

# *Ephb1* Cas9-CKO Strategy

Designer: Xiaojing Li  
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Reviewer: Jia Yu

# Project Overview

**Project Name**

*Ephb1*

**Project type**

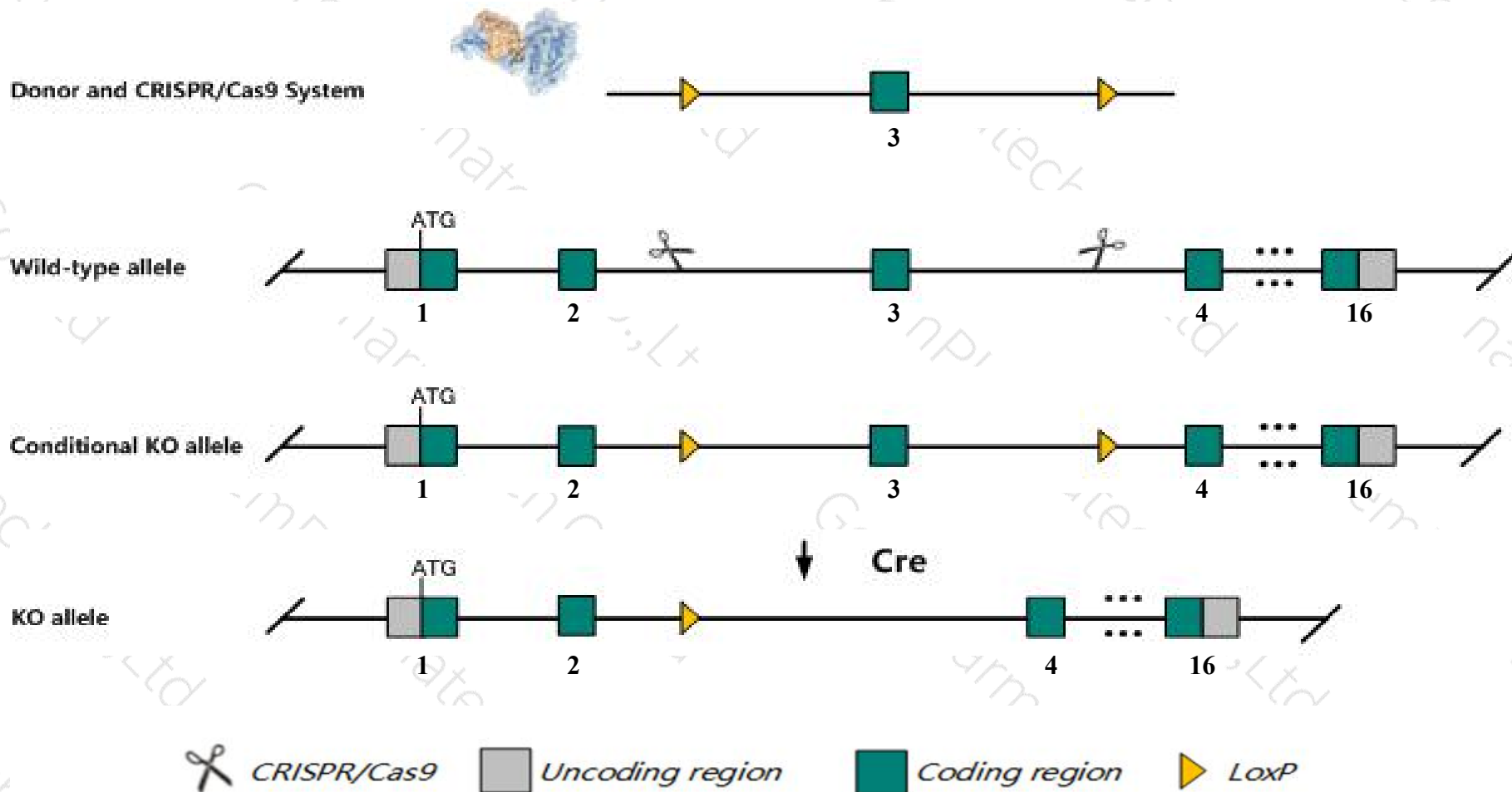
**Cas9-CKO**

**Strain background**

**C57BL/6JGpt**

# Conditional Knockout strategy

This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Ephb1* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



# Technical routes

- The *Ephb1* gene has 6 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ephb1* gene, exon3 of *Ephb1-201* (ENSMUST00000035129.13) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 682bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ephb1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

- According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for disruptions of this gene display marked reductions of the ipsilateral optic tract. Homozygotes for one null allele show reduced corticospinal tract and abnormal anterior commissure axon crossing.
- The *Ephb1* gene is located on the Chr9. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.



