

# ***Hba-x* Cas9-CKO Strategy**

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**Reviewer: JiaYu**

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# Project Overview

**Project Name**

*Hba-x*

**Project type**

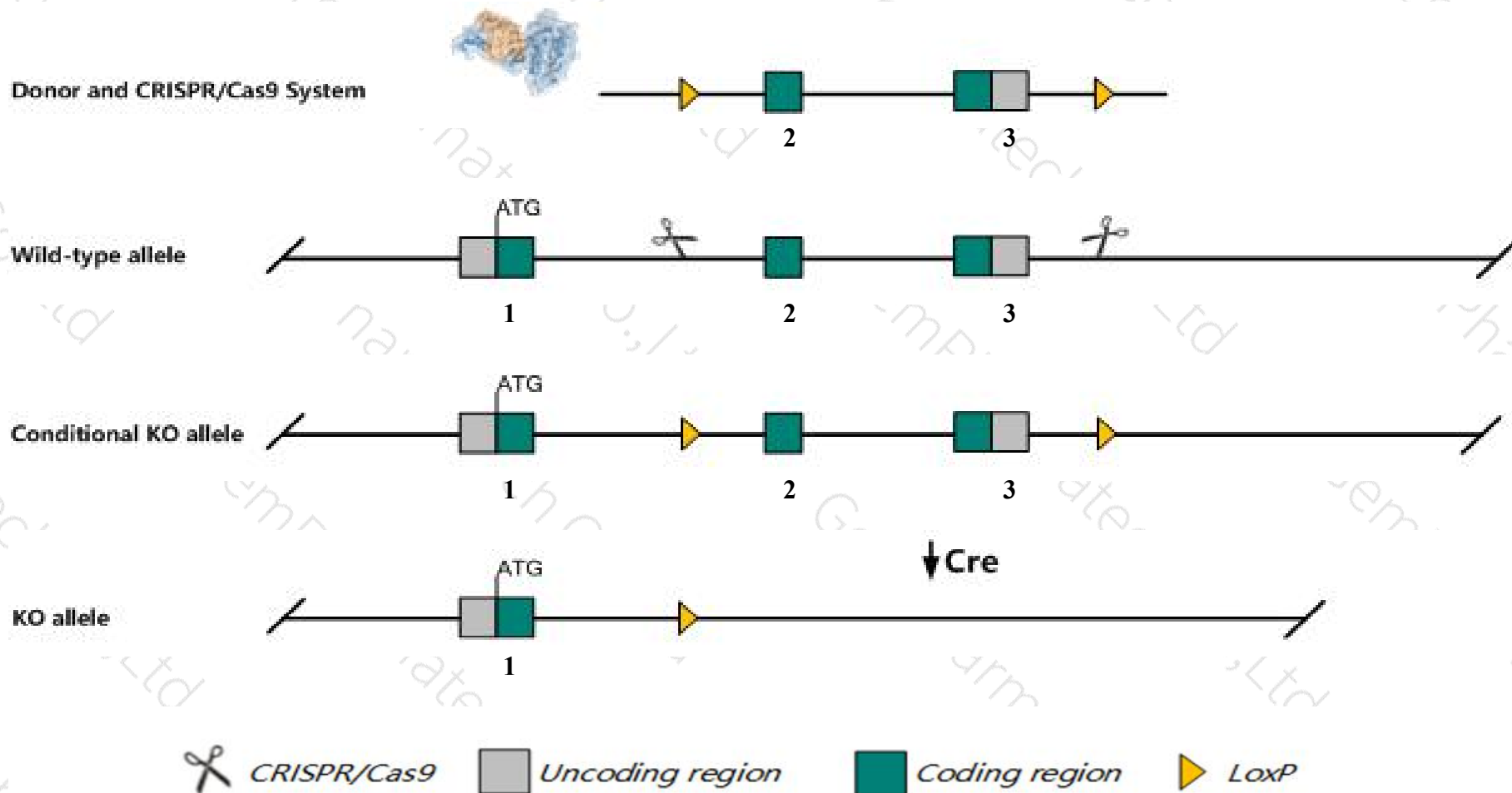
**Cas9-CKO**

**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

# Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Hba-x* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



