

# ***Ldlr* Cas9-KO Strategy**

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# Project Overview

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**Project Name**

*Ldlr*

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**Project type**

**Cas9-KO**

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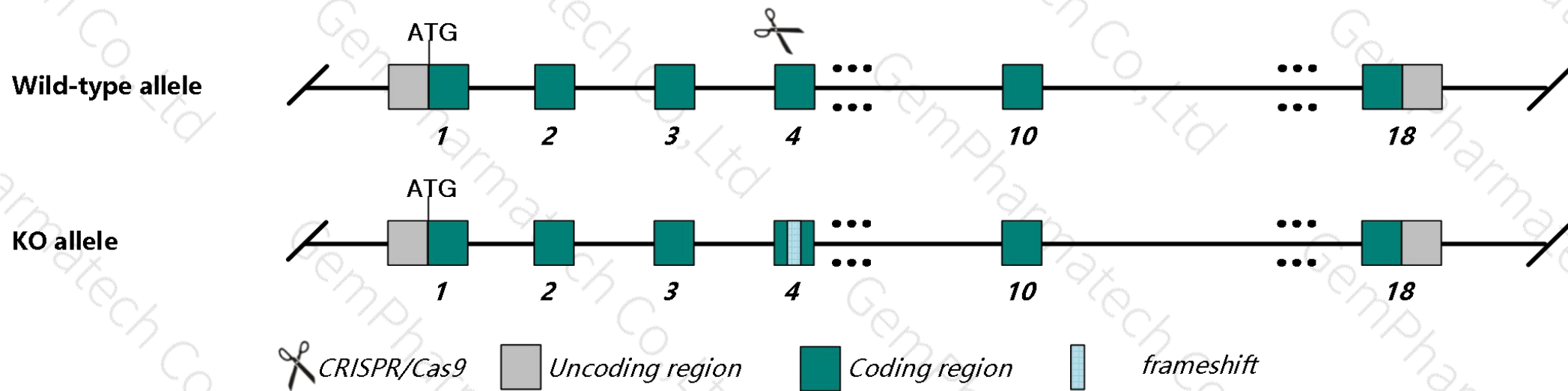
**Strain background**

**C57BL/6J**

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# Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Ldlr* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



- The *Ldlr* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ldlr* gene, a part of exon4 of *Ldlr*-201 (ENSMUST00000034713.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 82bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ldlr* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6J mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6J mice.

- According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous targeted mutants exhibit 2X higher total plasma cholesterol and 7-9X higher IDL and LDL levels on a normal diet compared to controls. On a high cholesterol diet, mutant effects dramatically increase and mice develop xanthomatosis and atherosclerosis.
- The *Ldlr* gene is located on the Chr9. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Ldlr low density lipoprotein receptor [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 16835, updated on 19-Mar-2019

### Summary



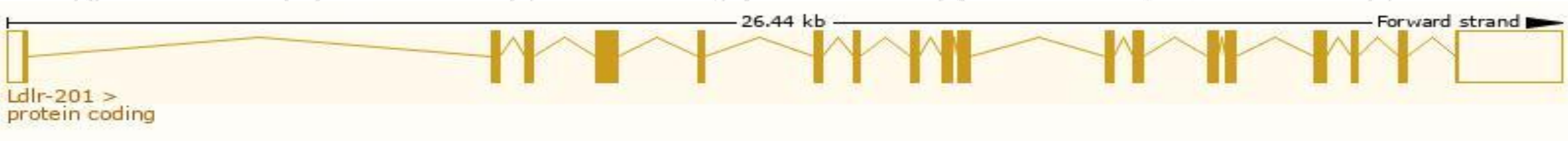
<b>Official Symbol</b>	Ldlr provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Official Full Name</b>	low density lipoprotein receptor provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
<b>Primary source</b>	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:96765</a>
<b>See related</b>	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000032193</a>
<b>Gene type</b>	protein coding
<b>RefSeq status</b>	VALIDATED
<b>Organism</b>	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
<b>Lineage</b>	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
<b>Also known as</b>	Hlb301
<b>Expression</b>	Ubiquitous expression in colon adult (RPKM 56.3), adrenal adult (RPKM 52.3) and 27 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
<b>Orthologs</b>	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

