

# *Slc9a3r1* Cas9-CKO Strategy

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**Reviewer:**

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# Project Overview

**Project Name**

*Slc9a3r1*

**Project type**

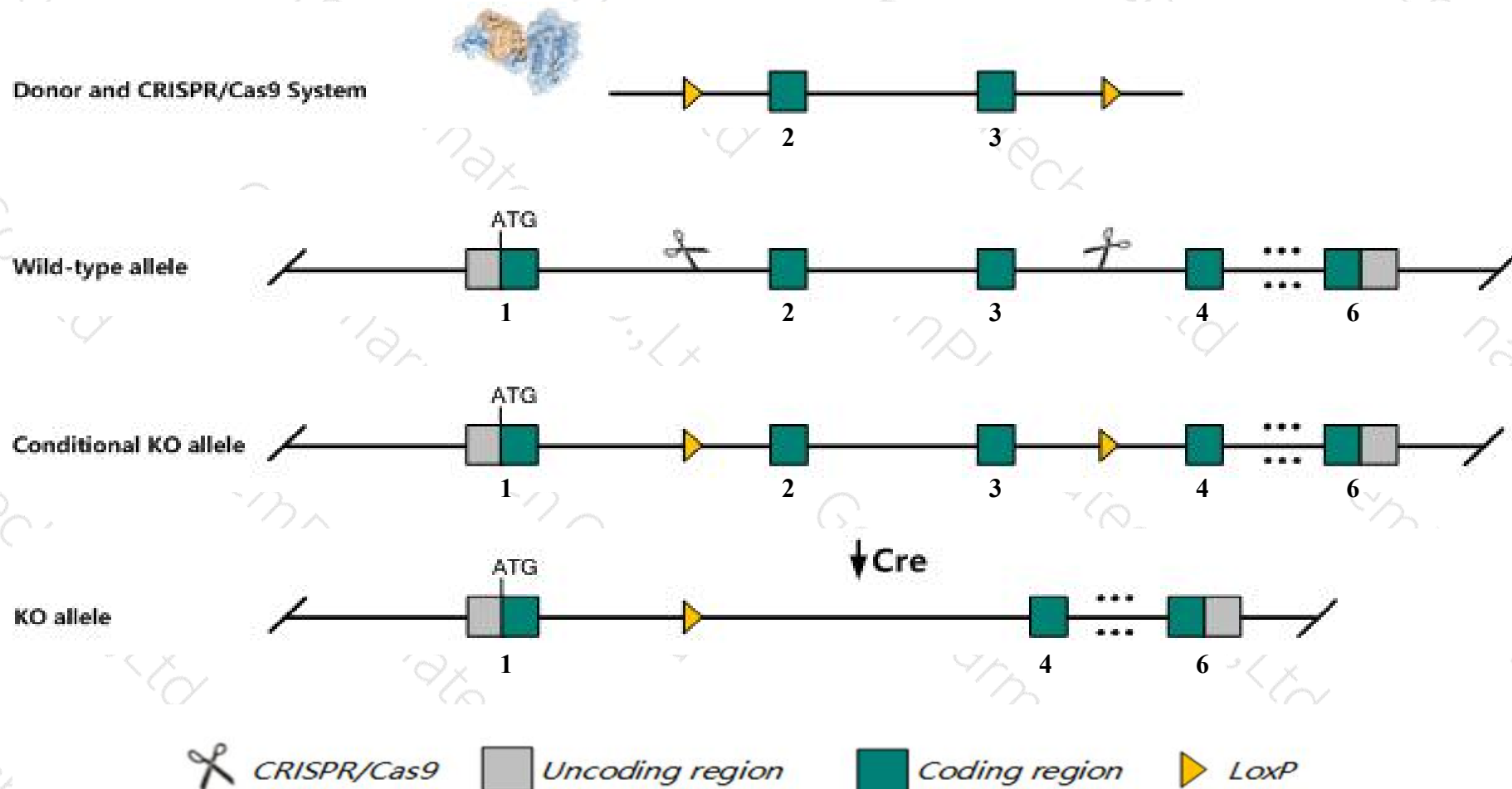
**Cas9-CKO**

**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

# Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Slc9a3r1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



