

Cc2d2a Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Xiaojing Li

Reviewer: JiaYu

Design Date: 2020-8-20

Project Overview

Project Name

Cc2d2a

Project type

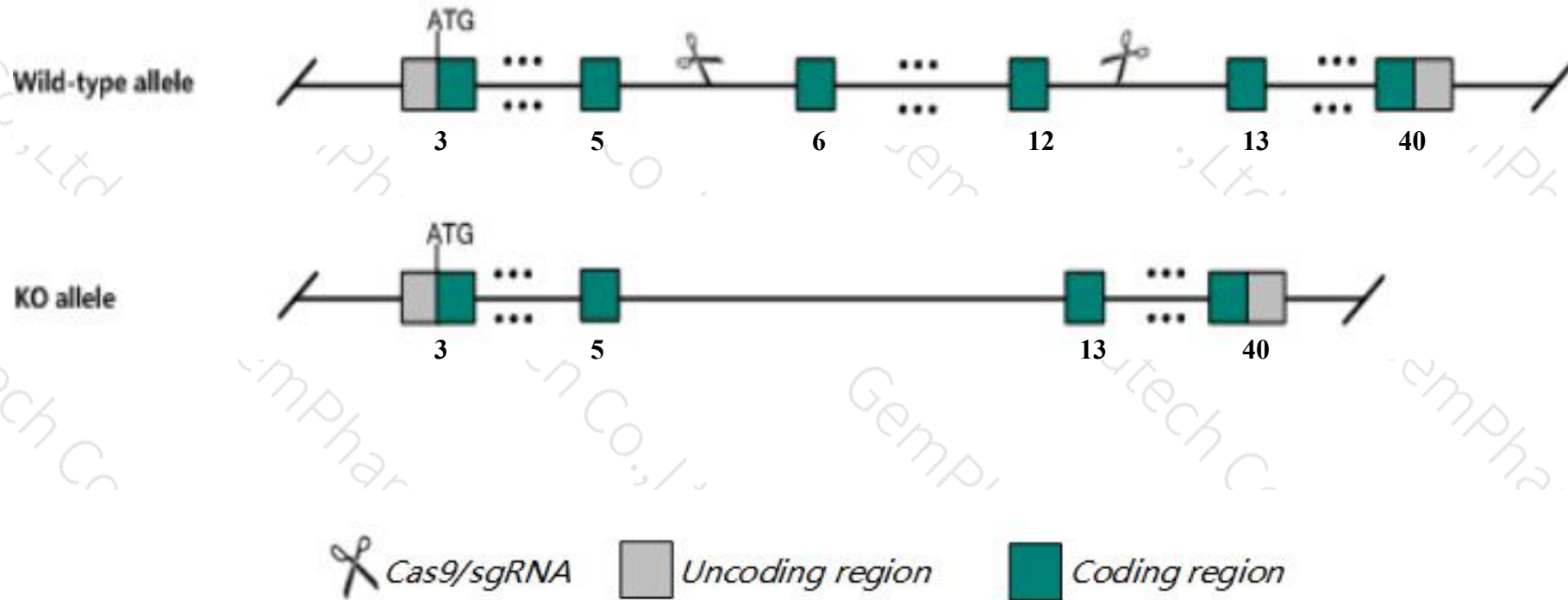
Cas9-KO

Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Cc2d2a* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Cc2d2a* gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of *Cc2d2a* gene, exon6-exon12 of *Cc2d2a*-201(ENSMUST00000048150.14) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 902bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Cc2d2a* gene. The brief process is as follows: sgRNA was transcribed in vitro. Cas9 and sgRNA were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.

