

Olfr648 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Project Overview



Project Name

Olfr648

Project type

Cas9-CKO

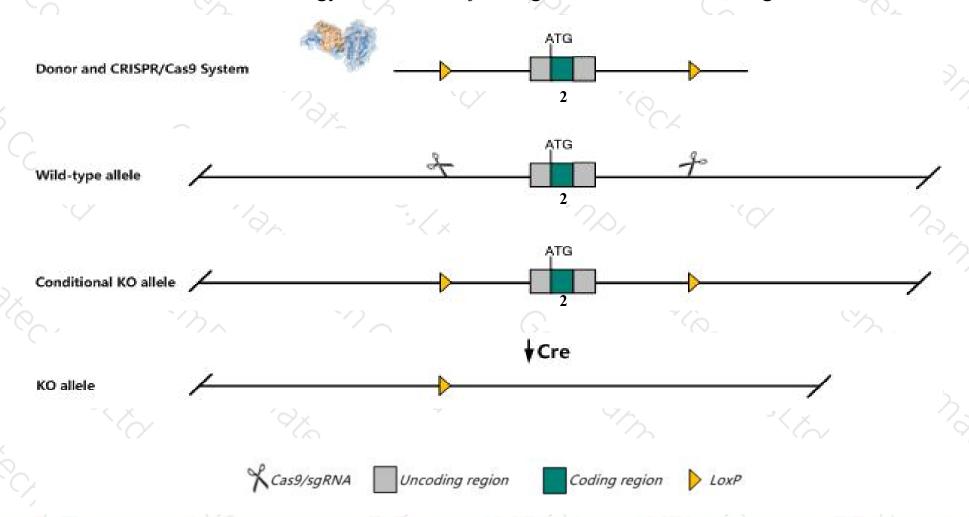
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Olfr648 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- The *Olfr648* gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of *Olfr648* gene, exon2 of *Olfr648-202* (ENSMUST00000216612.2) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Olfr648* gene. The brief process is as follows:sgRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor vector was constructed.Cas9, sgRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- > The flox mice was knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

Notice



- The floxed region is near to the N-terminal of *Olfr647* gene, this strategy may influence the regulatory function of the N-terminal of *Olfr647* gene.
- The *Olfr648* gene is located on the Chr7. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Olfr648 olfactory receptor 648 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 258746, updated on 19-Feb-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Olfr648 provided by MGI

Official Full Name olfactory receptor 648 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:3030482

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000042909

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status PROVISIONAL
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as MOR31-12

Summary Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The

olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes.

Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

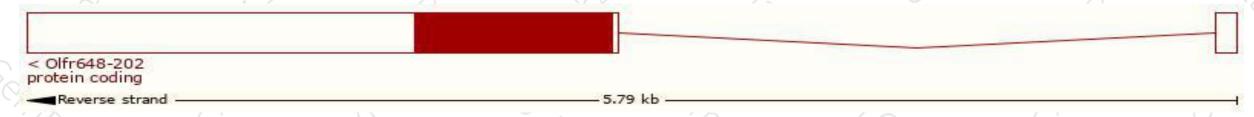
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 2 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