# Technical routes

- The *Slc9a3r1* gene has 1 transcript. According to the structure of *Slc9a3r1* gene, exon2-exon3 of *Slc9a3r1-201* (ENSMUST00000021077.3) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 316bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Slc9a3r1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, For one allele homozygous null mice exhibit renal phosphate wasting, reduced fertility and high female mortality rate at birth and postnatally. For a second allele homozygous null mice exhibit hypophosphatemia, increased intestinal goblet cell numbers and abnormal intestinal epithelial cells.
- The *Slc9a3r1* gene is located on the Chr11. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Slc9a3r1 solute carrier family 9 (sodium/hydrogen exchanger), member 3 regulator 1 [ *Mus musculus* (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 26941, updated on 10-Dec-2019

### Summary



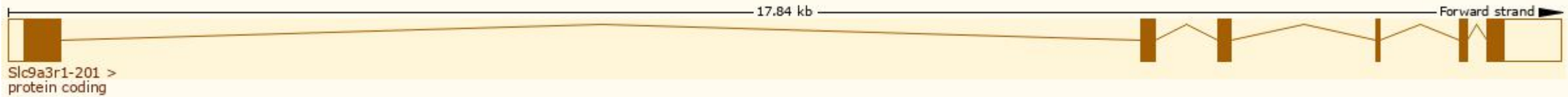
Official Symbol	Slc9a3r1 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
Official Full Name	solute carrier family 9 (sodium/hydrogen exchanger), member 3 regulator 1 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
Primary source	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:1349482</a>
See related	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000020733</a>
Gene type	protein coding
RefSeq status	VALIDATED
Organism	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
Lineage	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
Also known as	EBP-50; NHE-RF; NHERF1; NHERF-1
Expression	Broad expression in large intestine adult (RPKM 268.1), small intestine adult (RPKM 265.0) and 20 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
Orthologs	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

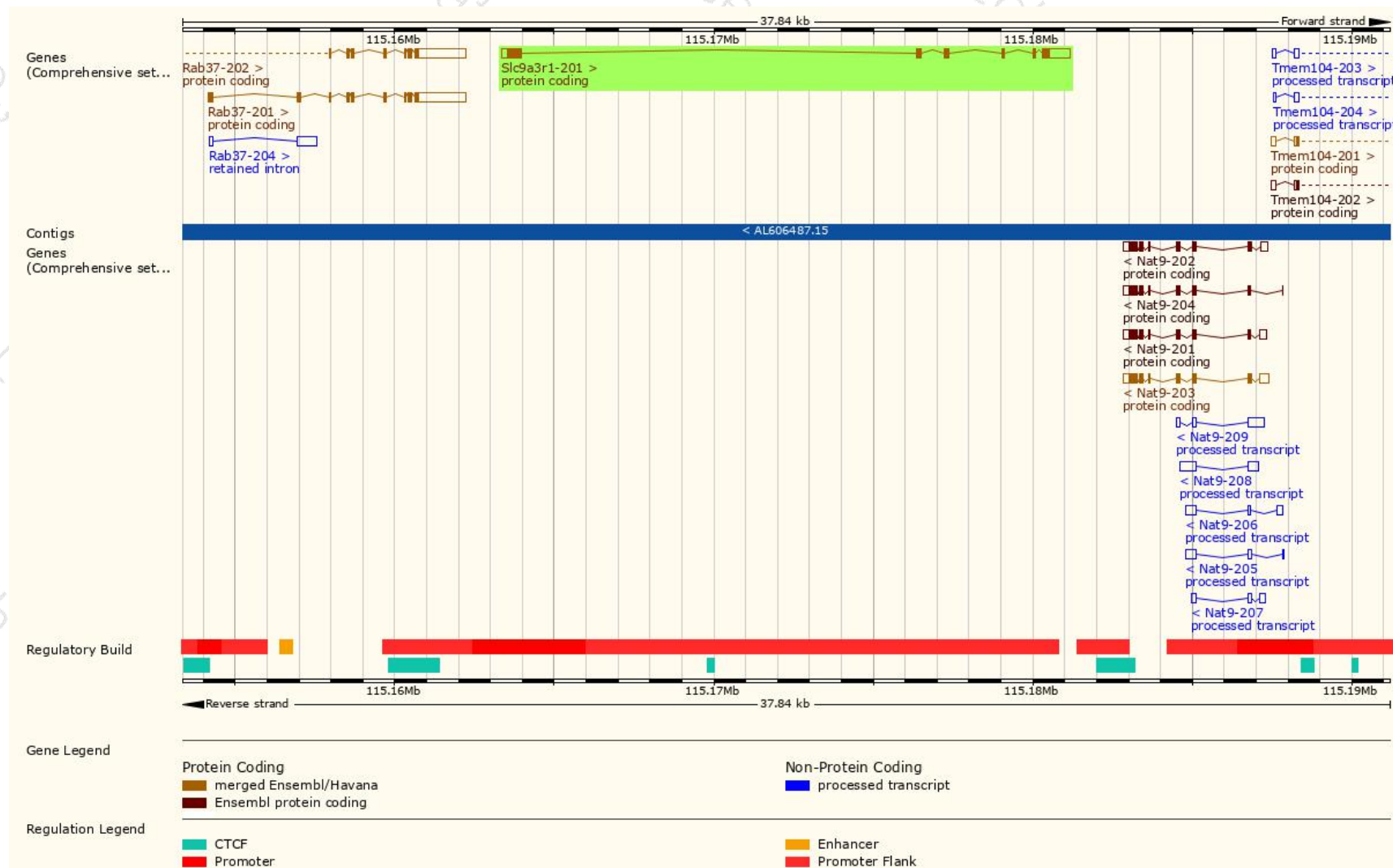
The gene has 1 transcript, and the transcript is shown below:

Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Slc9a3r1-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST000000021077.3</a>	1925	<a href="#">355aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS36370</a>	<a href="#">P70441</a> <a href="#">Q3TG37</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1

The strategy is based on the design of *Slc9a3r1-201* transcript, the transcription is shown below:

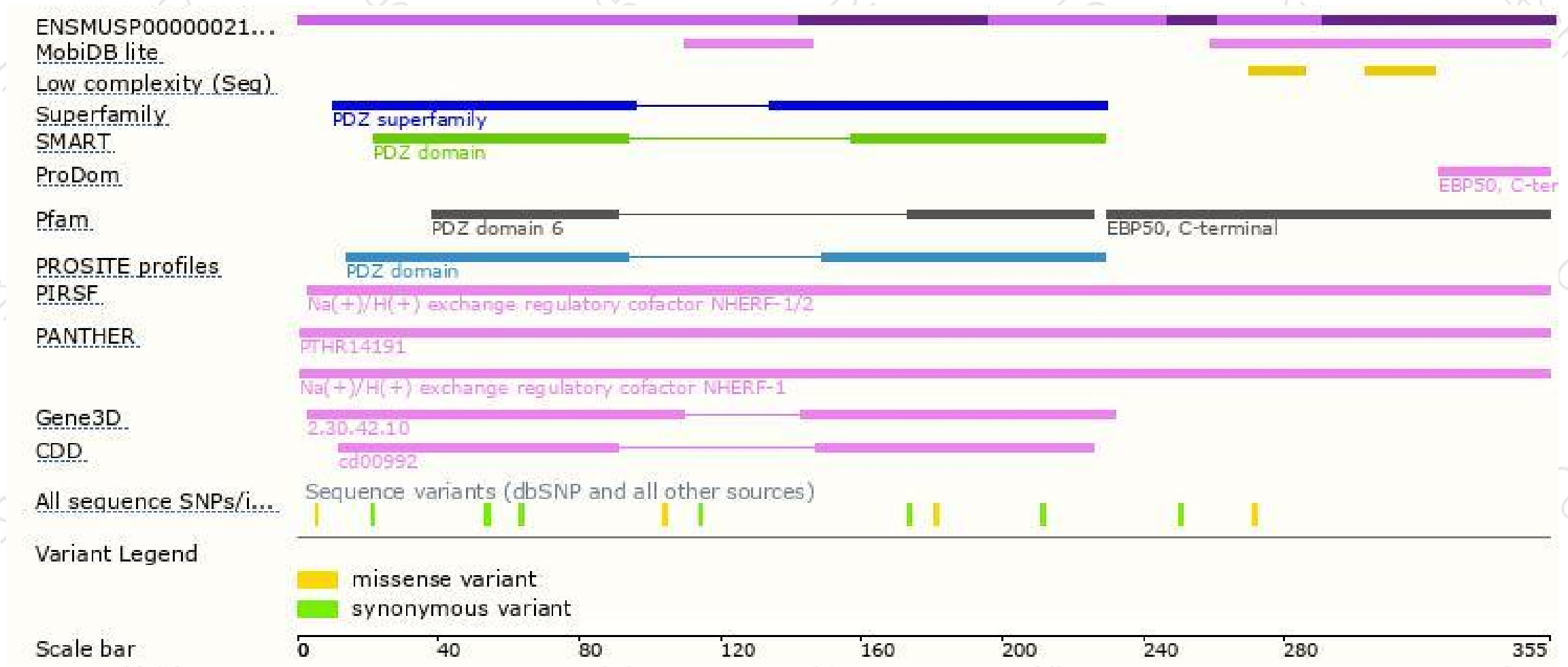


