

Cacnalf Cas9-KO Strategy

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Reviewer:JiaYu

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Project Overview



Project Name Cacnalf

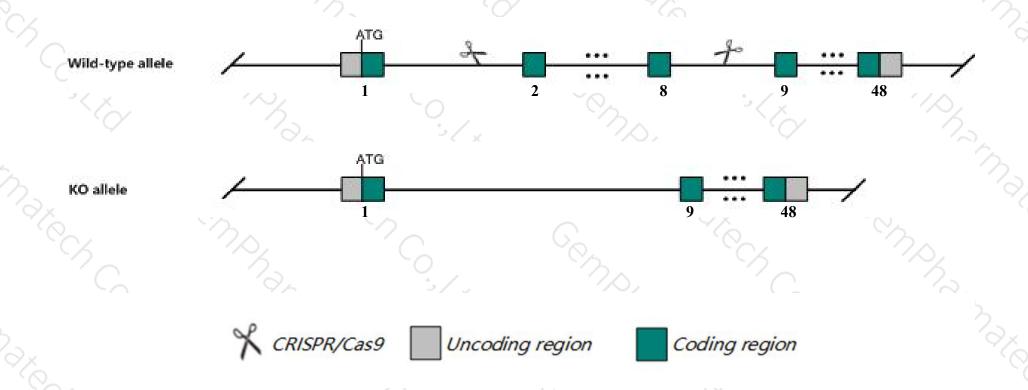
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Cacnalf gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The Cacnalf gene has 11 transcripts. According to the structure of Cacnalf gene, exon2-exon8 of Cacnalf-202 (ENSMUST00000115726.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 1093bp coding sequence Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Cacnalf* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 systems.

Notice



- > According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous or hemizygous mutation of this gene results in impaired eye electrophysiology, abnormal retinal neuronal layer, bipolar cell, and horizontal cell morphology, and impaired retinal synapse morphology.
- ➤ This strategy has no effect on transcripts *Cacnalf*-204,210.
- ➤ The knockout area is about 2.5kb away from the 5-terminal of Ccdc22 and Gm36995, which may affect its 5-terminal regulation after knockout.
- The *Cacnalf* gene is located on the ChrX. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Cacna1f calcium channel, voltage-dependent, alpha 1F subunit [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 54652, updated on 27-Aug-2019

Summary

Official Symbol Cacna1f provided by MGI

Official Full Name calcium channel, voltage-dependent, alpha 1F subunit provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1859639

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000031142

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia;

Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as nob2; Sfc17; nerg1; Cav1.4; A930034B14

Expression Low expression observed in reference dataset See more

Orthologs human all

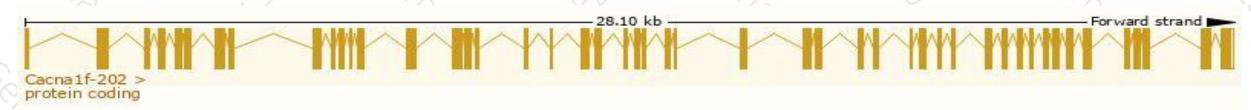
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 11 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

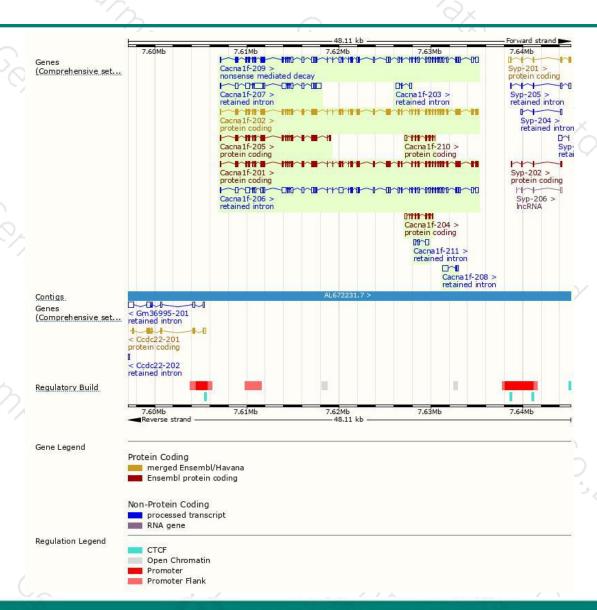
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Cacna1f-202	ENSMUST00000115726.8	6079	1984aa	Protein coding	CCDS40840	Q7TNI3	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P2
Cacna1f-201	ENSMUST00000115725.8	6028	<u>1977aa</u>	Protein coding	688	B1AVA4	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT
Cacna1f-205	ENSMUST00000133637.7	2559	844aa	Protein coding	150	Q8C8Q4	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:1
Cacna1f-210	ENSMUST00000156047.1	921	247aa	Protein coding	3.53	B1AVA6	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5
Cacna1f-204	ENSMUST00000128628.7	869	229aa	Protein coding	1781	B1AVA5	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3
Cacna1f-209	ENSMUST00000155090.7	6058	<u>431aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	670	S4R182	TSL:5
Cacna1f-206	ENSMUST00000141634.7	6622	No protein	Retained intron	323	U	TSL:2
Cacna1f-207	ENSMUST00000144522.7	3838	No protein	Retained intron	120	-	TSL:2
Cacna1f-208	ENSMUST00000151208.1	820	No protein	Retained intron	151	8	TSL:5
Cacna1f-203	ENSMUST00000123979.1	670	No protein	Retained intron	680		TSL:3
Cacna1f-211	ENSMUST00000157000.1	642	No protein	Retained intron	150		TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of Cacnalf-202 transcript, The transcription is shown below