- According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a null allele exhibit embryonic lethality with multiorgan defects related to cilia biogenesis. Homozygotes for a gene trap allele show randomized body axis, holoprosencephaly, and microphthalmia. Homozygotes for an ENU-induced allele show heterotaxia, congenital heart anomalies, kidney and eye defects, polydactyly, and cleft palate.
- The *Cc2d2a* gene is located on the Chr5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)

Cc2d2a coiled-coil and C2 domain containing 2A [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 231214, updated on 13-Mar-2020

Summary



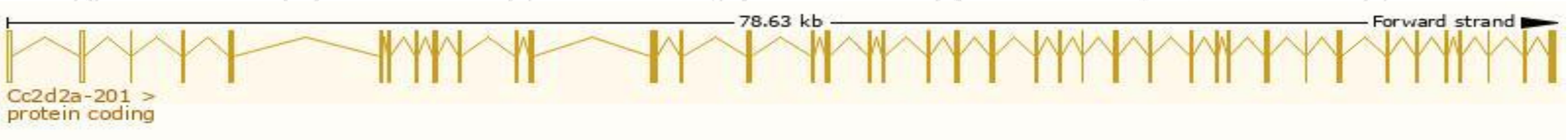
| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Official Symbol | Cc2d2a provided by MGI |
| Official Full Name | coiled-coil and C2 domain containing 2A provided by MGI |
| Primary source | MGI:MGI:1924487 |
| See related | Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000039765 |
| Gene type | protein coding |
| RefSeq status | VALIDATED |
| Organism | Mus musculus |
| Lineage | Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus |
| Also known as | 5730509K17Rik, b2b1035Clo |
| Expression | Ubiquitous expression in bladder adult (RPKM 4.8), cerebellum adult (RPKM 3.2) and 22 other tissues See more |
| Orthologs | human all |

Transcript information (Ensembl)

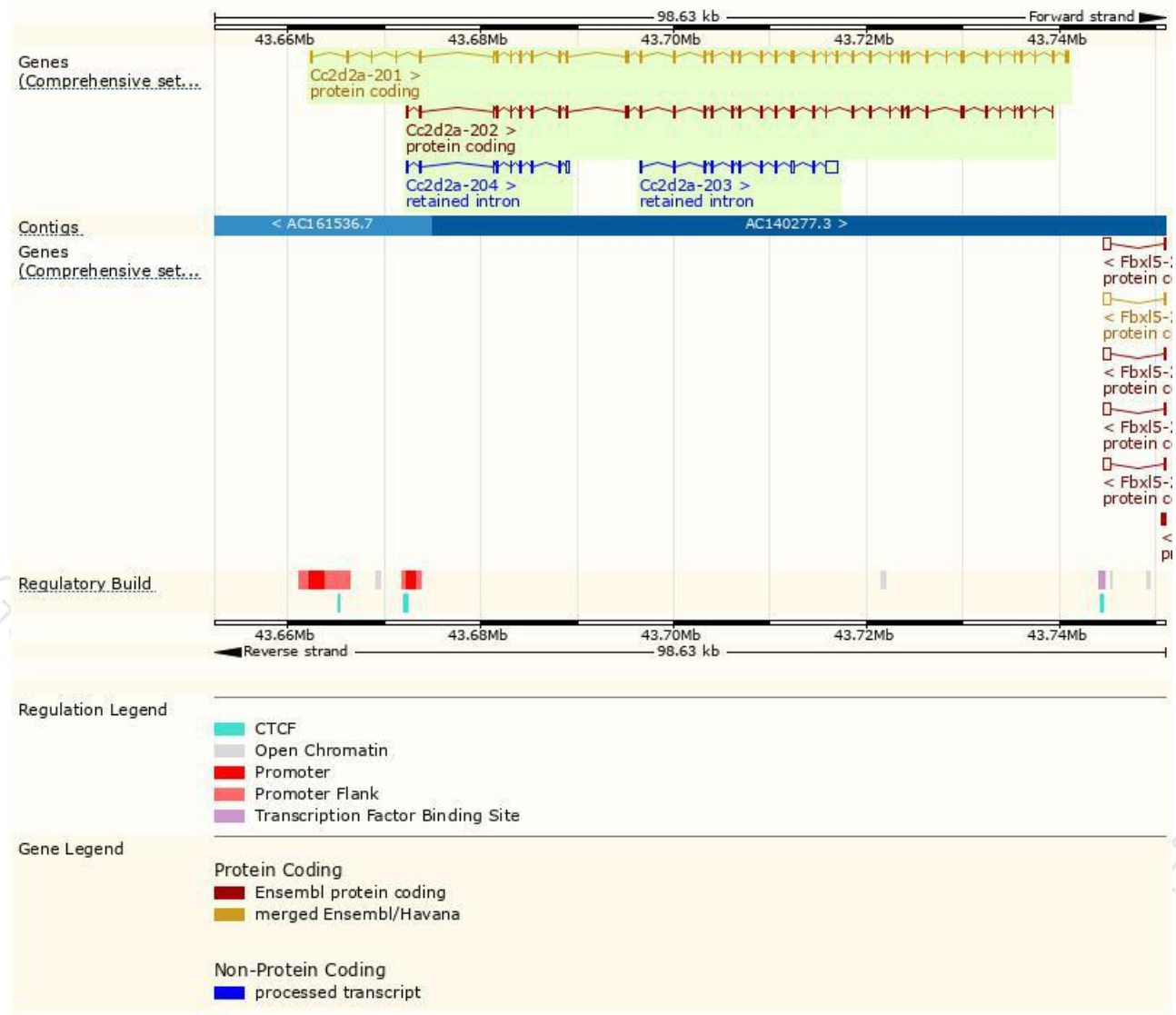
The gene has 4 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