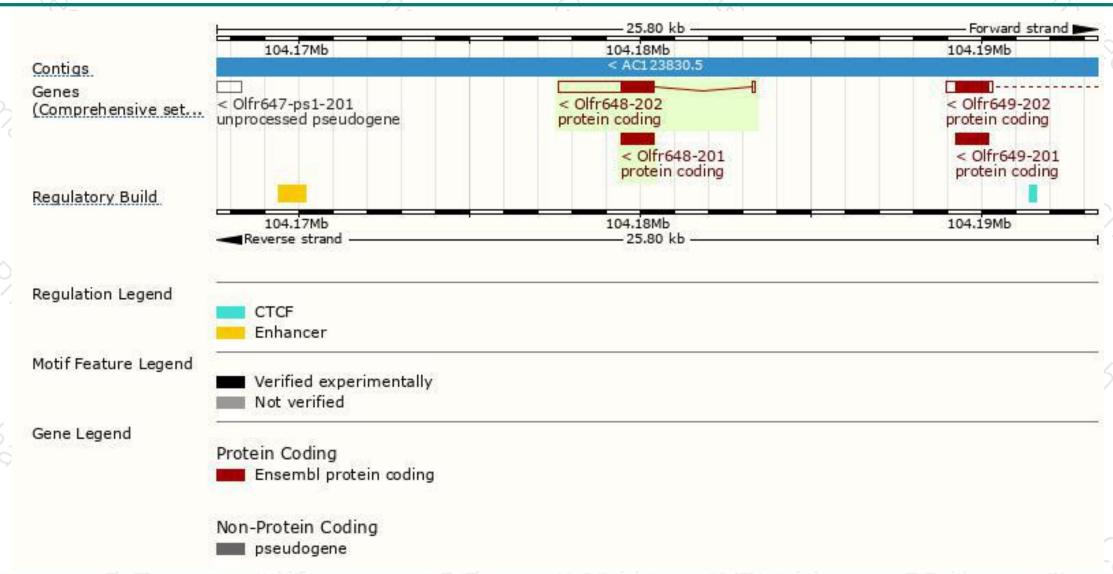
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Olfr648-202	ENSMUST00000216612.2	2929	316aa	Protein coding	CCDS21613	Q8VG19	TSL:2 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Olfr648-201	ENSMUST00000052659.1	951	316aa	Protein coding	CCDS21613	Q8VG19	TSL:NA GENCODE basic APPRIS P1

The strategy is based on the design of Olfr648-202 transcript, The transcription is shown below



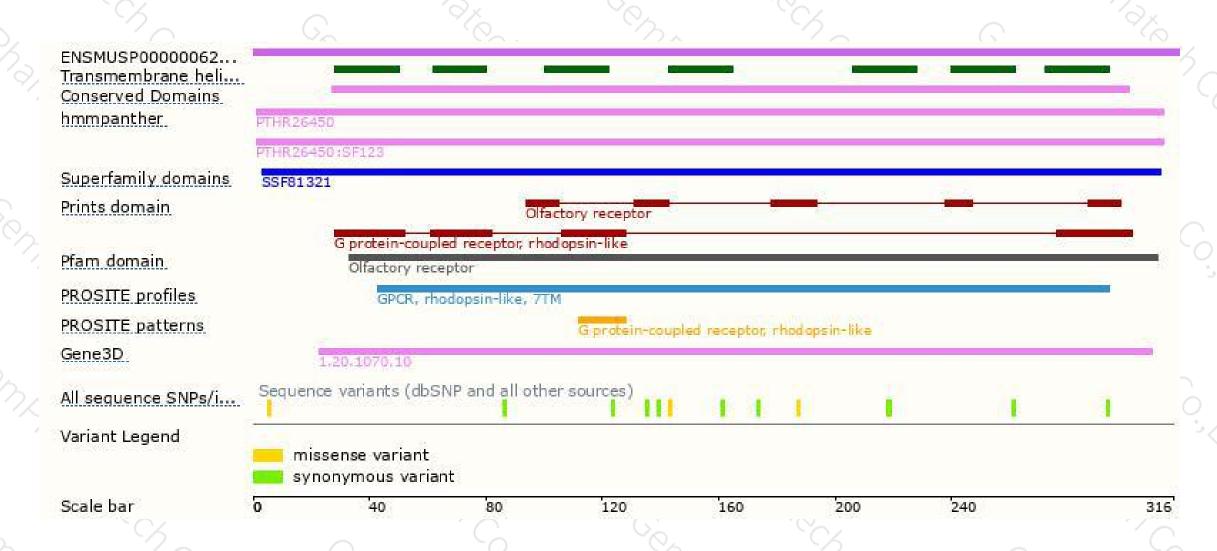
Genomic location distribution





Protein domain







If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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