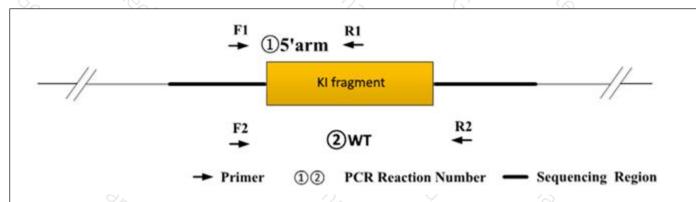
Genotyping Report

Strain ID	T050099	Strain Type	KI(Cas9)	Genetic Background	C57BL/6JGpt
Designer	Tianjiao Wang	Gene Name	Sox2-rox-stop-rox-P2A-iCre		

1. Strategy of Genotyping



Wild type: ①PCR reaction obtains none band; ②PCR reaction obtains a WT band.

Heterozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a WT band.

Homozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains none band.

Note: The sizes of WT and Targeted band are shown below. For ②PCR reaction, because the WT band is much smaller than the target band, it is likely to produce dominant amplification, the reaction is only used to judge whether there is a WT allele.

2. Primer Information

PCR No.	Primer No.	Sequence	Band Size
①5'arm	T050099-F1	TGGTTACCTCTTCCTCCCACTCCA	WT:0bp
	T050099-R1	CCGTAGCTCCAATCCTTCCATTC	Targeted:371bp
②WT	T050099-F2	TGGTTACCTCTTCCTCCCACTCCA	WT:396bp Targeted:0bp
	T050099-R2	AAGTTTTCTAGTCGGCATCACGG	Targeted:0bp

3. Gel Image & Conclusion



Note: P:Heterozygous samples; WT: Wildtype control; B: Blank control (ddH2O); M: DNA Ladder

- ① Control (WT): It is an important reference mark for whether the PCR reaction is successful and whether the product band position and size meet the theoretical requirements.
- ② Control (B): PCR amplification was performed without template in the PCR reagent to monitor whether the reagent was contaminated.

4. PCR Condition

PCR Reaction Compo	onent 2	•	
Seg.	~ / /~	reaction component	
	2 × Rapid Taq Master Mix (Vazyme	Volume (μl) 12.5	
2	ddH2O	The same	9.5
120/	Primer A(10pmol/μl)	3/4	71, 7C
(A)	Primer B(10pmol/μl)	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	10/2 3/
	Template(20~80ng/μl)	1 2×	
PCR program I pric	ority selection	7°C %	
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle
9/2	95℃	5min	18/ ₂₀ 3/ ₂₀
G 70	98°C	30s	20×
700,	65°C* (-0.5°C/cycle)	30s	· · · · · · · · · · ·
200	72°C /	45s*	73
. 7 _{2x}	98℃	30s	15×
6	55℃*	30s	780/
	72°C	45s*	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
92	72°C	5min	%/x
1/2/	10℃	hold	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
CR program II the	second choice	>×_	9/2
eg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle
Chron Chronia	95℃	5min	Cho Ch
100	98°C	30s	35×



3	1/2/2	58℃*)	19/2	30s	70	K	(C)
4	9/2	72 ℃		, 79×	45s*		9/2	3,4%
5	(S)	72℃	4	, CA	5min		79×	.0
6	کہ	10℃		0	hold	600	3	

Note*: Annealing temperature and extension time can be determined according to the actual amplification situation and amplification enzyme efficiency.