

# Slc4a4 Cas9-KO Strategy

Designer: Huimin Su

Reviewer: Ruiuri Zhang

Design Date: 2020-4-28

### **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Slc4a4

**Project type** 

Cas9-KO

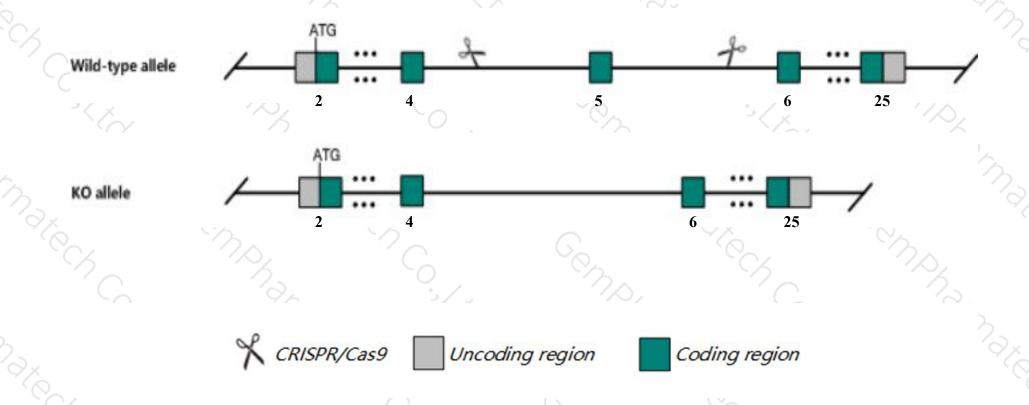
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

### **Knockout strategy**



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Slc4a4 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### **Technical routes**



- ➤ The Slc4a4 gene has 10 transcripts. According to the structure of Slc4a4 gene, exon5 of Slc4a4-208

  (ENSMUST00000156238.7) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 161bp coding sequence.

  Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify Slc4a4 gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data,nullizygous mice show postnatal growth retardation and lethality, bowel obstructions, metabolic acidosis and abnormal urine homeostasis. additional phenotypes include altered blood, ion and ammonia homeostasis, renal tubular acidosis/atrophy, corneal opacities, and bone, muscle and spleen defects.
- $\succ$  Transcripts Slc4a4-206 and Slc4a4-209 are incomplete, so the effect on them are unknown.
- > The Slc4a4 gene is located on the Chr5. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



SIc4a4 solute carrier family 4 (anion exchanger), member 4 [ Mus musculus (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 54403, updated on 20-Apr-2020

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Slc4a4 provided by MGI

Official Full Name solute carrier family 4 (anion exchanger), member 4 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1927555

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000060961

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism <u>Mus musculus</u>

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae;

Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as NBC; NBC1; Al835705

Expression Biased expression in kidney adult (RPKM 60.8), cerebellum adult (RPKM 27.2) and 9 other tissues See more

Orthologs human all

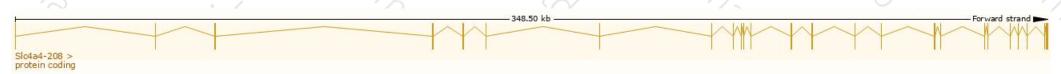
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 10 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