# Genomic location distribution

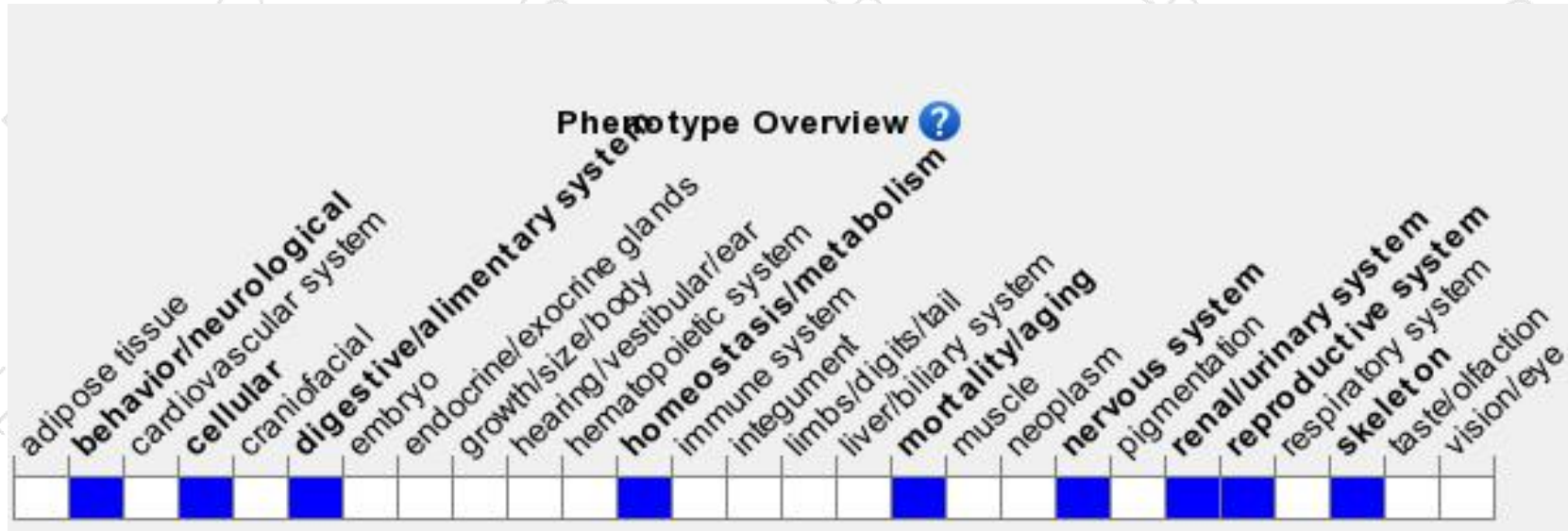




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, For one allele homozygous null mice exhibit renal phosphate wasting, reduced fertility and high female mortality rate at birth and postnatally. For a second allele homozygous null mice exhibit hypophosphatemia, increased intestinal goblet cell numbers and abnormal intestinal epithelial cells.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

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