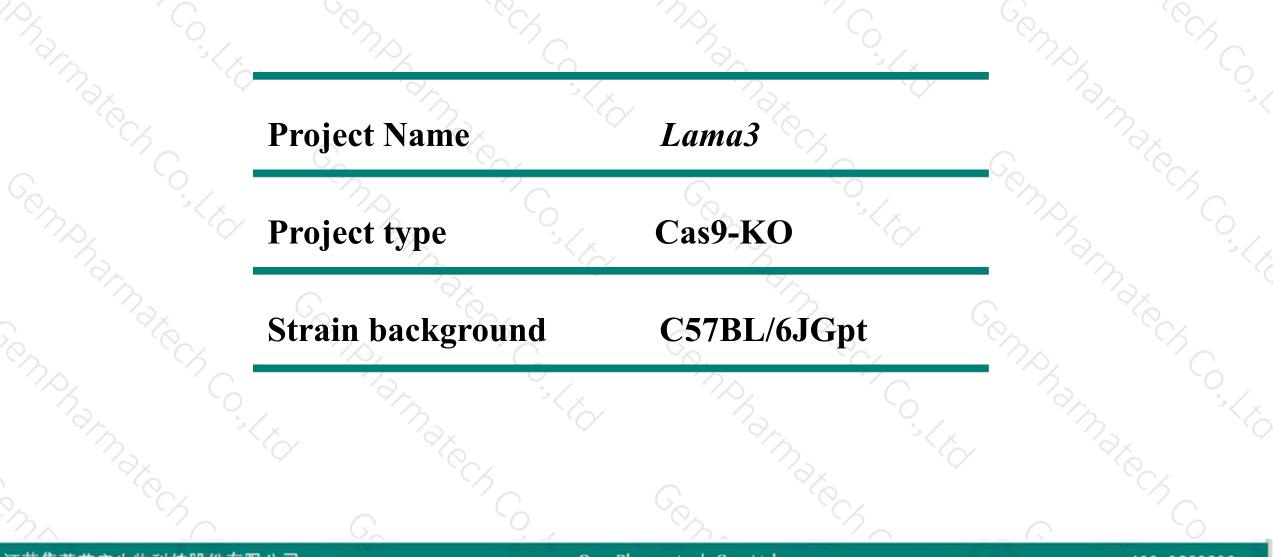


# Lama3 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Reviewer: Design Date: JiaYu Xiaojing Li 2019-9-6

### **Project Overview**





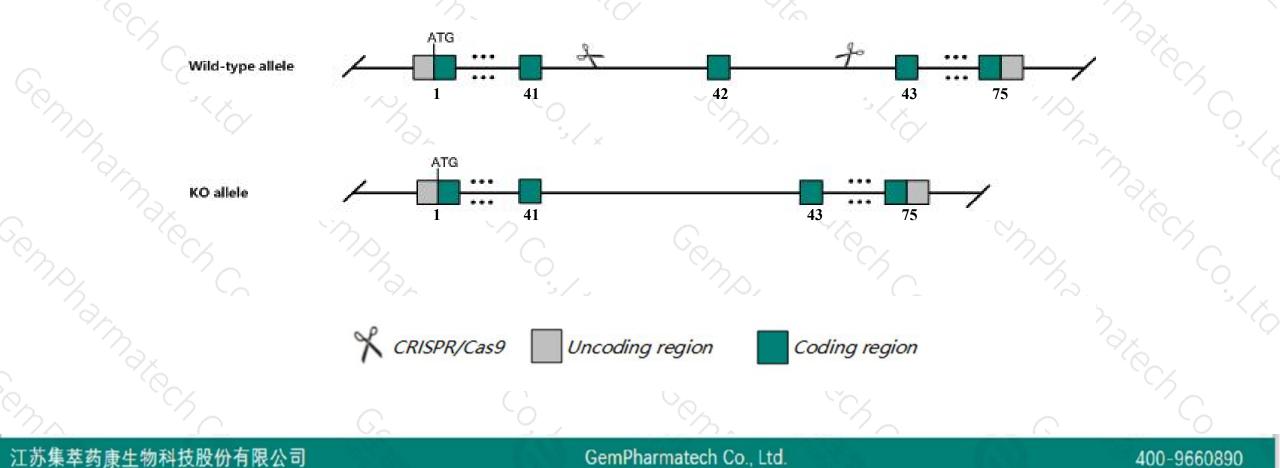
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### **Knockout** strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Lama3 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:





