

# *Acadvl* Cas9-KO Strategy

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# Project Overview

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**Project Name**

*Acadvl*

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**Project type**

**Cas9-KO**

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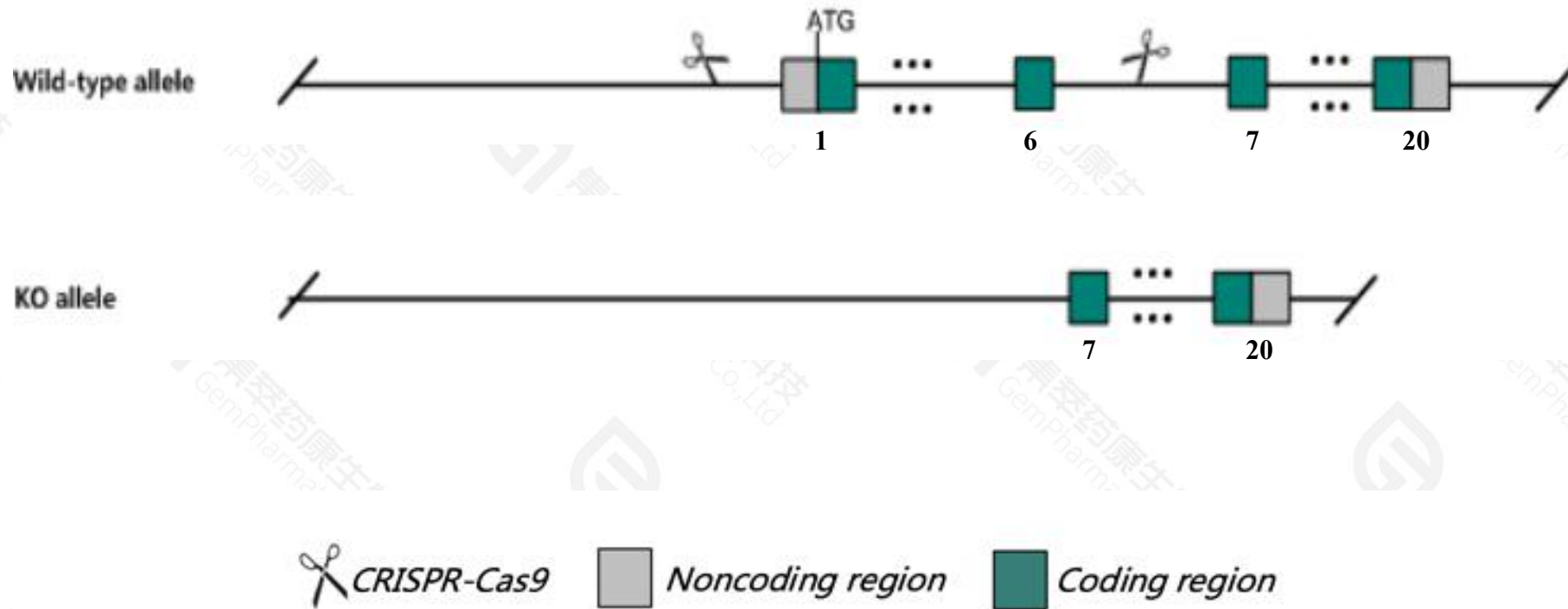
**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

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# Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to edit the *Acadvl* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Acadvl* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Acadvl* gene, exon1-exon6 of *Acadvl*-202(ENSMUST00000102574.10) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains start codon ATG. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Acadvl* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR-Cas9 system were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.



- According to the existing MGI data, homozygous mutant animals exhibit mild steatosis, lipid accumulation in myocytes, increased fatigue, impaired temperature regulation, increased susceptibility to arrhythmia, accumulation of long-chain acylcarnitines, and lower free carnitine levels.
- The knockout region is about 1kb away from the 5- terminal of *Dlg4*, which may affect its 5-terminal regulation function.
- The *Acadvl* gene is located on the Chr11. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

## Acadvl acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase, very long chain [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 11370, updated on 13-Mar-2020

