# Ptafr Cas9-KO Strategy

**Designer:** 

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**Design Date:** 

2019-7-25

# **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Ptafr

**Project type** 

Cas9-KO

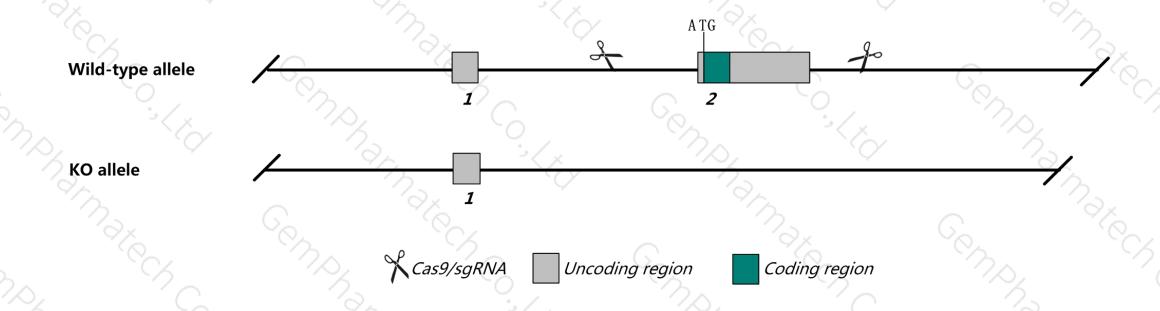
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

### **Knockout strategy**



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Ptafr* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### **Technical routes**



- ➤ The *Ptafr* gene has 1 transcript. According to the structure of *Ptafr* gene, exon2 of *Ptafr*-201 transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains most of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ptafr* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNA was transcribed in vitro.Cas9 and gRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating Positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

### **Notice**



- According to the existing MGI data, Inactivation of this locus affects the immune response. Homozygotes have a marked reduction in systemic anaphylactic symptoms but are otherwise healthy. Further studies showed delayed elimination of parasites, and resistance to pneumonococcal pneumonia infection.
- The *Ptafr* gene is located on the Chr4. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

# Gene information (NCBI)



#### Ptafr platelet-activating factor receptor [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 19204, updated on 9-Apr-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Ptafr provided by MGI

Official Full Name platelet-activating factor receptor provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:106066

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000056529

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae;

Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as PAFR

Summary This gene encodes a member of the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family of proteins. Binding of the encoded protein to its phospholipid ligand, platelet-activating

factor (PAF), may regulate the inflammatory response and the perception of pain. Homozygous knockout mice for this gene exhibit impaired anaphylactic

response, resistance to bacterial infection, and reduced pain-related behavior. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2015]

Expression Broad expression in mammary gland adult (RPKM 12.2), subcutaneous fat pad adult (RPKM 7.6) and 16 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

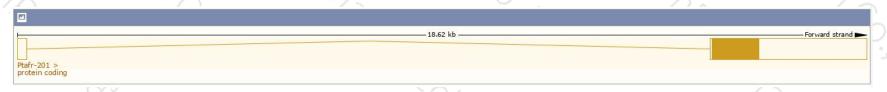
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 1 transcript, and the transcript is shown below:

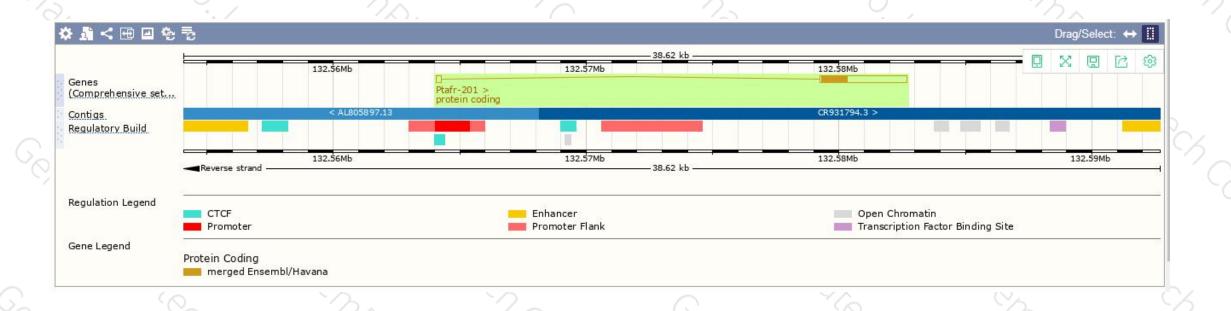


The strategy is based on the design of *Ptafr*-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



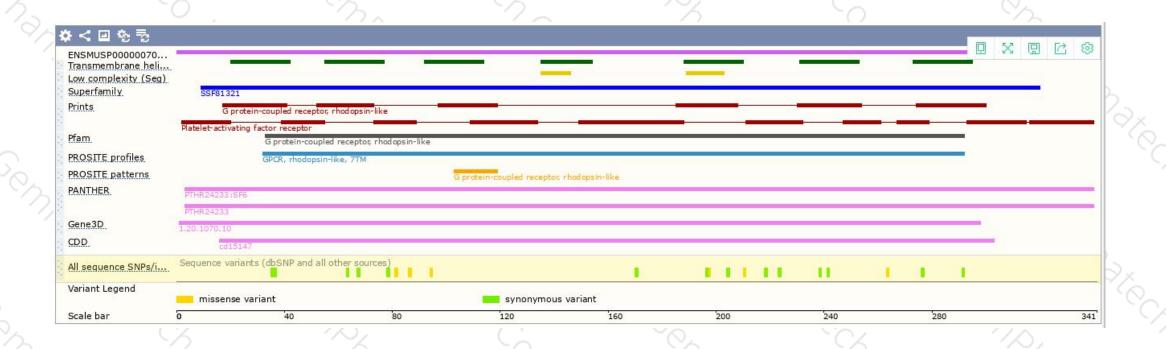
### Genomic location distribution





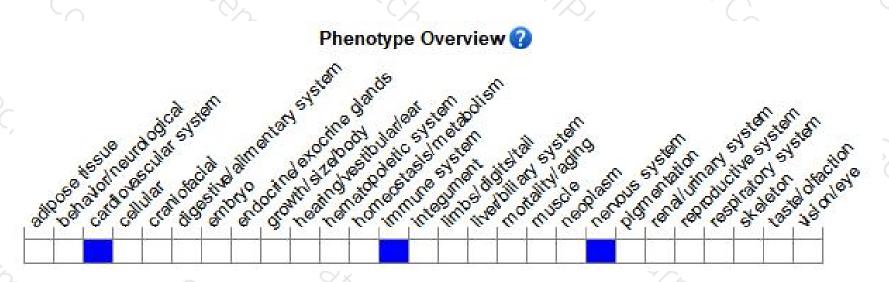
### Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mutations in this locus affect cell-cycle regulation and apoptos is. Null homozygotes show high, early-onset tumor incidence; some have persistent hyaloid vasculature and cataracts. Truncated or temperature-sensitive alleles cause early aging phenotypes.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





