

Ikzf1 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Reviewer: Ruirui Zhang

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Project Overview



Project Name

Ikz,f1

Project type

Cas9-KO

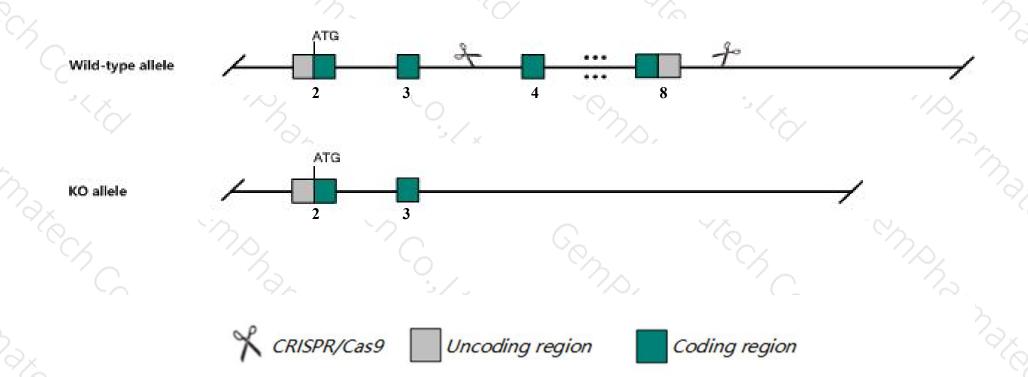
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Ikzf1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Ikzf1* gene has 6 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ikzf1* gene, exon4-exon8 of *Ikzf1-204*(ENSMUST00000076700.10) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 1388bp coding sequence Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ikzf1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system v

Notice



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mutants have a variety of T, B, and hematopoeitic cell maturation defects. Heterozygotes for one allele exhibit dominant negative effects and mice develop lymphoproliferative disorders.
- > The *Ikzf1* gene is located on the Chr11. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Ikzf1 IKAROS family zinc finger 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 22778, updated on 22-Oct-2019

Summary

2 ?

Official Symbol Ikzf1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name IKAROS family zinc finger 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1342540

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000018654

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as LyF-1; hlk-1; lkaros; Zfpn1a1; Znfn1a1; mKIAA4227; 5832432G11Rik

Summary The protein encoded by this gene belongs to a family of transcription factors that are characterized by a set of four DNA-binding zinc fingers at

the N-terminus and two C-terminal zinc fingers involved in protein dimerization. It is regulated by both epigenetic and transcription factors. This

protein is a transcriptional regulator of hematopoietic cell development and homeostasis. In addition, it is required to confer temporal

competence to retinal progenitor cells during embryogenesis, demonstrating an essential function in nervous system development. Alternative

splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. [provided by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

Expression Biased expression in thymus adult (RPKM 67.8), spleen adult (RPKM 38.3) and 5 other tissues See more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

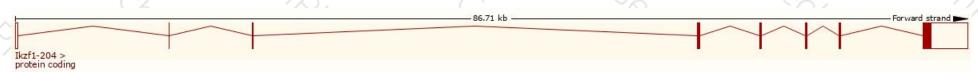
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 6 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