### Summary

**Official Symbol** Acadvl provided by [MGI](#)

**Official Full Name** acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase, very long chain provided by [MGI](#)

**Primary source** [MGI:MGI:895149](#)

**See related** [Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000018574](#)

**Gene type** protein coding

**RefSeq status** REVIEWED

**Organism** [Mus musculus](#)

**Lineage** Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

**Also known as** vlcd

**Summary** This gene encodes a homodimeric mitochondrial flavoprotein and is a member of the acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family. Members of this family catalyze the first step of fatty acid beta-oxidation, forming a C2-C3 trans-double bond in a FAD-dependent reaction. As beta-oxidation cycles through its four steps, each member of the acyl-CoA dehydrogenase family works at an optimum fatty acid chain-length. This enzyme has its optimum length between C16- and C20-acylCoA and localizes to the inner mitochondrial membrane (unlike related acyl-CoA dehydrogenases). In mice, deficiency of this gene can cause ventricular arrhythmias as well as fasting and cold intolerance. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2012]

**Expression** Broad expression in heart adult (RPKM 185.6), liver E18 (RPKM 80.6) and 25 other tissues [See more](#)

**Orthologs** [human](#) [all](#)

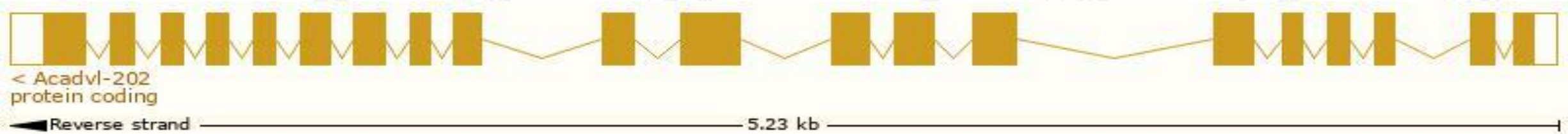


# Transcript information (Ensembl)

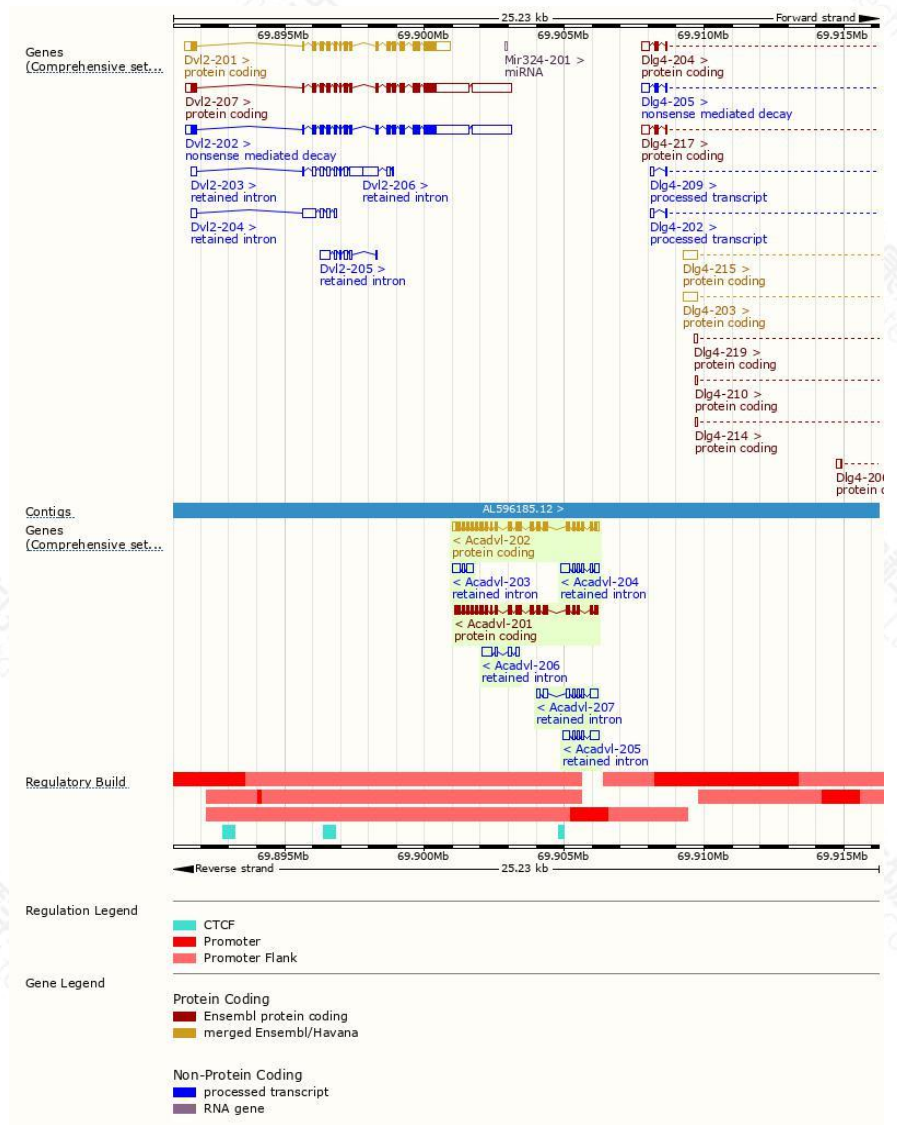
The gene has 7 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Acadvl-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000102574.9</a>	2168	<a href="#">656aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS24931</a>	<a href="#">P50544</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P2
Acadvl-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000018718.7</a>	2020	<a href="#">634aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">B1AR28</a>	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
Acadvl-207	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000156733.7</a>	858	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:5
Acadvl-204	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000137187.7</a>	769	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2
Acadvl-205	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000145478.1</a>	749	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:3
Acadvl-206	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000146129.1</a>	696	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2
Acadvl-203	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000134516.1</a>	538	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:2

