

# Mrtfb Cas9-CKO Strategy

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**Reviewer:** 

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**Design Date:** 

2019-10-17

# **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Project type Cas9-CKO

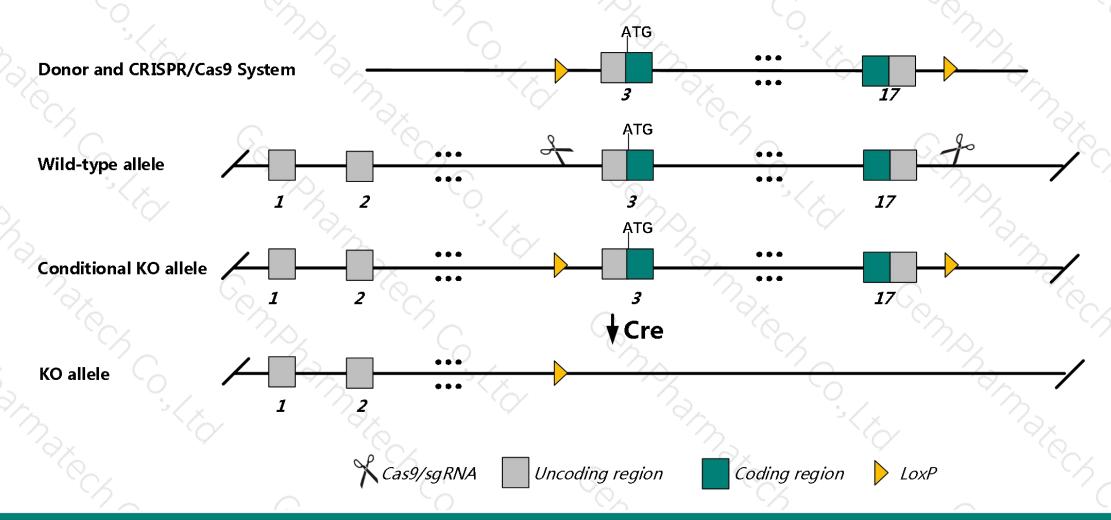
Strain background C57BL/6J

Mrtfb

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Mrtfb* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- The *Mrtfb* gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of *Mrtfb* gene, exon3-exon17 of *Mrtfb-201* (ENSMUST0000009713.13) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains all coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Mrtfb* gene. The brief process is as follows:sgRNA was transcribed in vitro, donor vector was constructed.Cas9, sgRNA and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6J mice.Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6J mice.
- The flox mice was knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for knock-out alleles exhibit prenatal lethality with widespread hemorrhaging, cardiovascular defects, and craniofacial anomalies. Mice homozygous for a gene trap allele exhibit fetal lethality due to cardiac outflow tractdefects.
- >The flox region overlaps with lncRNA Gm15738 and this strategy will destroy the gene.
- > The *Mrtfb* gene is located on the Chr16. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- ➤ This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### Mrtfb myocardin related transcription factor B [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 239719, updated on 8-Oct-2019

Summary

△ ?

Official Symbol Mrtfb provided by MGI

Official Full Name myocardin related transcription factor B provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:3050795

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000009569

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Mkl2; Gt4-1; MRTF-B; mKIAA1243

Expression Ubiquitous expression in frontal lobe adult (RPKM 9.3), cortex adult (RPKM 9.3) and 28 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

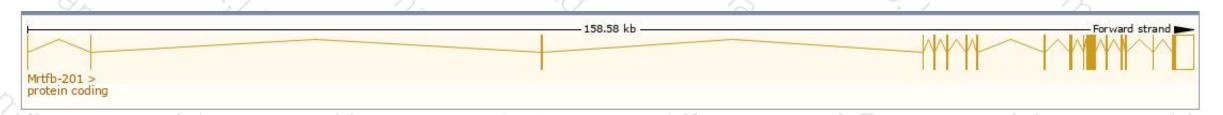
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 4 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