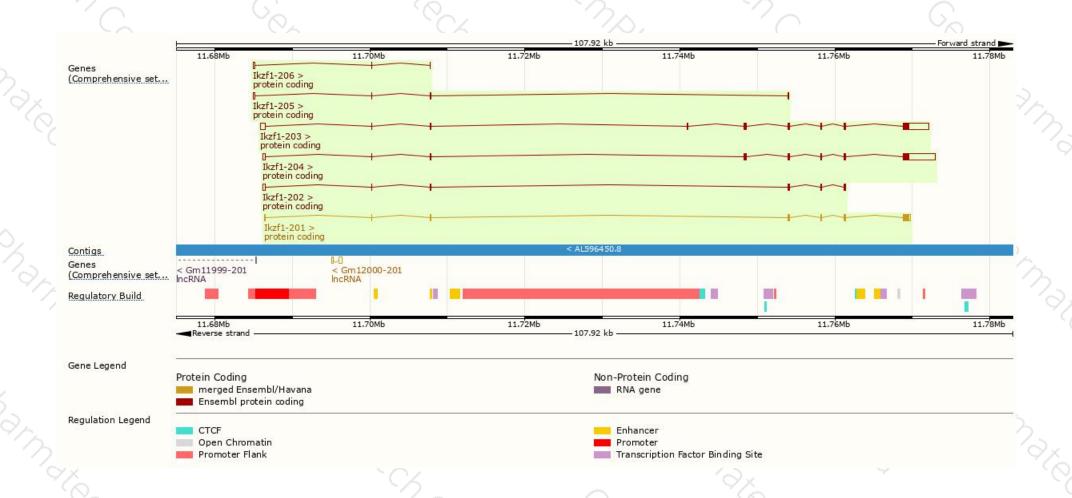
Name	Transcript ID #	bp 🌲	Protein 4	Biotype 🍦	CCDS 🍦	UniProt 🍦	Flags
lkzf1-204	ENSMUST00000076700.10	5163	<u>515aa</u>	Protein coding	CCDS24436 ₽	<u>G5E8H3</u> ₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P4
lkzf1-201	ENSMUST00000018798.6	1542	428aa	Protein coding	CCDS24437 ₽	Q5SWU0₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1
lkzf1-203	ENSMUST00000065433.11	4697	535aa	Protein coding	-	Q5SWT9₽	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT1
lkzf1-202	ENSMUST00000048122.12	911	198aa	Protein coding	7	Q8C9X3₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
lkzf1-205	ENSMUST00000126058.7	446	<u>79aa</u>	Protein coding	7	Q5SWT7₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:3
lkzf1-206	ENSMUST00000141436.7	242	<u>18aa</u>	Protein coding	-	Q5SWT6₽	CDS 3' incomplete TSL:5

The strategy is based on the design of *Ikzf1-204* transcript, The transcription is shown below



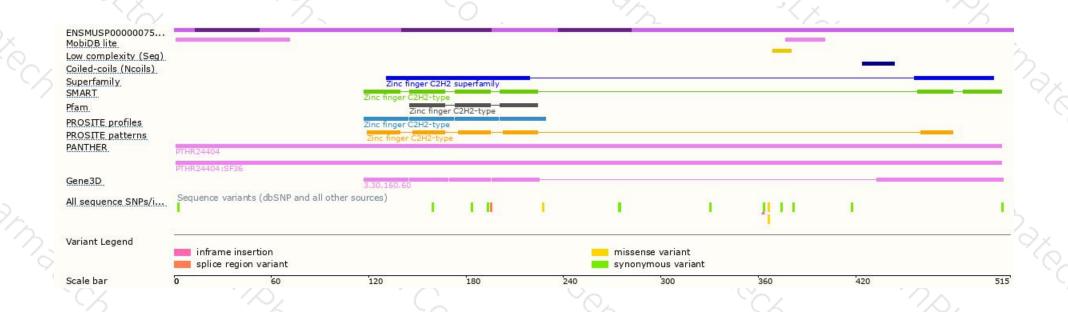
Genomic location distribution





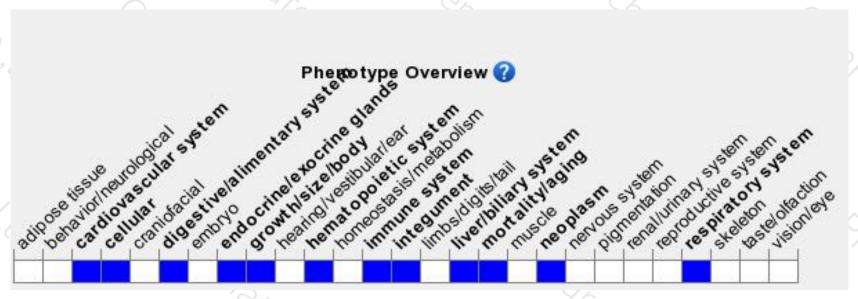
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous mutants have a variety of T, B, and hematopoeitic cell maturation defects. Heterozygotes for one allele exhibit dominant negative effects and mice develop lymphoproliferative disorders.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





