

# Pax1 Cas9-CKO Strategy

Designer:Xiaojing Li

Reviewer:JiaYu

**Design Date: 2022-2-28** 

# **Project Overview**

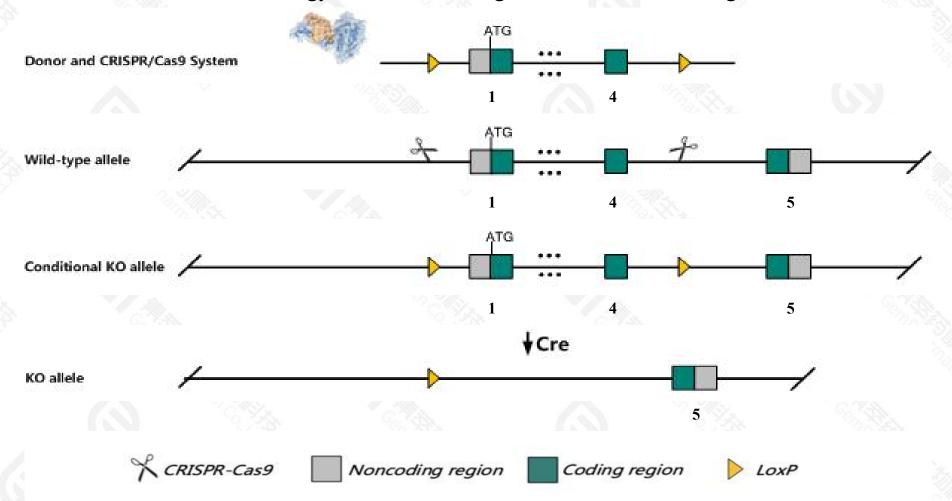


Project Name	Pax1	
Project type	Cas9-CKO	
Strain background	C57BL/6JGpt	

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to edit the *Pax1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



## **Technical routes**



- The *Pax1* gene has 3 transcripts. According to the structure of *Pax1* gene, exon1-exon4 of *Pax1*201(ENSMUST00000109968.3) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains start codon
  ATG.Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR-Cas9 technology to modify *Pax1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR-Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- > The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

## **Notice**



- > According to the existing MGI data, homozygotes for several mutations exhibit variably severe morphological alterations of vertebral column, sternum, scapula, skull, and thymus, with reduced adult survival and fertility. Some heterozygotes show milder skeletal abnormalities.
- > The insertion of 5-terminal Loxp may affect the 5-terminal regulation of A1646519 and Pax1 gene.
- This strategy may affect the regulation of the 5 terminus of A1646519 gene.
- > The *Pax1* gene is located on the Chr2. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

## Gene information (NCBI)



#### Pax1 paired box 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 18503, updated on 13-Mar-2020

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Pax1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name paired box 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:97485

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000037034

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as Pax-1, hbs, hunchback, un, undulated, wt

Expression Biased expression in thymus adult (RPKM 22.9), testis adult (RPKM 3.3) and 2 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

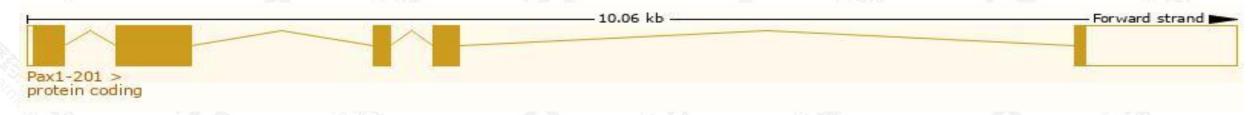
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 3 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

