

Sf3b2 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Reviewer: Yanhua Shen

Design Date: 2022/11/7

Overview

Target Gene Name

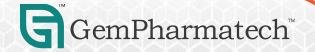
• Sf3b2

Project Type

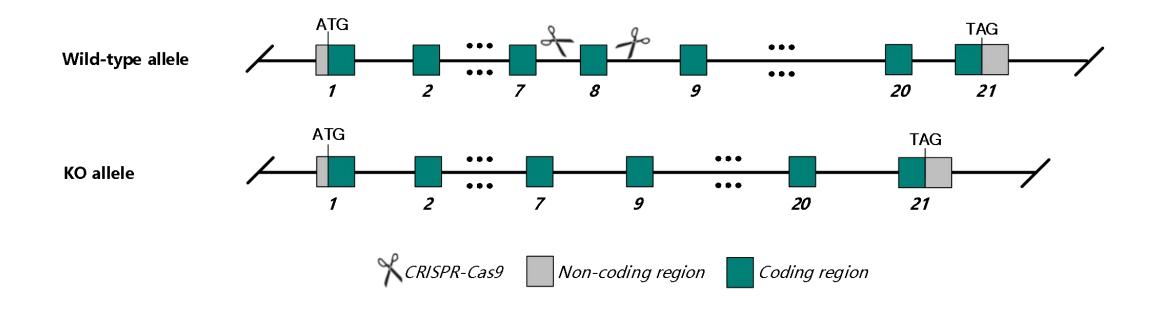
• Cas9-KO

Genetic Background

• C57BL/6JGpt



Strain Strategy

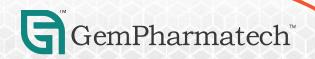


Schematic representation of CRISPR-Cas9 engineering used to edit the Sf3b2 gene.



Technical Information

- The *Sf3b2* gene has 8 transcripts. According to the structure of *Sf3b2* gene, exon 8 of *Sf3b2*-201 (ENSMUST00000025774.11) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 92 bp of coding sequences. Knocking out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Sf3b2* gene. The brief process is as follows: gRNAs were transcribed in vitro. Cas9 and gRNAs were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing. A stable F1-generation mouse strain was obtained by mating positive F0-generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice and confirmation of the desired mutant allele was carried out by PCR and on-target amplicon sequencing.



Gene Information

Sf3b2 splicing factor 3b, subunit 2 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

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2 7

Gene ID: 319322, updated on 26-Sep-2022



Official Symbol Sf3b2 provided by MGI

Official Full Name splicing factor 3b, subunit 2 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:2441856

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000024853 AllianceGenome:MGI:2441856

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea;

Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as SF3b1; 145kDa; SAP145; SF3b145; SF3b150; 2610311M13Rik; 2810441F20Rik; B230398H18Rik

Summary Predicted to be involved in mRNA splicing, via spliceosome. Predicted to be located in nuclear speck. Predicted to be part of U2 snRNP and spliceosomal

complex. Is expressed in early conceptus; inner cell mass; and oocyte. Orthologous to human SF3B2 (splicing factor 3b subunit 2). [provided by Alliance of

Genome Resources, Apr 2022]

Expression Ubiquitous expression in CNS E11.5 (RPKM 77.1), CNS E14 (RPKM 51.7) and 28 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

Try the new Gene table

Try the new Transcript table

Source: https://https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene/319322

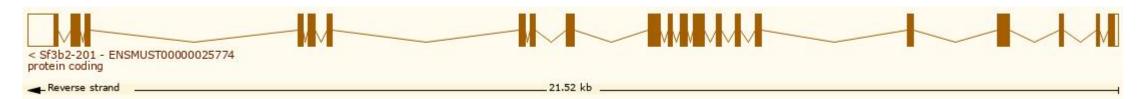


Transcript Information

The gene has 8 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

Show/hide columns (1 hidden)								Filter		
Transcript ID 👙	Name 🍦	bp 🌲	Protein	Biotype 🍦	CCDS 🍦	UniProt Match 🍦	Flags			
ENSMUST00000025774.11	Sf3b2-201	3222	878aa	Protein coding	CCDS29454₽	Q3UJB0 ₢	Ensembl Canonical	GENCODE basic	APPRIS P1	TSL:1
ENSMUST00000235182.2	Sf3b2-202	933	308aa	Protein coding		A0A494B9S9₺		CDS 3' incomplete		
ENSMUST00000235772.2	Sf3b2-204	2950	No protein	Retained intron						
ENSMUST00000237781.2	Sf3b2-208	1894	No protein	Retained intron		0-	-			
ENSMUST00000235368.2	Sf3b2-203	963	No protein	Retained intron		0-	Ε.			
ENSMUST00000236695.2	Sf3b2-206	673	No protein	Retained intron		0-		Æ		
ENSMUST00000236014.2	Sf3b2-205	539	No protein	Retained intron		0.70		Æ		
ENSMUST00000237512.2	Sf3b2-207	455	No protein	Retained intron		0.5		8		