# Gene information (NCBI)

## Ephb1 Eph receptor B1 [ *Mus musculus* (house mouse) ]

Gene ID: 270190, updated on 10-Oct-2019

### Summary

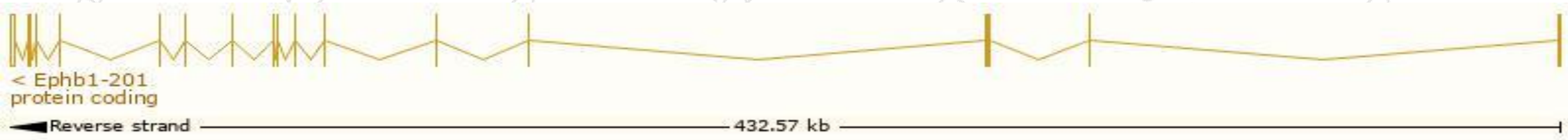
Official Symbol	Ephb1 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
Official Full Name	Eph receptor B1 provided by <a href="#">MGI</a>
Primary source	<a href="#">MGI:MGI:1096337</a>
See related	<a href="#">Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000032537</a>
Gene type	protein coding
RefSeq status	VALIDATED
Organism	<a href="#">Mus musculus</a>
Lineage	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus
Also known as	Elk; Net; Cek6; Elkh; Hek6; AW488255; 9330129L11; C130099E04Rik
Expression	Biased expression in whole brain E14.5 (RPKM 16.5), CNS E18 (RPKM 12.9) and 7 other tissues <a href="#">See more</a>
Orthologs	<a href="#">human</a> <a href="#">all</a>

# Transcript information (Ensembl)

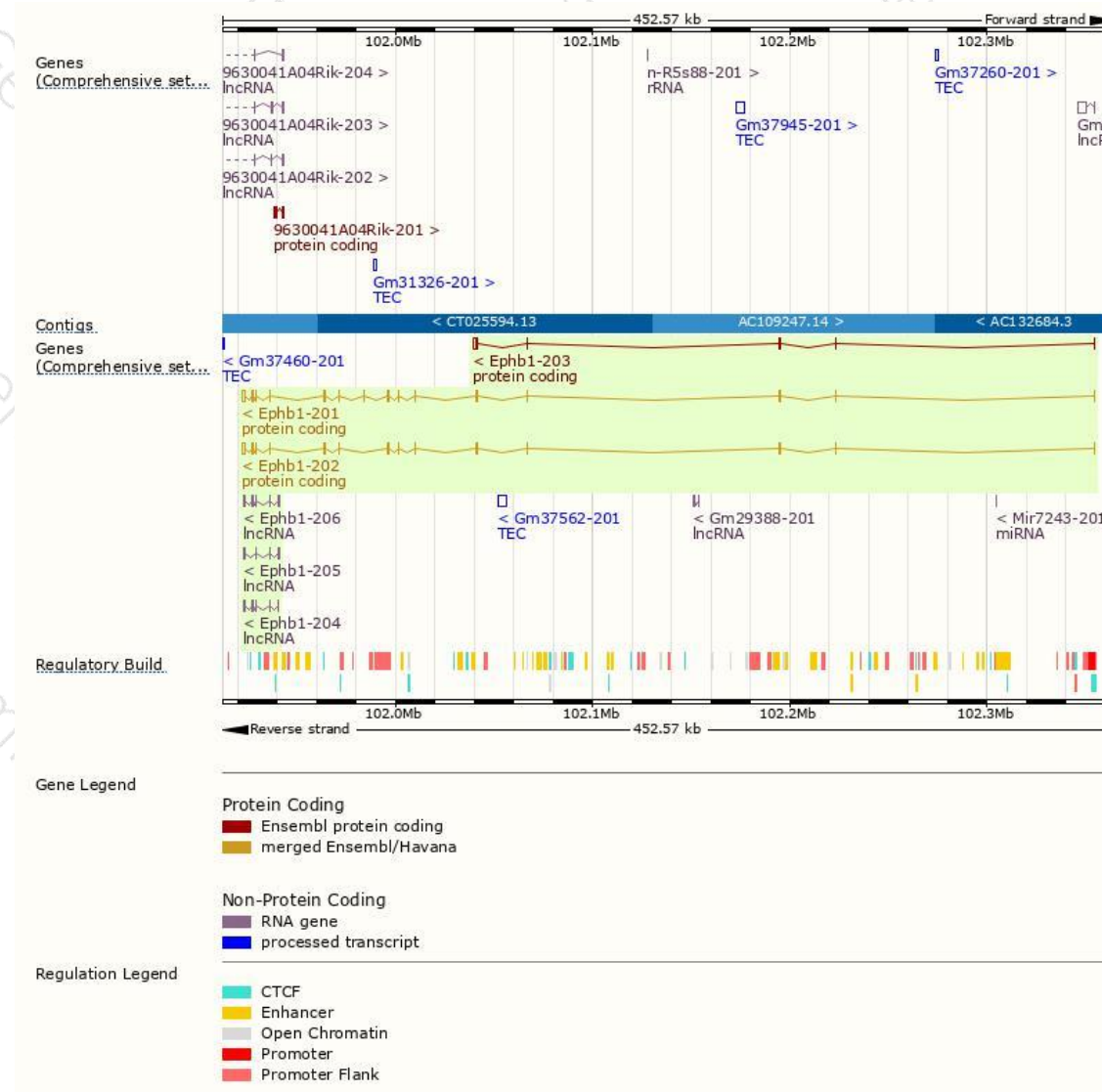
The gene has 6 transcripts,all transcripts are shown below:

