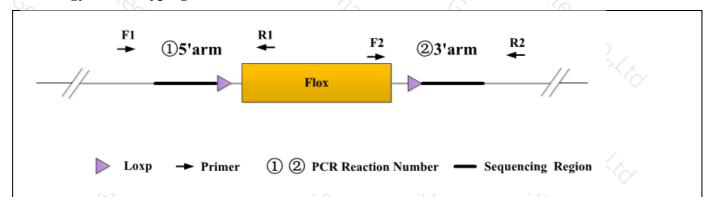
# **Genotyping Report**

Strain ID	T021651	Strain Type	CKO(Cas9)	Genetic Background	C57BL/6JGpt
Designer	Ya'nan Xu	Gene Name	3/2	Degs2	0)

### 1. Strategy of Genotyping



Wild type: ①PCR reaction obtains a single WT band; ②PCR reaction obtains a single WT band.

Heterozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a WT band and a Targeted band.

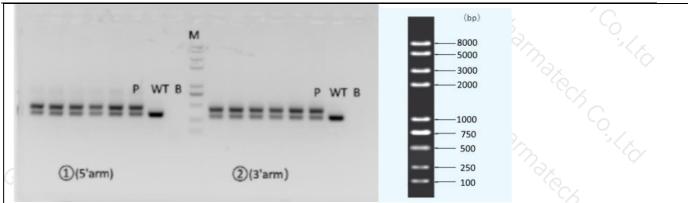
Homozygote: ①PCR reaction obtains a single Targeted band; ②PCR reaction obtains a single Targeted band.

Note: The sizes of WT and Targeted band are shown below.

#### 2. Primer Information

PCR No.	Primer No.	Sequence	Band Size	
①(5'arm)	T021651-F1	GTGACAGTCACATGTTATACAGCCATC	WT: 297bp Targeted: 402bp	
	T021651-R1	CAAGATAGATAGACCAGATGGAGCCA		
②(3'arm)	T021651-F2	GTGTTCATGCAACTACGAAGCTGTC	WT: 288bp	
	T021651-R2	TGCAGCCACAGCACCTATATAACC	Targeted: 394bp	

## 3. Gel Image & Conclusion



Note: P: Positive control; WT: Wildtype control; B: Blank control (ddH2O); M: DNA Ladder

- ① Control (WT): It is an important reference mark for whether the PCR reaction is successful and whether the product band position and size meet the theoretical requirements.
- ② Control (B): PCR amplification was performed without template in the PCR reagent to monitor whether the reagent was contaminated.

#### 4. PCR Condition

	3.	(A) (V)	25	
PCR Reaction C	omponent			
Seg.	reaction	reaction component		
1	2 × Rapid Taq Master Mix(Va	zyme P222)	12.5	
2	ddH2O	5. 346/	9.5	
3	Primer A(10pmol/μl)	7×	17	
4	Primer B(10pmol/μl)	3	1 9	
5	Template(≈100ng/μl)	0./	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	
PCR program 1	priority selection	o, ***	2,	
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle	
100	95℃	5min	362	
2	98°C	30s	20×	
3	65°C* (-0.5°C/cycle)	30s	3/2	
4	72°C	45s*	79%	
5	98°C	30s	20×	
6	55°C*	30s	6	
7	72℃	45s*	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
8	<b>72℃</b>	5min	700	
9	10°C	hold	72	
PCR program @	the second choice	77	Co. To.	
Seg.	Temp.	Time	Cycle	



1	1/2/12/2	95℃	19 <sub>13</sub>	5min		(S)	,
2	· 1921	98℃	9×	30s		35×	Ó
3 (	Z. ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	58℃*	5	30s	C <sub>2</sub>	AX.	
4	70/	<b>72℃</b>	G C	45s*	<sup>3</sup> 70.	7 <sub>C</sub>	
5	73/2	<b>72℃</b>	70	5min	7	24 3/x	
6	, Jax	10℃	, 9 <sup>12</sup>	hold		(J) (Q	<i>&gt;</i>

Note\*: Annealing temperature and extension time can be determined according to the actual amplification situation and amplification enzyme efficiency.