# Technical routes

- The *Hba-x* gene has 2 transcripts. According to the structure of *Hba-x* gene, exon2-exon3 of *Hba-x*-201(ENSMUST00000020531.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 334bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Hba-x* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a null allele show background sensitive prenatal lethality, variation in postnatal size and pallor, reduced litter size, and a thalassemia-like picture with anisocytosis, poikilocytosis, polychromasia, reduced mean corpuscular volume and hemoglobin, and increased platelet count.
- The *Hba-x* gene is located on the Chr11. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Hba-x hemoglobin X, alpha-like embryonic chain in Hba complex [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 15126, updated on 13-Mar-2020

### Summary

**Official Symbol** Hba-x provided by [MGI](#)

**Official Full Name** hemoglobin X, alpha-like embryonic chain in Hba complex provided by [MGI](#)

**Primary source** [MGI:MGI:96019](#)

**See related** [Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000055609](#)

**Gene type** protein coding

**RefSeq status** VALIDATED

**Organism** [Mus musculus](#)

**Lineage** Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

**Also known as** AI450015, Hbz

**Expression** Biased expression in placenta adult (RPKM 2628.2) and CNS E11.5 (RPKM 744.9)[See more](#)

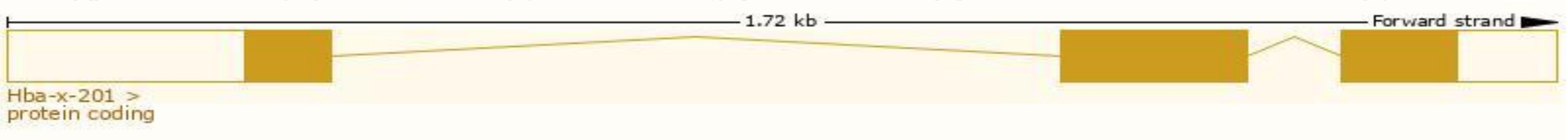
**Orthologs** [human](#) [all](#)