- The Lama3 gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of Lama3 gene, exon42 of Lama3-201 (ENSMUST0000092070.12) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 107bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- > In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify Lama3 gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system



- According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a targeted null mutation develop a lethal blistering phenotype similar to human junctional epidermolysis bullosa, and die 2-3 days after birth from a failure to thrive.
- According to references(Urich D, et al., Lung-specific loss of the laminin alpha3 subunit confers resistance to mechanical injury. J Cell Sci. 2011 Sep 1;124(Pt 17):2927-37), Exon 42 of *Lama3* gene is selected as the flox region in the strategy.
- The Lama3 gene is located on the Chr18. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

## Gene information (NCBI)



#### Lama3 laminin, alpha 3 [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 16774, updated on 12-Aug-2019

#### - Summary

2 ?

Lama3 provided by MGI
laminin, alpha 3 provided by MGI
MGI:MGI:99909
Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000024421
protein coding
VALIDATED
Mus musculus
Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;
Myomorpha; Muroidea; Murinae; Mus; Mus
[a]3B; Lama3B
Broad expression in lung adult (RPKM 9.8), colon adult (RPKM 3.3) and 15 other tissues See more
human all



The gene has 2 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Lama3-201	ENSMUST0000092070.12	10548	<u>3330aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS50222	<u>Q61789</u>	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Lama3-202	ENSMUST00000188815.1	5551	<u>1724aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS84360	<u>Q61789</u>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic

The strategy is based on the design of Lama3-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below

Lama3-201 > protein coding

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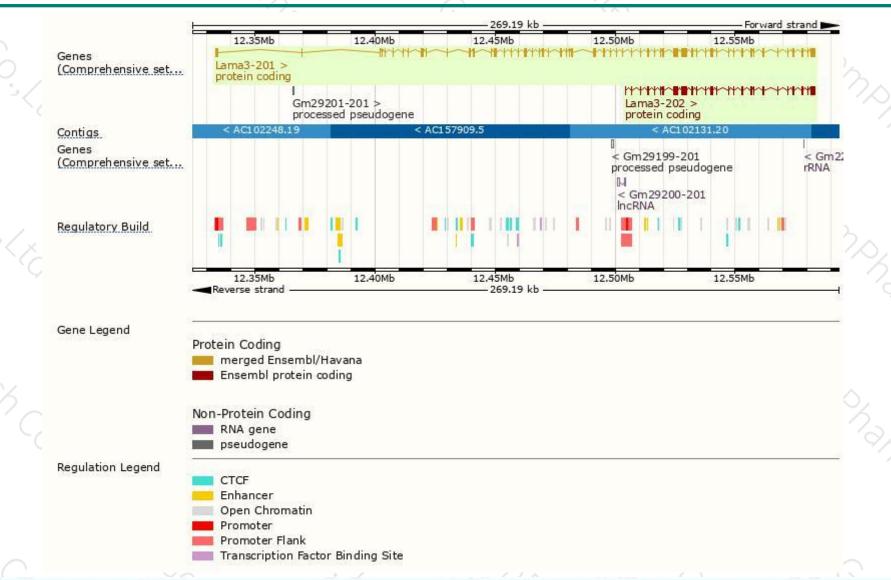
249.19 kb