The strategy is based on the design of *Acadvl-202* transcript,the transcription is shown below:

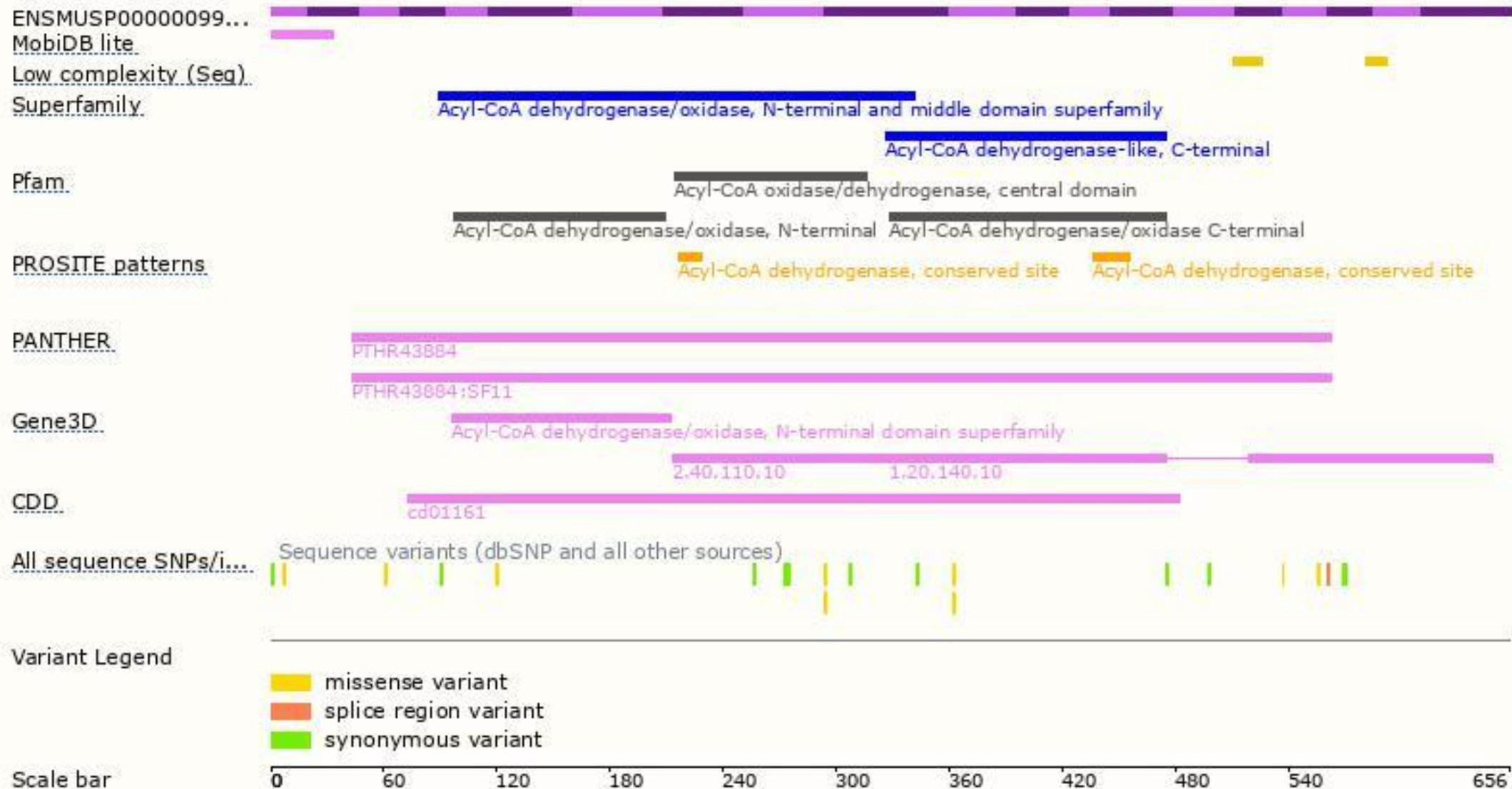


# Genomic location distribution

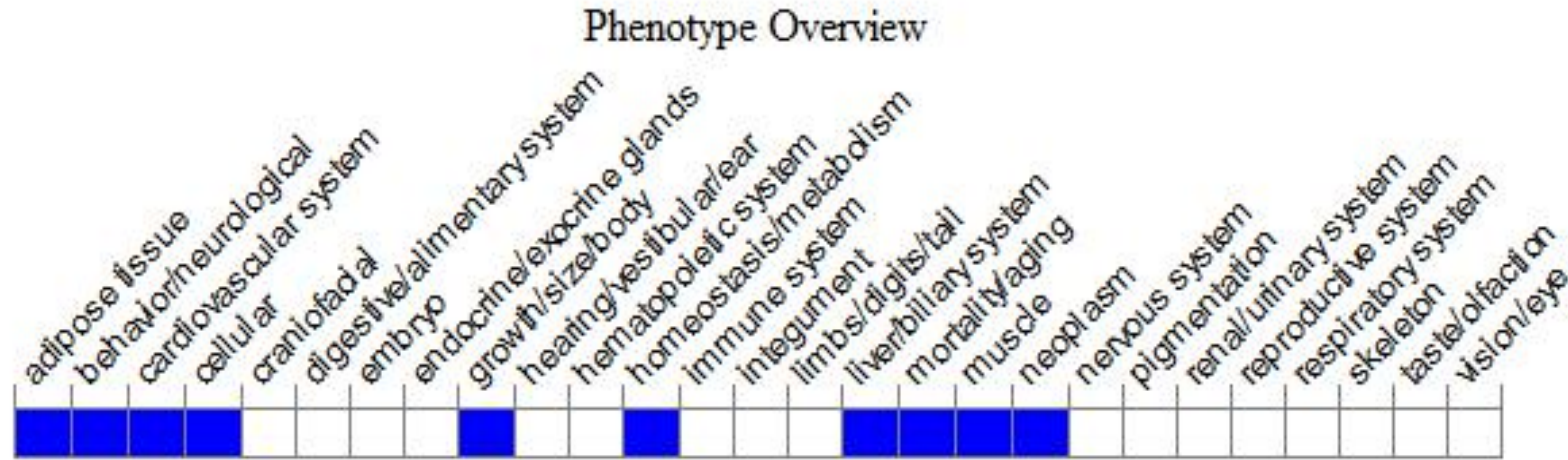




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI )



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, homozygous mutant animals exhibit mild steatosis, lipid accumulation in myocytes, increased fatigue, impaired temperature regulation, increased susceptibility to arrhythmia, accumulation of long-chain acylcarnitines, and lower free carnitine levels.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.  
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