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

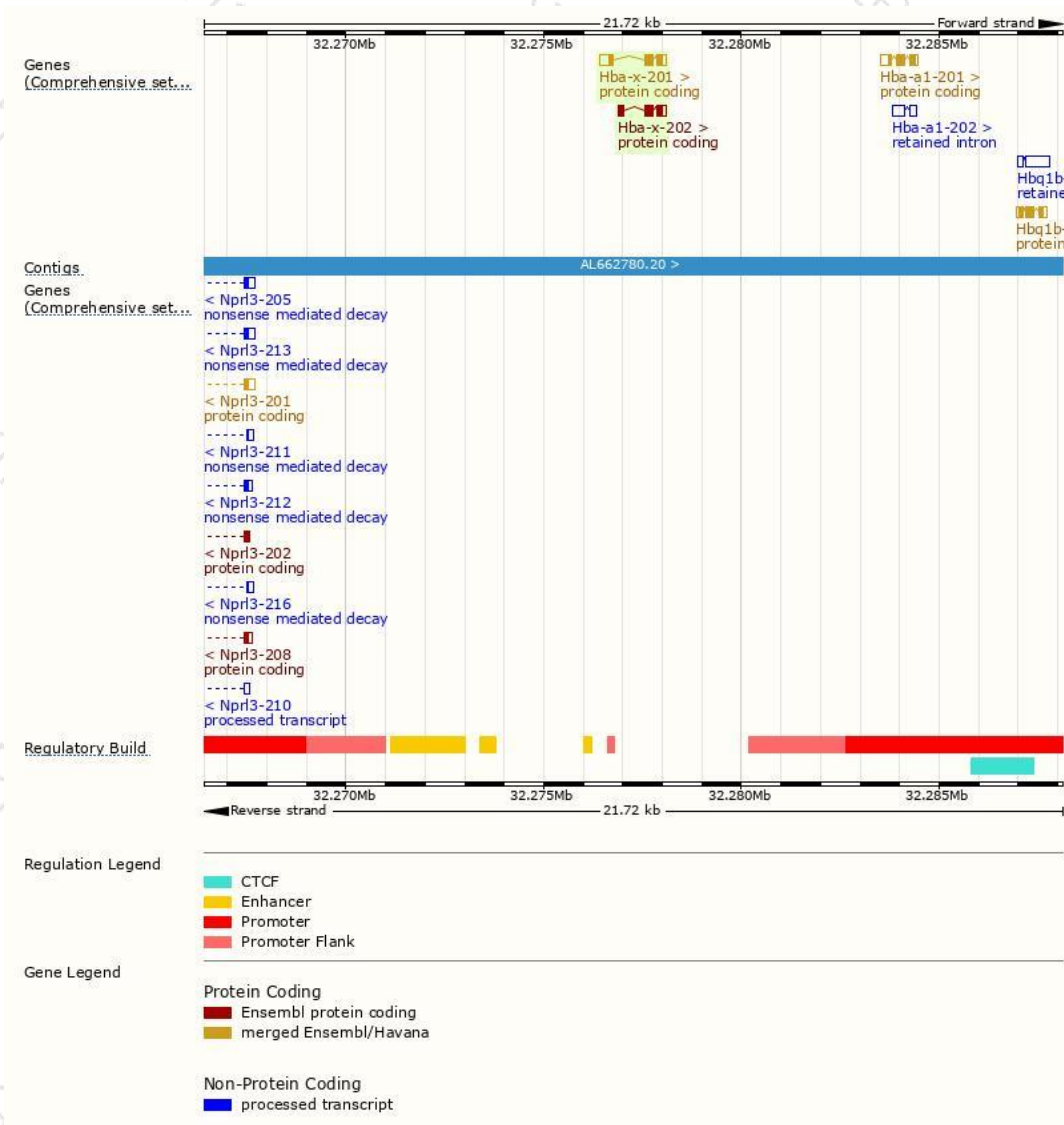
The gene has 2 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Hba-x-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000020531.8</a>	801	<a href="#">142aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS24522</a>	<a href="#">P06467 Q78PA4</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS is a system to annotate alternatively spliced transcripts based on a range of computational methods to identify the most functionally important transcript(s) of a gene. APPRIS P1
Hba-x-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000145569.1</a>	579	<a href="#">156aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">A7M7S6</a>	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of *Hba-x-201* transcript,the transcription is shown below:

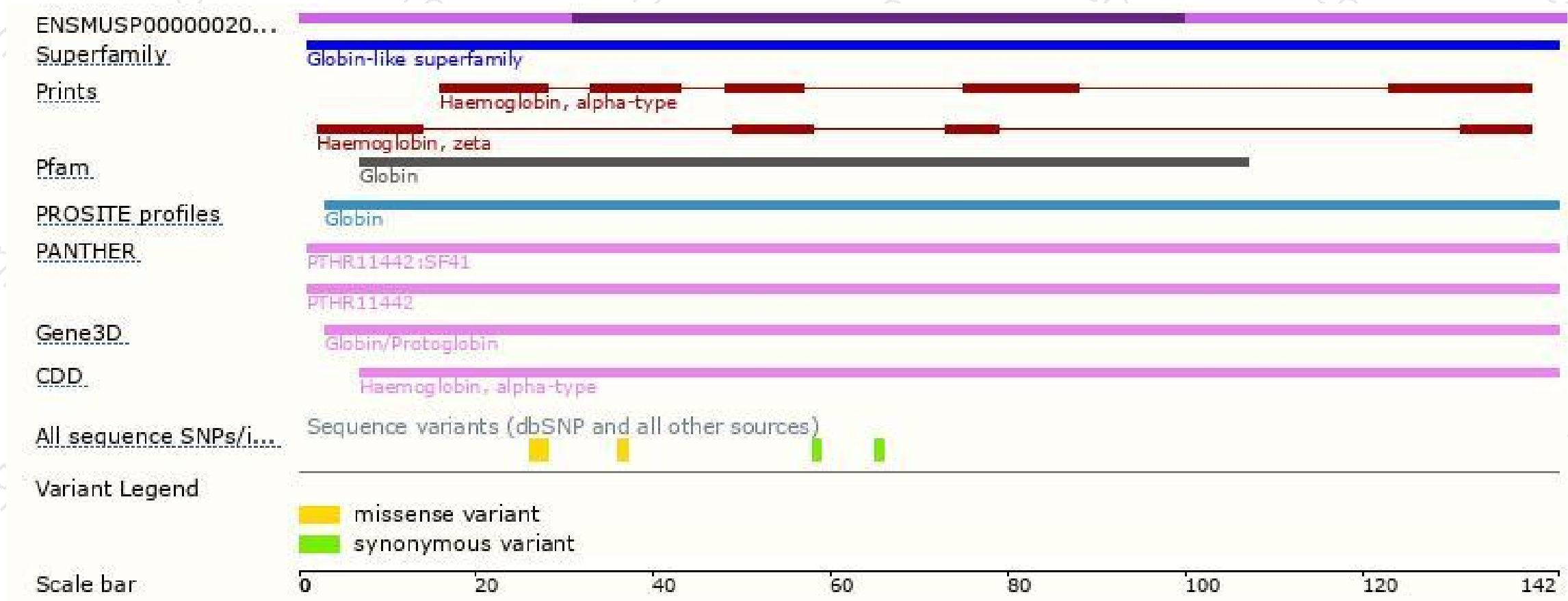


# Genomic location distribution

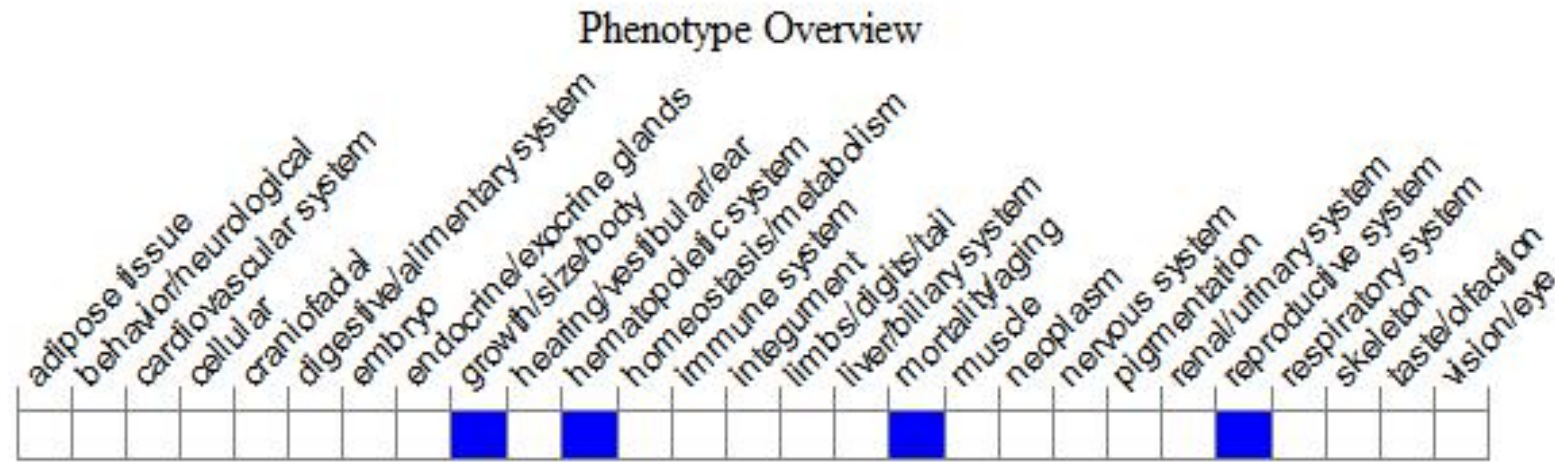




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, mice homozygous for a null allele show background sensitive prenatal lethality, variation in postnatal size and pallor, reduced litter size, and a thalassemia-like picture with anisocytosis, poikilocytosis, polychromasia, reduced mean corpuscular volume and hemoglobin, and increased platelet count.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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