Name ▲	Transcript ID ▲	bp ▲	Protein ▲	Biotype ▲	CCDS ▲	UniProt ▲	Flags ▲
Ephb1-201	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000035129.13</a>	4667	<a href="#">984aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS40742</a>	<a href="#">Q8CBF3</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Ephb1-202	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000085169.11</a>	4101	<a href="#">943aa</a>	Protein coding	<a href="#">CCDS52901</a>	<a href="#">Q8CBF3</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Ephb1-203	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000149800.2</a>	3471	<a href="#">456aa</a>	Protein coding	-	<a href="#">Q8CA63</a>	TSL:1 GENCODE basic
Ephb1-204	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000215514.1</a>	1366	No protein	lncRNA	-	-	TSL:5
Ephb1-205	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000217014.1</a>	1263	No protein	lncRNA	-	-	TSL:5
Ephb1-206	<a href="#">ENSMUST00000217184.1</a>	1419	No protein	lncRNA	-	-	TSL:5

The strategy is based on the design of *Ephb1-201* transcript,The transcription is shown below

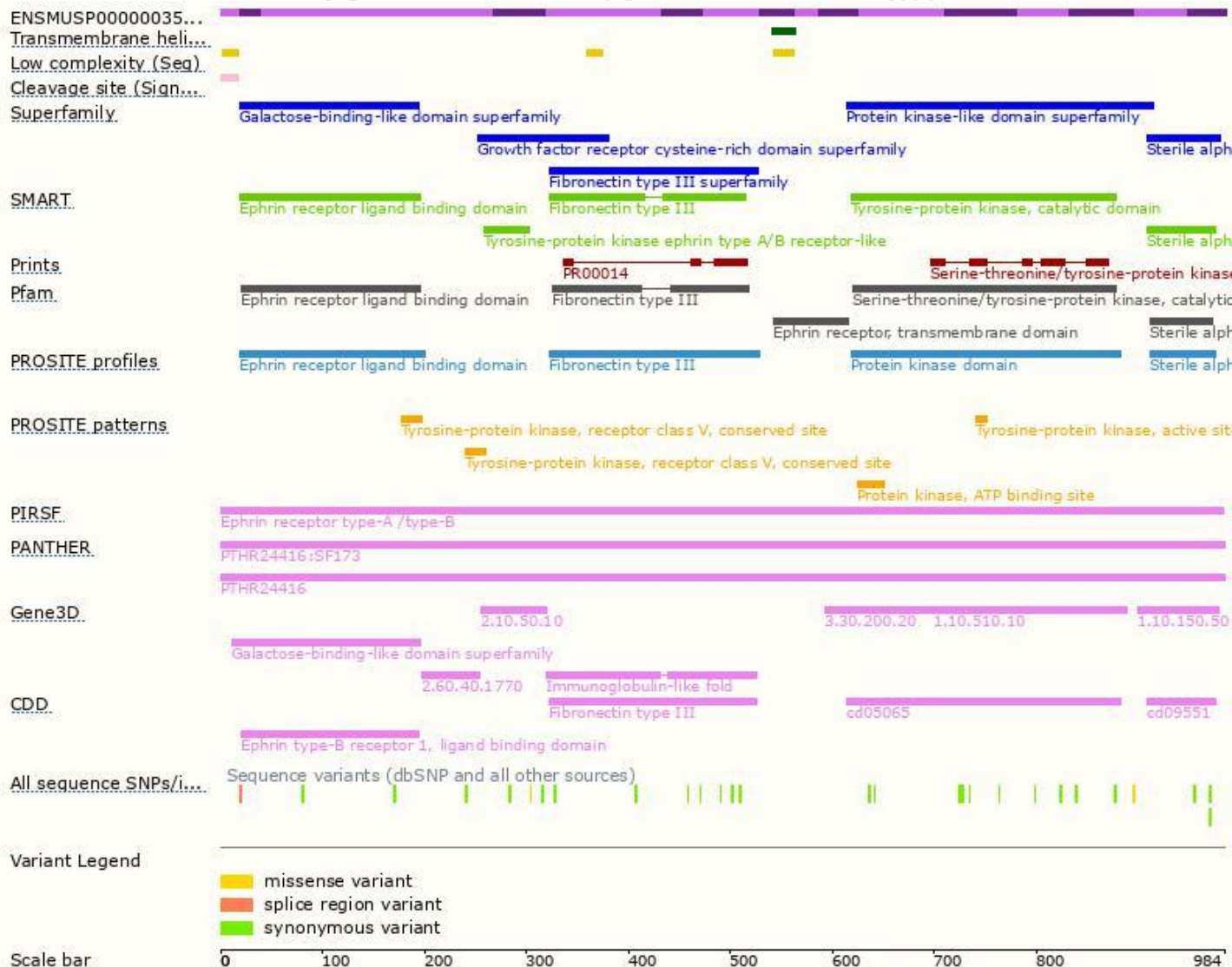


# Genomic location distribution

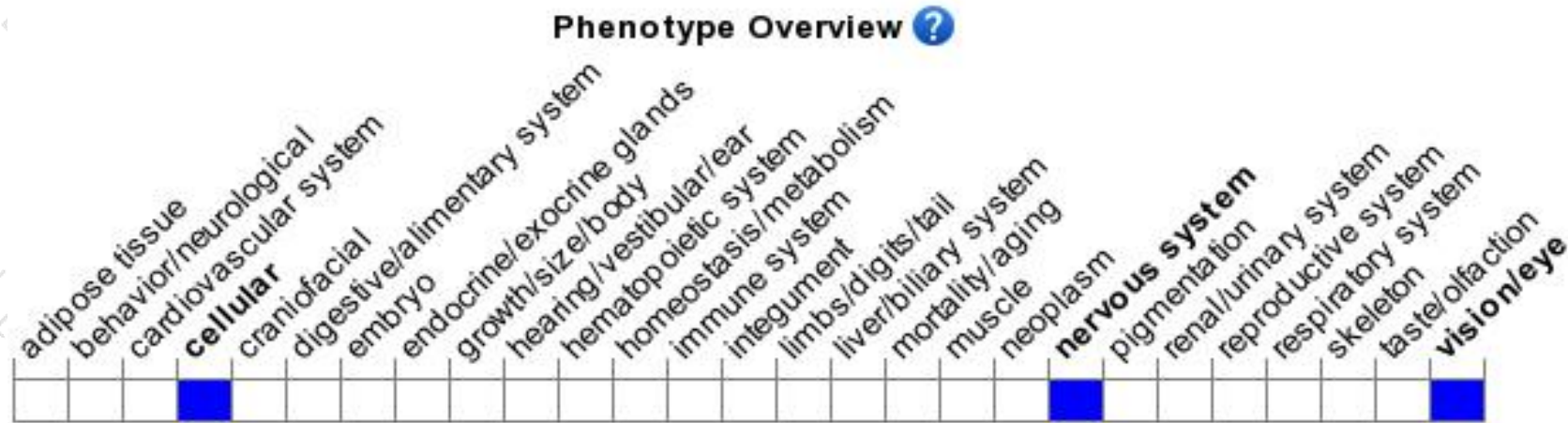




# Protein domain



# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)



*Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue. Data quoted from MGI database(<http://www.informatics.jax.org/>).*

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for disruptions of this gene display marked reductions of the ipsilateral optic tract. Homozygotes for one null allele show reduced corticospinal tract and abnormal anterior commissure axon crossing.

If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire.

Tel: 400-9660890

