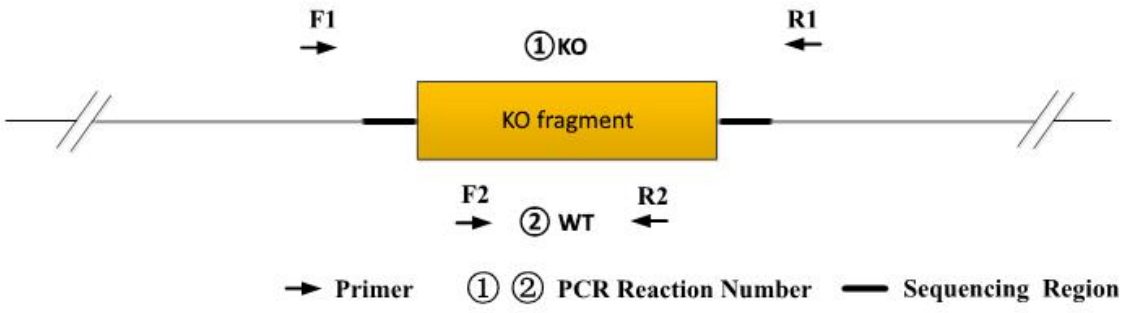
Genotyping Report

Strain ID	T032257	Strain Type	KO(Cas9)	Genetic Background	C57BL/6JGpt
Designer	Zifan Lin	Gene Name	*Cnksr2*		

1. Strategy of Genotyping



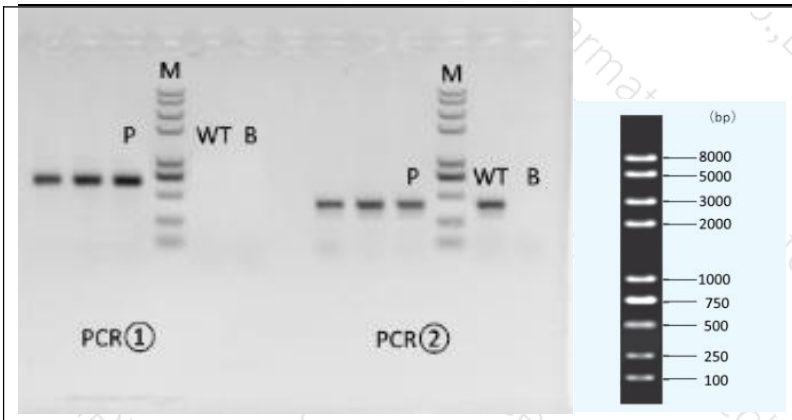
Wild type: ①PCR reaction obtains a single WT band; ②PCR reaction obtains a single WT band.
Heterozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a KO band; ②PCR reaction obtains a WT band.
Homozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a single KO band; ② PCR reaction without product.
Note：1)The sizes of WT and Targeted band are shown below.
2) If the WT band is too large, it may not be possible to obtain a WT band.

2. Primer Information

PCR No.	Primer No.	Primer Name	Sequence	Band Size
PCR①	F1	JS23191-Cnksr2-KO-tF1A	AGATGCCTCAGCTCATTCAATGC	WT:6504bp KO:713bp
	R1	JS23191-Cnksr2-KO-tR1A	TTGCCTACTTTGATTATTCACTGGG	
PCR②	F2	JS33191-Cnksr2-wt-F1	GAATCAGGTTGTGGCATAGGAGGAGT	WT:326bp KO:0bp
	R2	JS33191-Cnksr2-wt-R1	GACAATTAAGTGGCCAGTGGAAG	

3. Gel Image

tccacttggggctatgtatcctcattatag---5791bp---gggatatttgttgaagttaggcccttgctc



Note: P: Heterozygous samples; WT: Wildtype control; B: Blank control (ddH2O); M: DNA Ladder
① Control (WT) : It is an important reference mark for whether the PCR reaction is successful and whether the product band position and size meet the theoretical requirements.
② Control (B) : PCR amplification was performed without template in the PCR reagent to monitor whether the reagent was contaminated.

4. PCR Condition

PCR Reaction Component			
Seg.	**reaction component**		**Volume (μl)**
1	2 × Rapid Taq Master Mix (Vazyme P222)		12.5
2	ddH2O		9.5
3	Primer A(10pmol/μl)		1
4	Primer B(10pmol/μl)		1
5	Template(20~80ng/μl)		1
PCR program Ⅰ (priority selection)			
Seg.	**Temp.**	**Time**	**Cycle**
1	95℃	5min	
2	98℃	30s	20×
3	65℃*（-0.5℃/cycle）	30s	
4	72℃	45s*	
5	98℃	30s	15×
6	55℃*	30s	
7	72℃	45s*	
8	72℃	5min	
9	10℃	hold	
PCR program Ⅱ (the second choice)			
Seg.	**Temp.**	**Time**	**Cycle**
1	95℃	5min	
2	98℃	30s	35×

3	58℃*	30s	
4	72℃	45s*	
5	72℃	5min	
6	10℃	hold	

Note*: Annealing temperature and extension time can be determined according to the actual amplification situation and amplification enzyme efficiency.