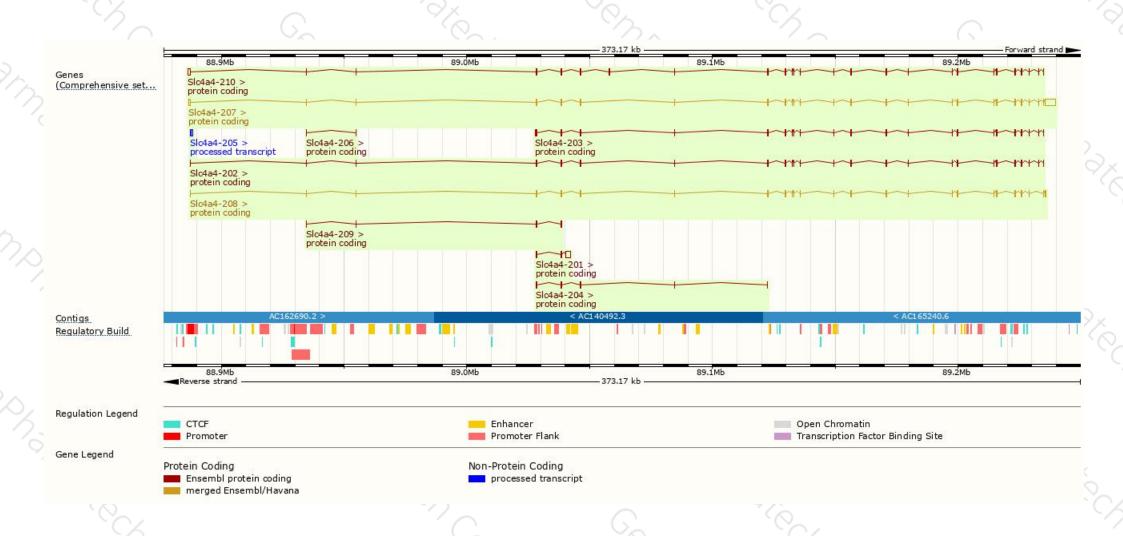
Name &	Transcript ID	bp 🎍	Protein &	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt 🌢	Flags
Slc4a4-207	ENSMUST00000148750.7	7931	<u>1079aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS19406 ₽	<u>O88343</u> ₽	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Slc4a4-208	ENSMUST00000156238.7	3494	<u>1094aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS51541 ₽	E9Q8N8 €	TSL:5 GENCODE basic
SIc4a4-202	ENSMUST00000113218.9	3269	<u>1070aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS57352 ₽	A7E1Z5₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Slc4a4-210	ENSMUST00000239214.1	4212	<u>1111aa</u>	Protein coding	- 5		GENCODE basic
Slc4a4-203	ENSMUST00000130041.7	3335	1035aa	Protein coding		E1AWU4 & 088343 &	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Slc4a4-201	ENSMUST00000113216.8	2518	<u>157aa</u>	Protein coding	- 5	<u>O88343</u> ₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Slc4a4-204	ENSMUST00000134303.1	780	233aa	Protein coding	- 5	<u>D3Z7G8</u> ₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5
Slc4a4-209	ENSMUST00000238265.1	587	<u>171aa</u>	Protein coding	- 5	-	CDS 3' incomplete
Slc4a4-206	ENSMUST00000144713.1	371	86aa	Protein coding	5	<u>D3Z7I7</u> ₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3
Slc4a4-205	ENSMUST00000135283.1	489	No protein	Processed transcript	5	-	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of Slc4a4-208 transcript, the transcription is shown below



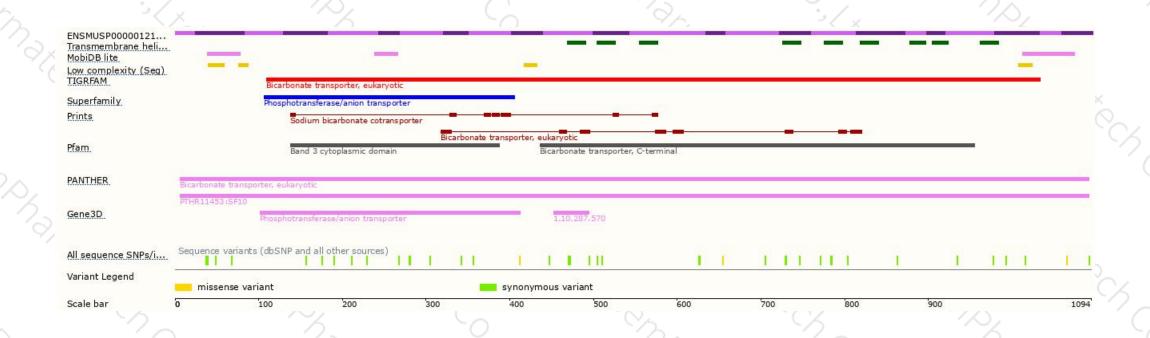
### Genomic location distribution





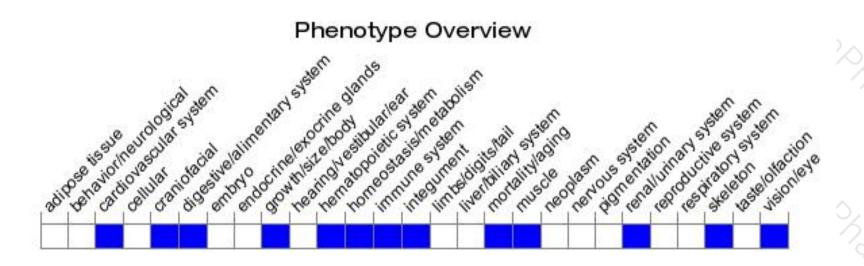
### Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, nullizygous mice show postnatal growth retardation and lethality, bowel obstructions, metabolic acidosis and abnormal urine homeostasis. Additional phenotypes include altered blood, ion and ammonia homeostasis, renal tubular acidosis/atrophy, corneal opacities, and bone, muscle and spleen defects.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