#### 400-9660890

Forward strand

### **Genomic location distribution**



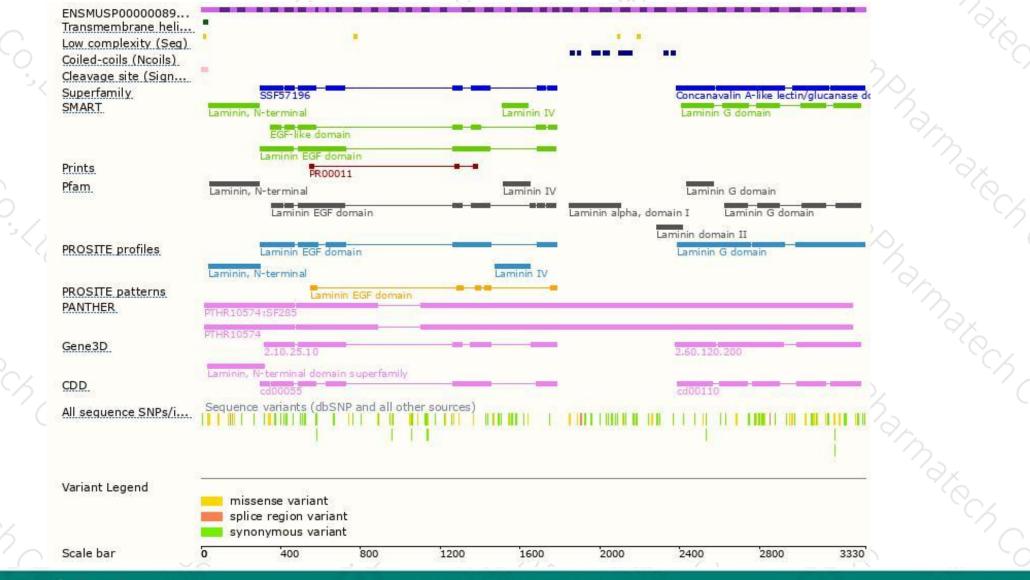


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### **Protein domain**



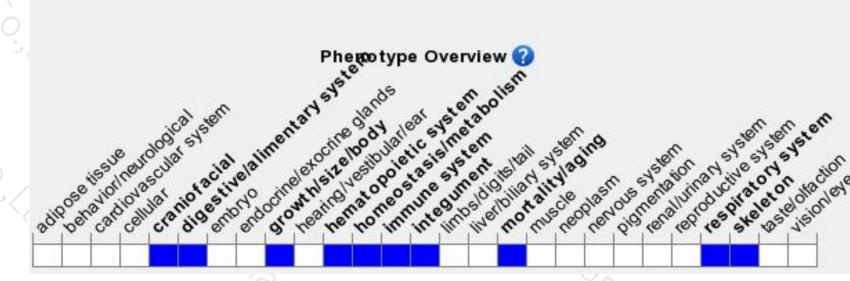


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### Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

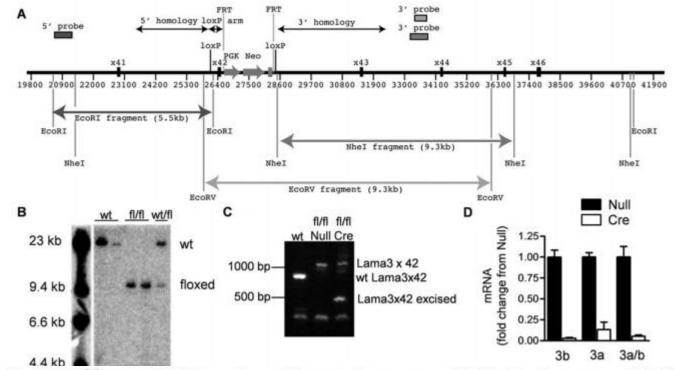
According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a targeted null mutation develop a lethal blistering phenotype similar to human junctional epidermolysis bullosa, and die 2-3 days after birth from a failure to thrive.

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### References





**Fig. 1. Generation of the** *Lama3*<sup>*flift*</sup> **mouse.** (**A**) Diagram of part of the vector that targets exon 42 of the *Lama3* mouse gene. (**B**) DNA isolated from tails of five littermates resulting from crossing animals exhibiting germline transmission of the floxed allele was digested with *Eco*RV, electrophoresed, transferred onto a nitrocellulose membrane and hybridized with a probe containing sequences 3' to the *loxP* sites. The expected size for the wild-type (wt) fragment is 26 kb and for the flox fragment is 9.8 kb. (**C**) Genomic DNA was isolated from the lungs of null virus-infected wild-type mice (wt), null-virus-infected *Lama3*<sup>*flift*</sup> mice (fl/fl Cre) and subjected to PCR using primers flanking the engineered region. (**D**) *Lama3*<sup>*flift*</sup> mice were treated intratracheally with a null adenovirus (Null) or an adenovirus encoding Cre recombinase (Cre) and 60 days later alveolar type II cells were isolated from the mice from which RNA was isolated for measurement (qRT-PCR) of short regions of the *Lama3* gene specific to *Lama3a* (3a) or *Lama3b* (3b) transcripts or those common to *Lama3a* and *Lama3b* (3a/b) (also see supplementary material Fig. S1).

Urich D, et al., Lung-specific loss of the laminin alpha3 subunit confers resistance to mechanical injury. J Cell Sci. 2011 Sep 1;124(Pt 17):2927-37

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If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890



