

Mxd1 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Reviewer:

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Design Date:

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Project Overview



Project Name

Mxd1

Project type

Cas9-KO

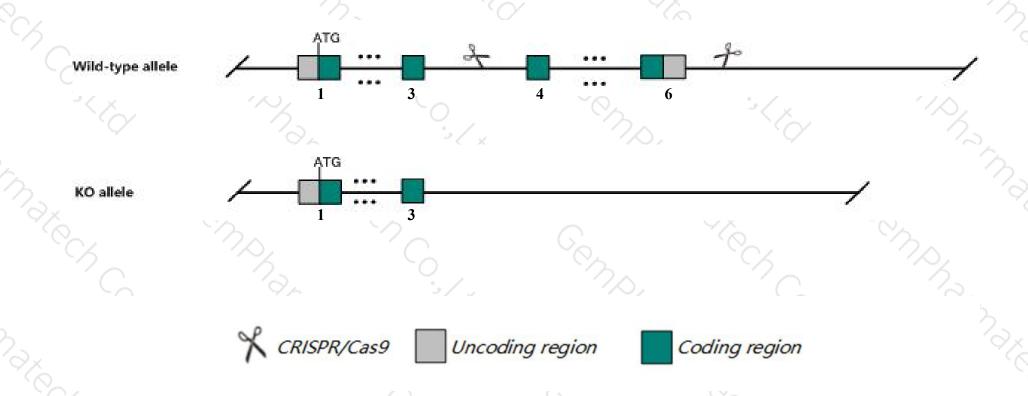
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Mxd1 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Mxd1* gene has 4 transcripts. According to the structure of *Mxd1* gene, exon4-exon6 of *Mxd1-201*(ENSMUST00000001184.9) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 484bp coding sequence.

 Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Mxd1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit altered myelopoiesis, increased proliferative potential of bone marrow granulocytic precursors, increased sensitivity of myeloid cells to apoptosis-inducing stimuli, and inhibited cell cycle withdrawal during a late stage of granulocyte differentiation.
- The *Mxd1* gene is located on the Chr6. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Mxd1 MAX dimerization protein 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 17119, updated on 5-Mar-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Mxd1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name MAX dimerization protein 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:96908

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000001156

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as AW122478, Mad, Mad1

Expression Broad expression in small intestine adult (RPKM 105.0), colon adult (RPKM 95.6) and 15 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

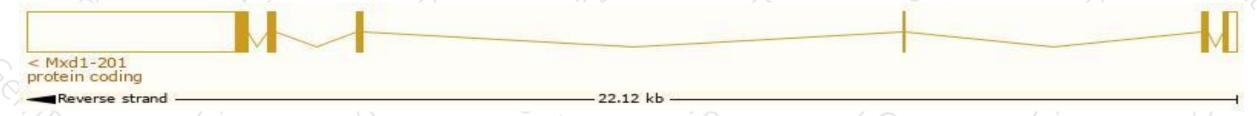
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 4 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

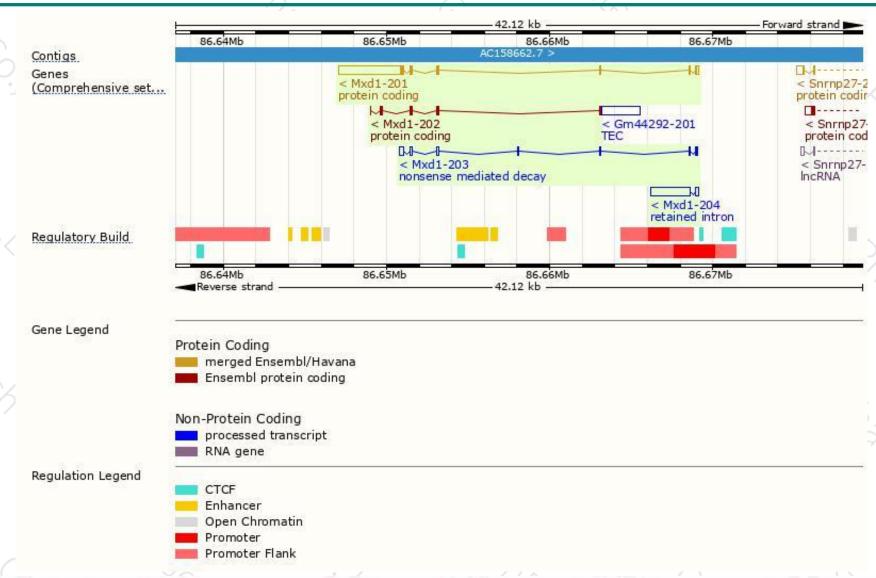
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Mxd1-201	ENSMUST00000001184.9	4666	227aa	Protein coding	CCDS51835	Q8K1Z8	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Mxd1-202	ENSMUST00000203946.1	418	<u>121aa</u>	Protein coding	-8	A0A0N4SVF6	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:5
Mxd1-203	ENSMUST00000204437.1	912	<u>75aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	-	A0A0N4SW68	TSL:3
Mxd1-204	ENSMUST00000205076.1	2615	No protein	Retained intron	(c)	757	TSL:1