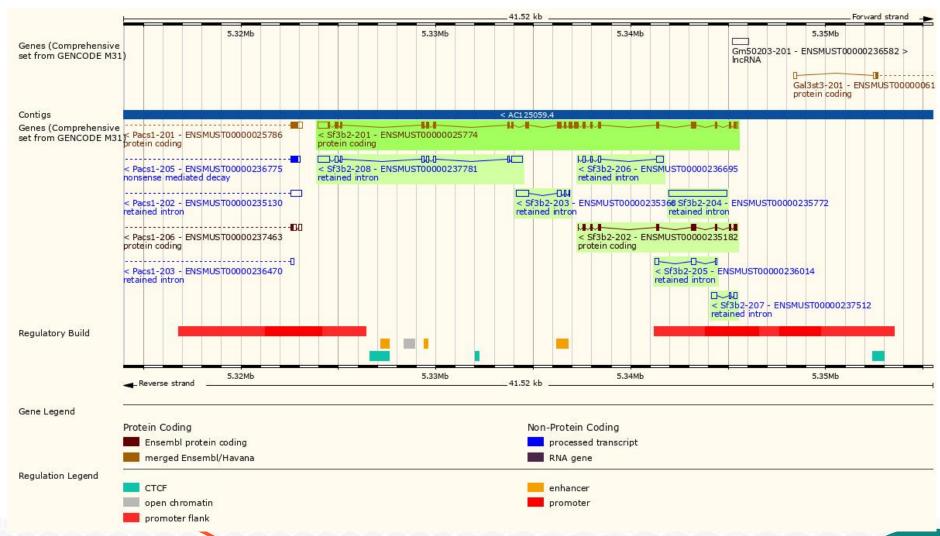
The strategy is based on the design of *Sf3b2*-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below:

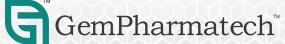


Source: https://www.ensembl.org



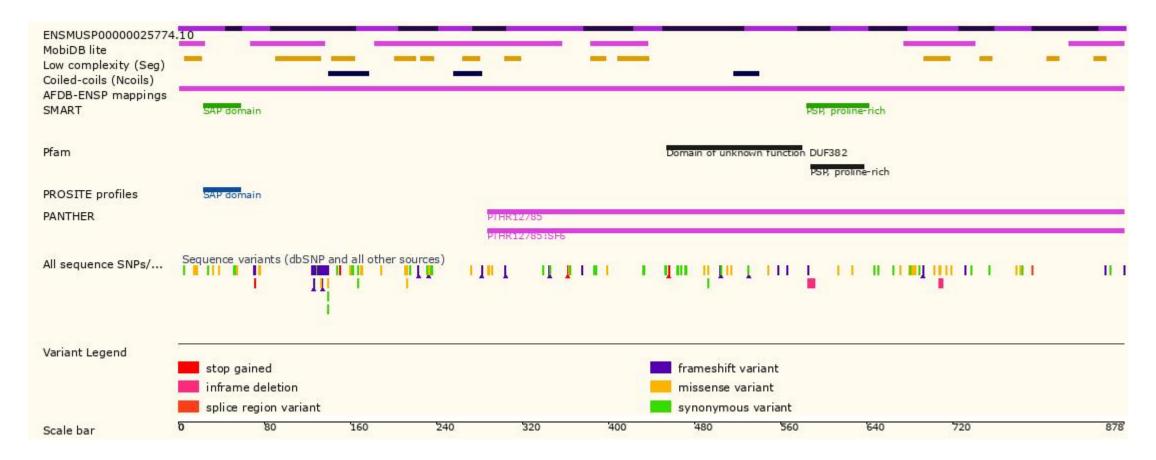
Genomic Information





Source: : https://www.ensembl.org

Protein Information





Source: : https://www.ensembl.org

Important Information

- *Sf3b2* is located on Chr19. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mouse strains to obtain double homozygous mutant offspring, please avoid the situation that the second gene is on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risks of the mutation on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