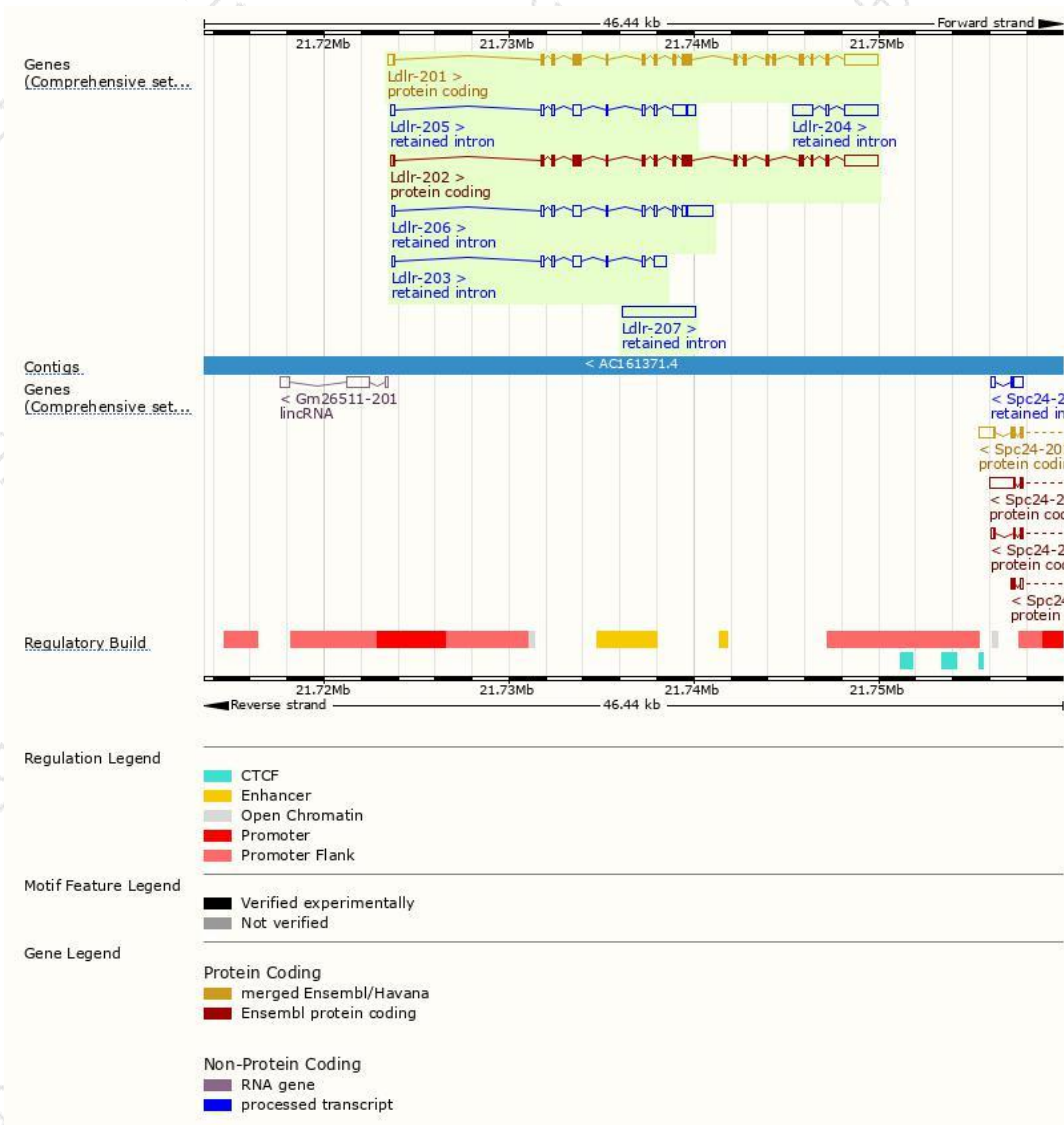
The gene has 7 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Ldlr-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000034713.8</a>	4627	<a href="#">862aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS22910</a>	<a href="#">P35951</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P2
Ldlr-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000213114.1</a>	4318	<a href="#">810aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">A0A1L1SRE8</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS ALT2
Ldlr-207	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000217613.1</a>	3980	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA
Ldlr-204	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000214549.1</a>	3049	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:1
Ldlr-206	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000217111.1</a>	2854	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:1
Ldlr-205	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000215917.1</a>	2383	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:1
Ldlr-203	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000214359.1</a>	1739	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:1