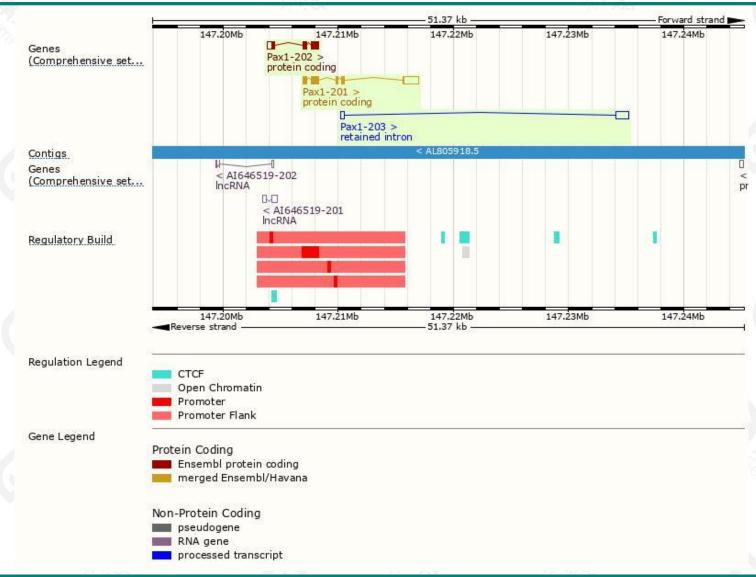
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Pax1-201	ENSMUST00000109968.2	2643	446aa	Protein coding	CCDS16835	P09084	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P1
Pax1-202	ENSMUST00000126068.8	1529	384aa	Protein coding		A2ALK0	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5
Pax1-203	ENSMUST00000156584.1	1457	No protein	Retained intron	1.0	9=3	TSL:1

The strategy is based on the design of Pax1-201 transcript, the transcription is shown below:



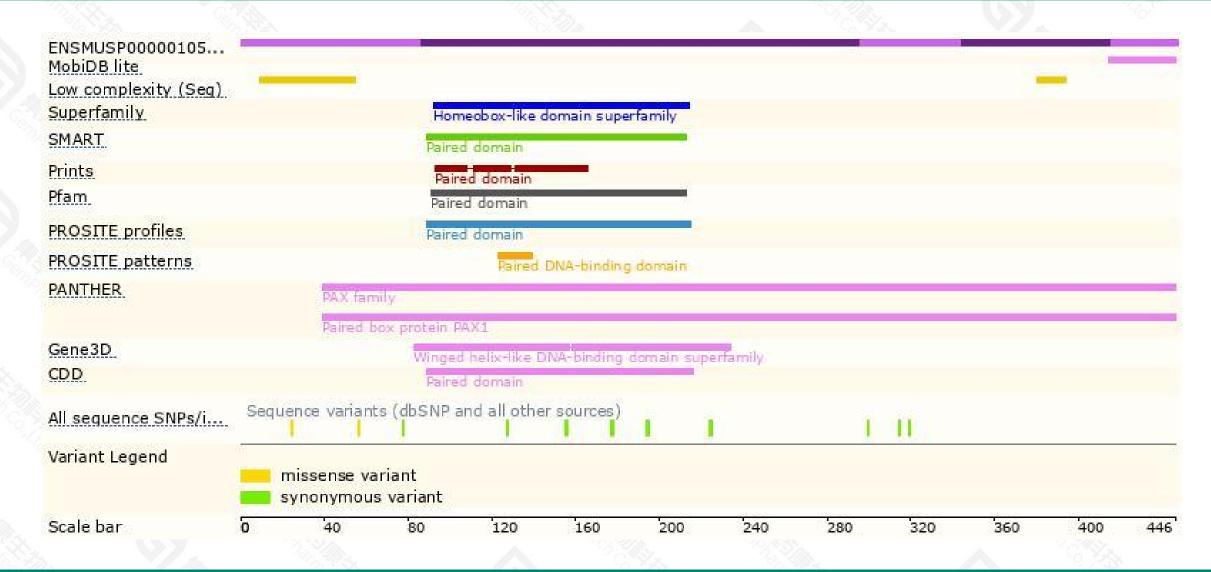
### Genomic location distribution





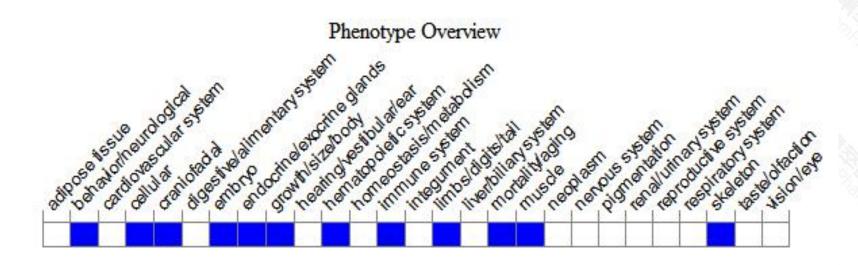
### Protein domain





# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, homozygotes for several mutations exhibit variably severe morphological alterations of vertebral column, sternum, scapula, skull, and thymus, with reduced adult survival and fertility. Some heterozygotes show milder skeletal abnormalities.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

Tel: 400-9660890





