

Slamf6 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Design Date: 2024-2-28

Overview

Target Gene Name

• Slamf6

Project Type

• Cas9-CKO

Genetic Background

• C57BL/6JGpt



Strain Strategy



Schematic representation of CRISPR-Cas9 engineering used to edit the *Slamf6* gene.

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Technical Information

- The *Slamf6* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Slamf6* gene, exon 2-3 of *Slamf6*-201 (ENSMUST00000171330.7) is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 606 bp of coding sequence. Knocking out the region will delete the most coding region of *Slamf6* and may result in disruption of gene function.
- In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Slamf6* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR-Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing. A stable F1-generation mouse strain was obtained by mating positive F0-generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice and confirmation of the desired mutant allele was carried out by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

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Gene Information

Slamf6 SLAM family member 6 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 30925, updated on 8-Feb-2024

Summary

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Official Symbol	Slamf6 provided by MGI								
Official Full Name	SLAM family member 6 provided by MGI								
Primary source	MGI:MGI:1353620								
See related	Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000015314 AllianceGenome:MGI:1353620								
Gene type	protein coding								
RefSeq status	VALIDATED								
Organism	Mus musculus								
Lineage	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;								
	Muroidea; Muridae; Mus; Mus								
Also known as	KAL1; NTBA; KAL1b; Ly108; NTB-A; SF2000								
Summary	Involved in natural killer cell differentiation and natural killer cell proliferation. Predicted to be located in plasma membrane. Predicted to								
	be integral component of plasma membrane. Predicted to be active in external side of plasma membrane. Orthologous to human								
	SLAMF6 (SLAM family member 6). [provided by Alliance of Genome Resources, Apr 2022]								
Expression	Biased expression in thymus adult (RPKM 5.3), spleen adult (RPKM 3.2) and 4 other tissues See more								
Orthologs	human all								
NEW	Try the new Gene table								

Try the new Transcript table

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/30925

Transcript Information

The gene has 7 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

Show/hide columns (1 hidden)											
Transcript ID 💧	Name 🍦	bp 🖕	Protein 🖕	Biotype 🍦	CCDS 🖕	UniProt Match	Flags 🝦				
ENSMUST00000195656.6	Slamf6-207	5729	<u>351aa</u>	Protein coding	<u>CCDS83638</u>	<u>Q18PJ0</u> ଝି <u>Q9ET39</u> ଝି	Ensembl Canonical GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2 TSL:1				
ENSMUST00000171330.7	Slamf6-201	2485	<u>331aa</u>	Protein coding	GENCODE basic APPRIS P2 TSL:1						
ENSMUST00000194561.2	Slamf6-204	984	<u>327aa</u>	Protein coding	<u>CCDS83639</u>	<u>Q9ET39-3</u> &	GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2 TSL:1				
ENSMUST00000194182.2	Slamf6-203	346	<u>55aa</u>	Protein coding		TSL:3 CDS 3' incomplete					
ENSMUST00000195206.2	Slamf6-206	444	No protein	Protein coding CDS not defined	coding CDS not defined - TSL:3						
ENSMUST00000193311.2	Slamf6-202	2920	No protein	Retained intron	- TSL:NA						
ENSMUST00000194924.2	Slamf6-205	998	No protein	Retained intron	- TSL:NA						

The strategy is based on the design of *Slamf6*-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below:



Genomic Information

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Source: http://asia.ensembl.org/

Protein Information

ENSMUSP00000130610. Transmembrane helices MobiDB lite Low complexity (Seg) Cleavage site (Sig AFDB-ENSP mappings Superfamily	2 Immuno	oglobulin-like domain super	family		_	Q)							- 1	
Pfam	Immun	oglobulin V-set domain												
PROSITE profiles						Immuno	globulin-lik	e domain						
PANTHER	PTHR120B0													
Gene3D	Immuno	globulin-like tola							12					
All sequence SNPs/	Sequence variants (EVA ar	nd all other sources)	10	31.16	1111	10.1	0.00	11.11	1.1	11	ji -	111	1	10.0
Variant Legend	20129		-			-10 - 10 -			-		-			
	stop gained					frameshift variant								
	missense variant		protein altering variant											
	splice region variant			synonymous variant										
Scale bar	o '40	08/		120	2	.60		200		240		280		331



Source: https://www.ensembl.org

Mouse Phenotype Information (MGI)

Phenotype Overview 🕜



Click cells to view annotations.

Mice homozygous for one null allele show no overt phenotype. Mice homozygous for another null allele show impaired IL-4 production by CD4+ T cells, reduced inflammatory response to L. mexicana infection, high susceptibility to S. typhimurium infection, and defective neutrophil bactericidal activity.

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Important Information

- Mice homozygous show impaired IL-4 production by CD4+ T cells, reduced inflammatory response to L. mexicana infection, high susceptibility to S. typhimurium infection, and defective neutrophil bactericidal activity.
- The 3' incomplete of transcript *Slamf6*-203, the effect is unknown.
- This strategy do not affect the transcript *Slamf6*-205 and 206.
- In this stratergy, 3' of *Slamf6* will retain 100 aa, the risk is unknown.
- *Slamf6* is located on Chr 1. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mouse strains to obtain double homozygous mutant offspring, please avoid the situation that the second gene is on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Reference

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[1] Cutting Edge: The SLAM Family Receptor Ly108 Controls T Cell and Neutrophil Functions.J Immunol. 2005 May 15;174(10):5931-5. Doi:10.4049/jimmunol.174.10.5931.