The strategy is based on the design of *Ldlr-201* transcript,The transcription is shown below

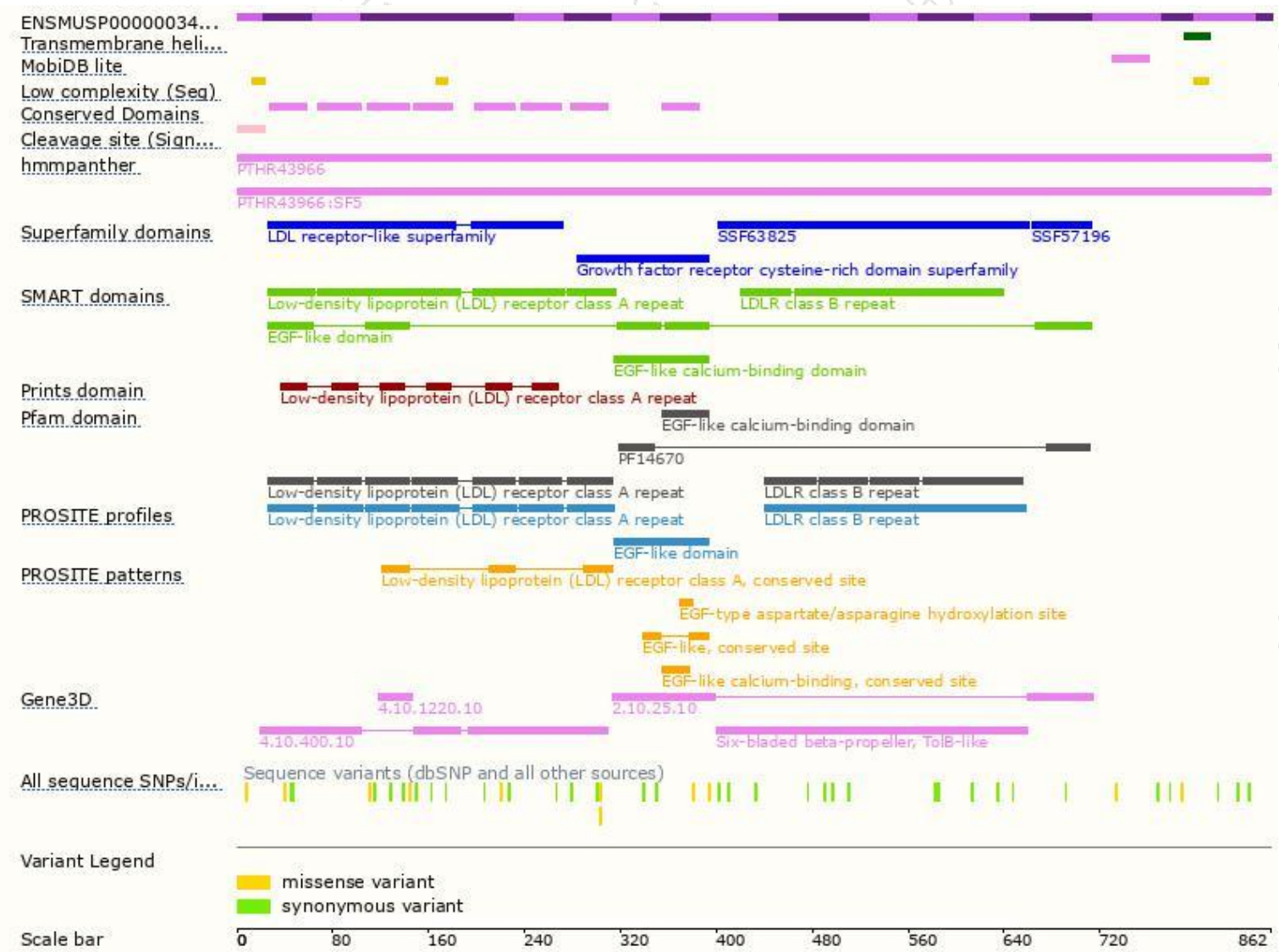


# Genomic location distribution

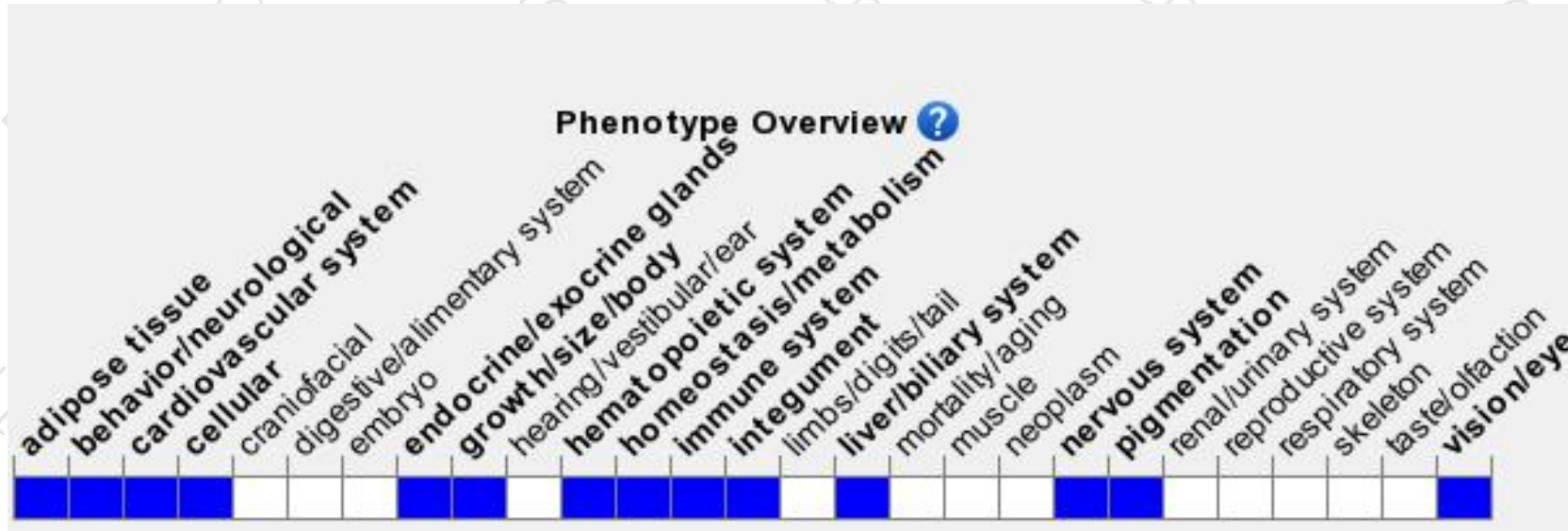




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI )



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous targeted mutants exhibit 2X higher total plasma cholesterol and 7-9X higher IDL and LDL levels on a normal diet compared to controls. On a high cholesterol diet, mutant effects dramatically increase and mice develop xanthomatosis and atherosclerosis.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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