The strategy is based on the design of Mxd1-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



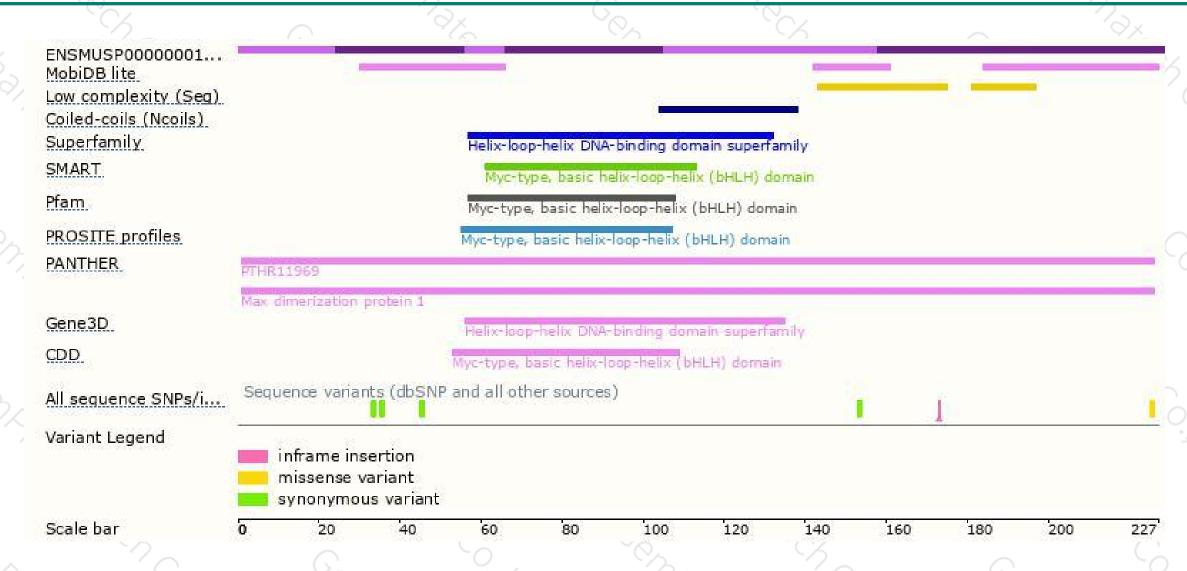
Genomic location distribution





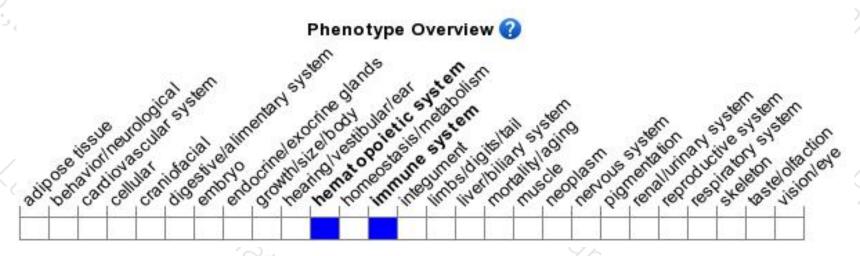
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit altered myelopoiesis, increased proliferative potential of bone marrow granulocytic precursors, increased sensitivity of myeloid cells to apoptosis-inducing stimuli, and inhibited cell cycle withdrawal during a late stage of granulocyte differentiation.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