| Name | Transcript ID | bp | Protein | Biotype | CCDS | UniProt | Flags |
|------------|---------------------------------------|------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Cc2d2a-201 | ENSMUST00000048150.14 | 5484 | 1633aa | Protein coding | CCDS39080 | Q8CFW7 | TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1 |
| Cc2d2a-202 | ENSMUST00000125866.3 | 4512 | 1457aa | Protein coding | - | F6YZ61 | CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5 |
| Cc2d2a-203 | ENSMUST00000127355.1 | 2774 | No protein | Retained intron | - | - | TSL:1 |
| Cc2d2a-204 | ENSMUST00000142303.4 | 1194 | No protein | Retained intron | - | - | TSL:1 |

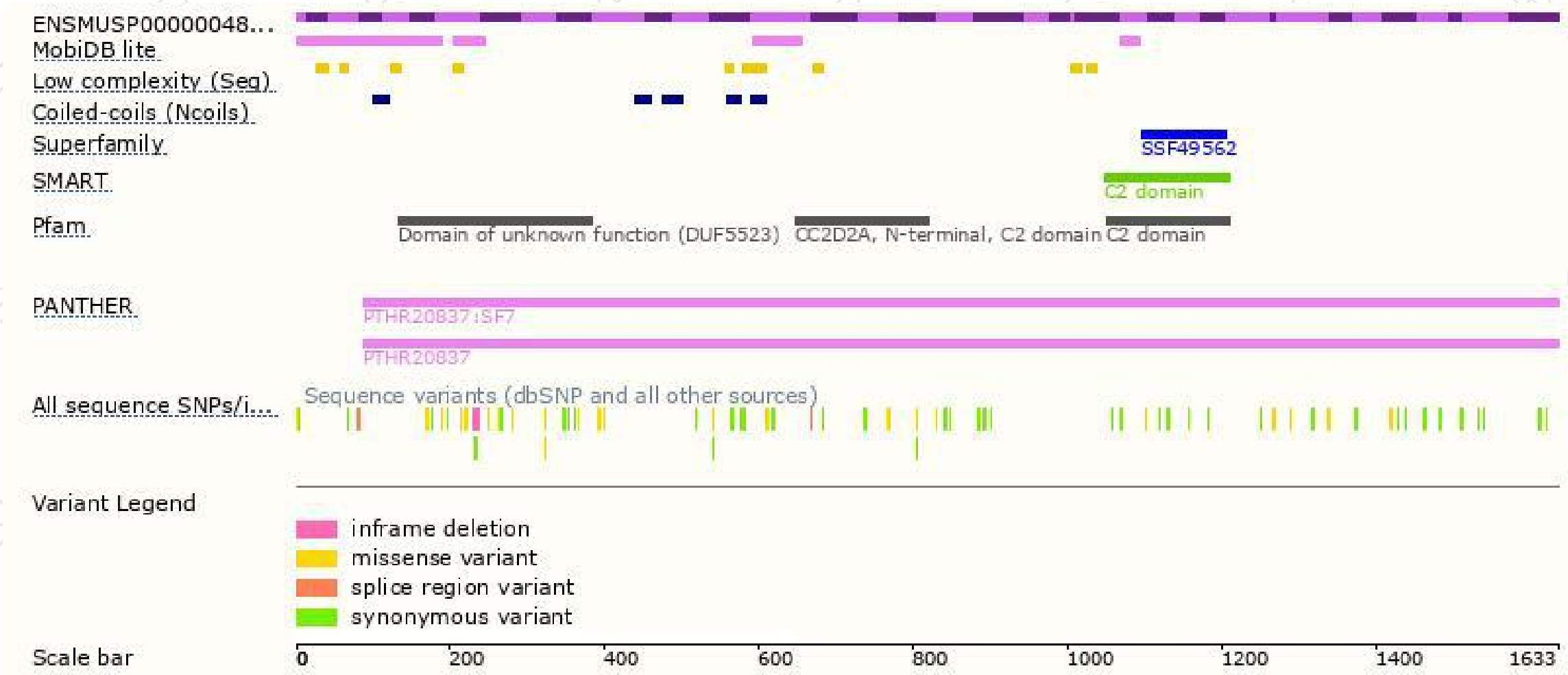
The strategy is based on the design of *Cc2d2a-201* transcript,the transcription is shown below:



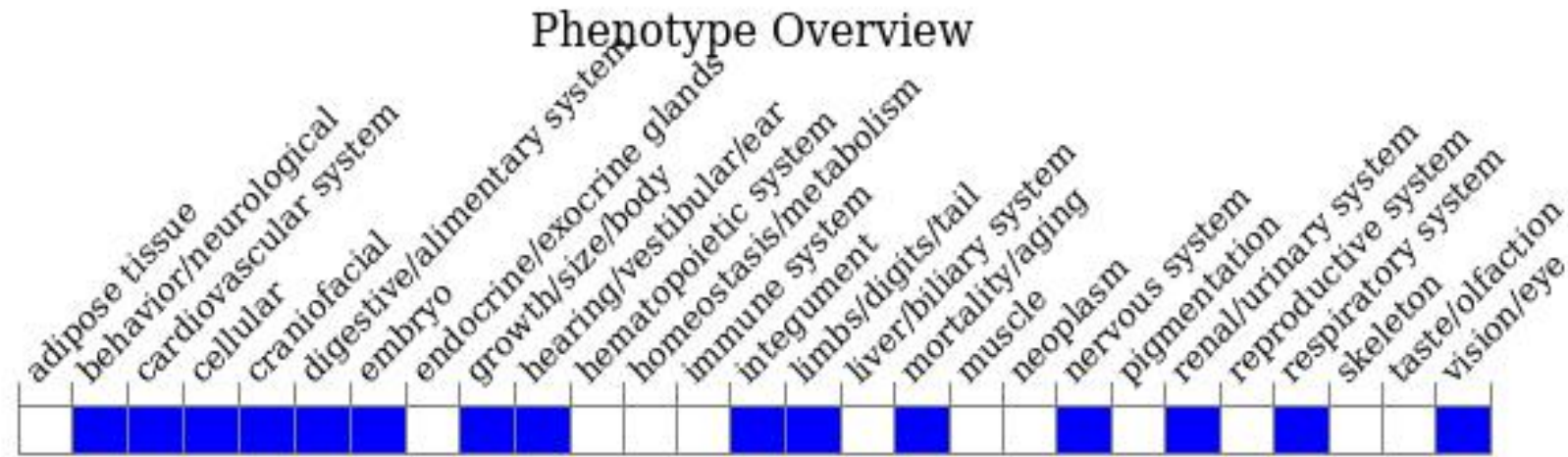
Genomic location distribution



Protein domain



Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).

According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a null allele exhibit embryonic lethality with multiorgan defects related to cilia biogenesis. Homozygotes for a gene trap allele show randomized body axis, holoprosencephaly, and microphthalmia. Homozygotes for an ENU-induced allele show heterotaxia, congenital heart anomalies, kidney and eye defects, polydactyly, and cleft palate.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

Tel: 025-5864 1534