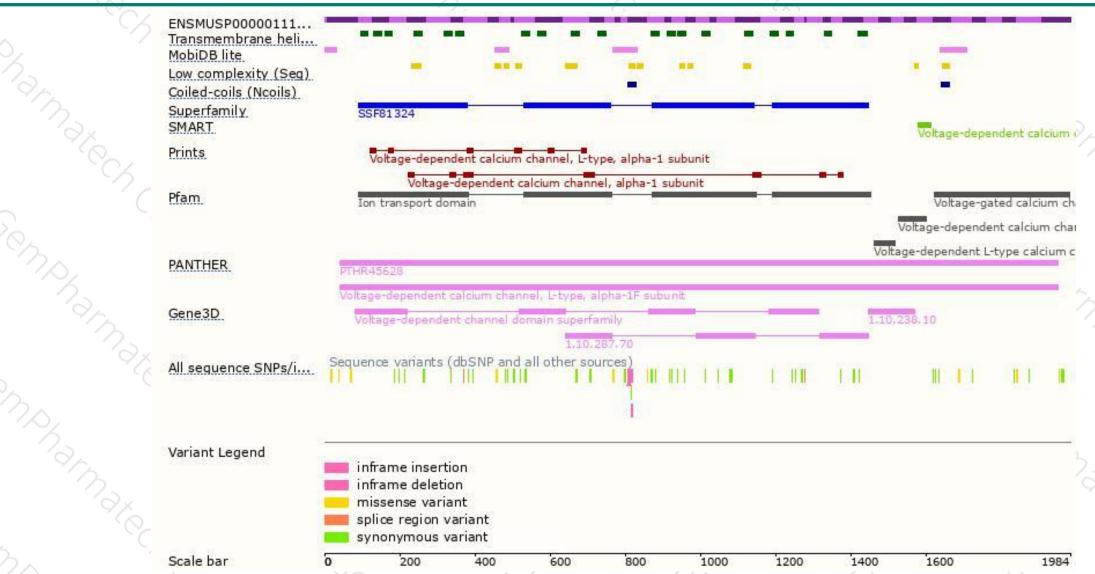
Genomic location distribution





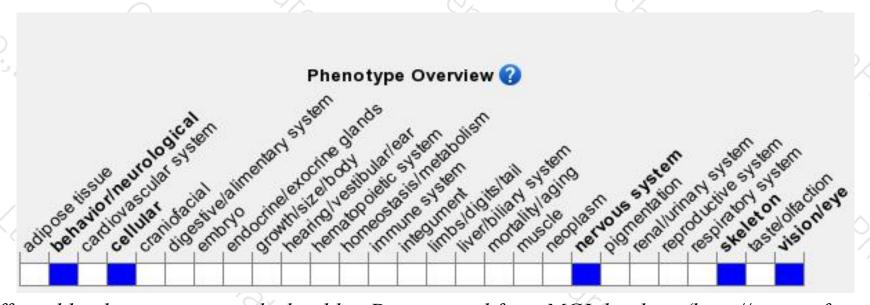
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous or hemizygous mutation of this gene results in impaired eye electrophysiology, abnormal retinal neuronal layer, bipolar cell, and horizontal cell morphology, and impaired retinal synapse morphology.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





