton; a series of genomic deletions of the region cause embryonic lethality.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