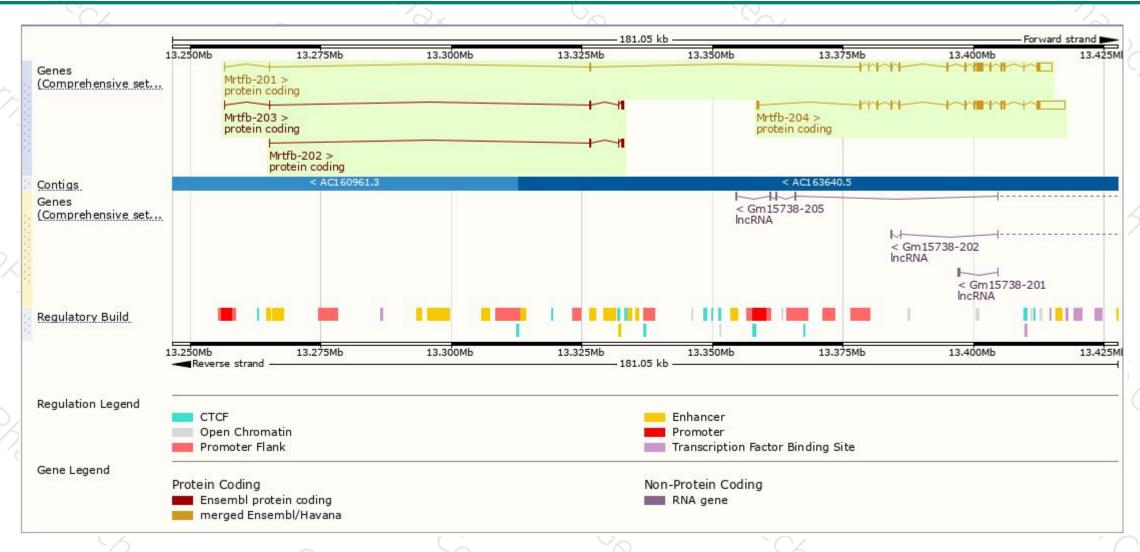
Name 🍦	Transcript ID 👙	bp 🍦	Protein 🍦	Biotype	CCDS 🍦	UniProt 🌲	Flags
Mrtfb-204	ENSMUST00000149359.1	8295	1080aa	Protein coding	CCDS37258 ₽	Q5DTZ3₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS
Mrtfb-201	ENSMUST00000009713.13	5815	<u>1091aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS49768 ₽	G3X8R8₽	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS A
Mrtfb-203	ENSMUST00000115809.7	667	<u>102aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS37257 ₽	Q8R2L3₽	TSL:2 GENCODE basic
Mrtfb-202	ENSMUST00000056715.6	618	102aa	Protein coding	CCDS37257 ₽	Q8R2L3₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic

The strategy is based on the design of *Mrtfb-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



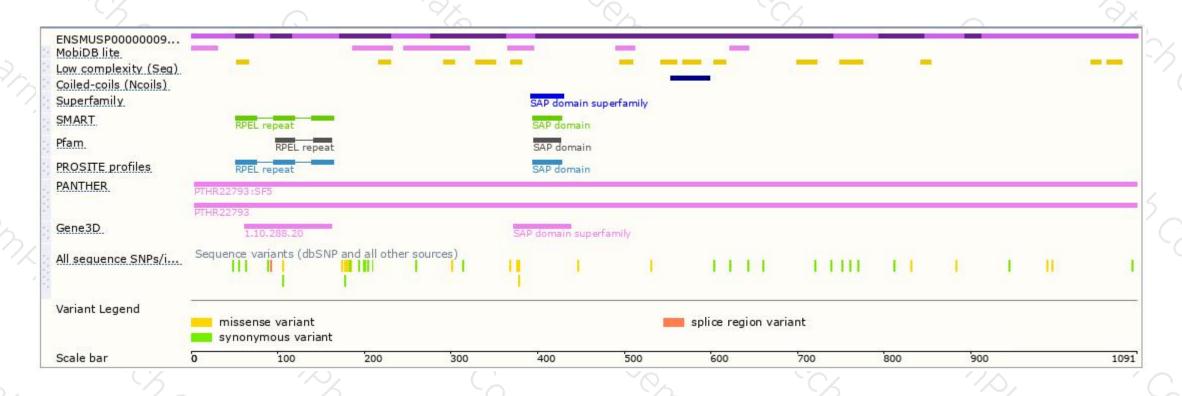
### Genomic location distribution





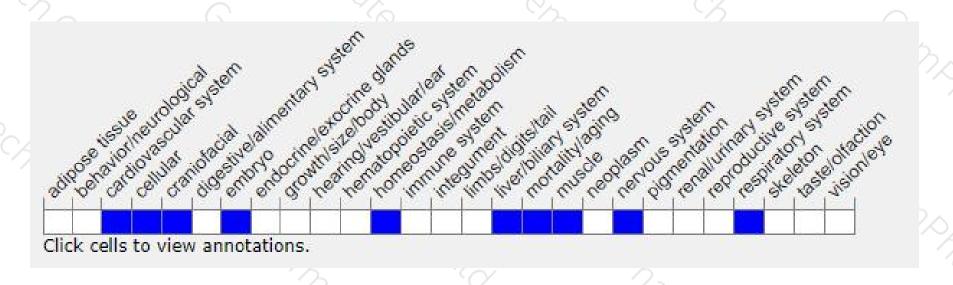
### Protein domain





# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for knock-out alleles exhibit prenatal lethality with widespread hemorrhaging, cardiovascular defects, and craniofacial anomalies. Mice homozygous for a gene trap allele exhibit fetal lethality due to cardiac outflow tractdefects.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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