

# Slc2a1 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Huan Fan

**Design Date:** 2019-7-25

# **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Slc2a1

**Project type** 

Cas9-KO

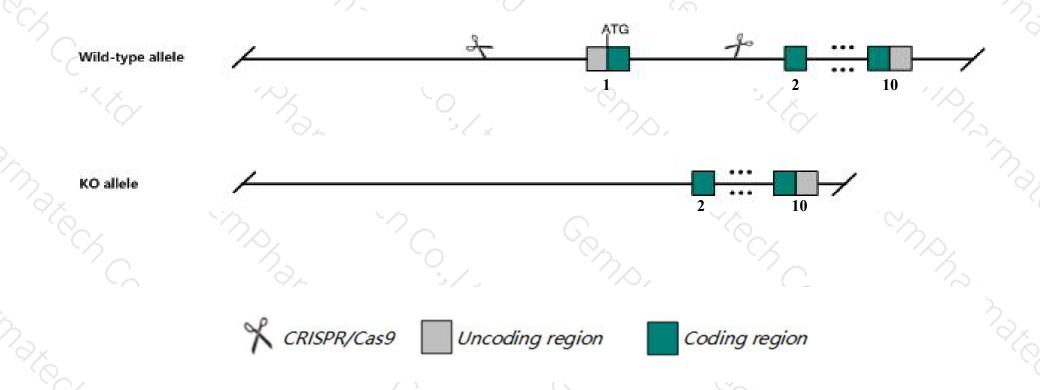
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

# **Knockout strategy**



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Slc2a1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### **Technical routes**



- ➤ The *Slc2a1* gene has 5 transcripts. According to the structure of *Slc2a1* gene, exon1 of *Slc2a1-201* (ENSMUST00000030398.9) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains start codon ATG. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify Slc2a1 gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null embryos are small, lack visibly detectable eyes, show a diminutive rostral embryonic pole and an overall developmental delay, and die at E10-E14. Heterozygotes show spontaneous seizures, impaired motor performance, hypoglycorrhachia, microencephaly, and reduced brain glucose uptake.
- The *Slc2a1* gene is located on the Chr4. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### SIc2a1 solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 20525, updated on 2-Apr-2019

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Slc2a1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name solute carrier family 2 (facilitated glucose transporter), member 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:95755

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000028645

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Glut-1, Glut1

Expression Broad expression in liver E14.5 (RPKM 161.1), placenta adult (RPKM 140.1) and 25 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 5 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

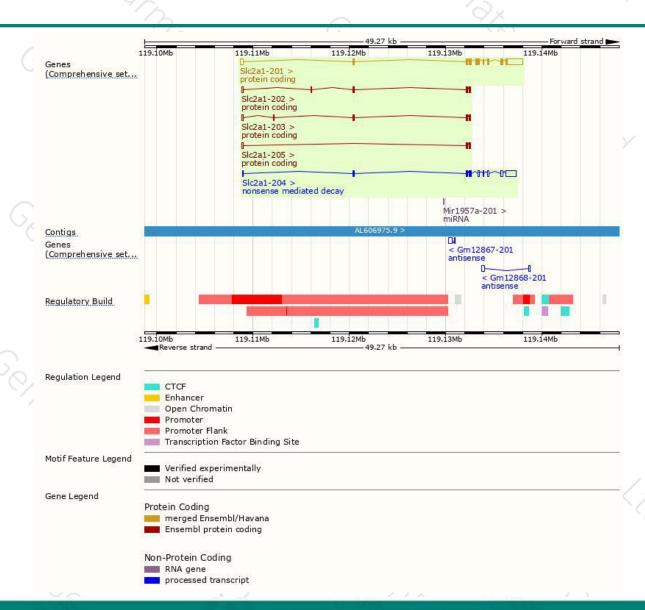
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
SIc2a1-201	ENSMUST00000030398.9	3260	492aa	Protein coding	CCDS18569	P17809	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
SIc2a1-202	ENSMUST00000134105.7	698	<u>140aa</u>	Protein coding	-8	A2A7P3	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:2
SIc2a1-203	ENSMUST00000144329.7	633	<u>123aa</u>	Protein coding	28	G3UYL0	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3
SIc2a1-205	ENSMUST00000208090.1	434	<u>116aa</u>	Protein coding	29	A0A140LIU2	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5
SIc2a1-204	ENSMUST00000174372.2	2241	<u>173aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	58	G3V010	TSL:5

The strategy is based on the design of Slc2a1-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below

Slc2a1-201 > protein coding

### Genomic location distribution





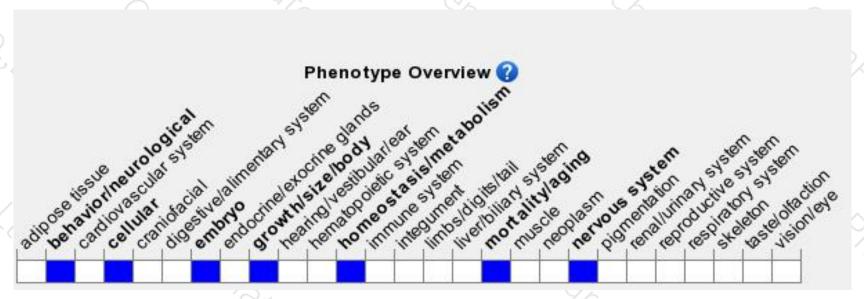
### Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null embryos are small, lack visibly detectable eyes, show a diminutive rostral embryonic pole and an overall developmental delay, and die at E10-E14. Heterozygotes show spontaneous seizures, impaired motor performance, hypoglycorrhachia, microencephaly, and reduced brain glucose uptake.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





