

Crlf1 Cas9-KO Strategy

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Design Date: 2019-7-29

Project Overview



Project Name Crlf1

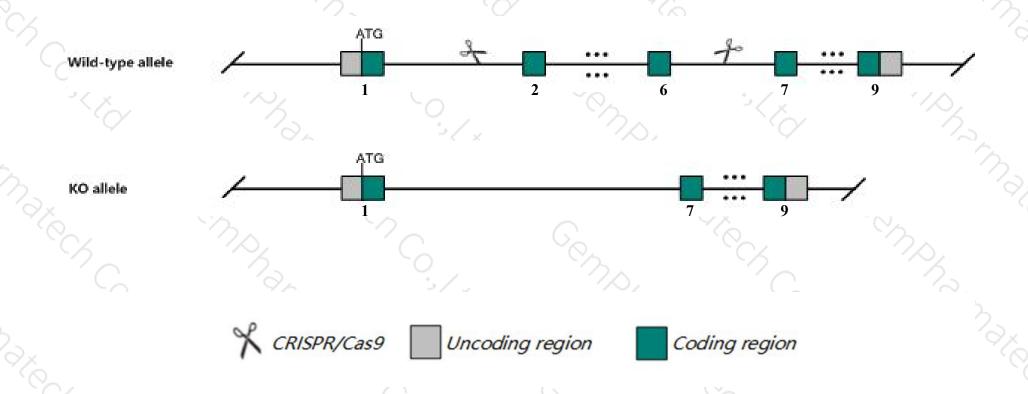
Project type Cas9-KO

Strain background C57BL/6JGpt

Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Crlf1 gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



Technical routes



- ➤ The *Crlf1* gene has 3 transcripts. According to the structure of *Crlf1* gene, exon2-exon6 of *Crlf1-201* (ENSMUST00000008032.13) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains most of the coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Crlf1* gene. The brief process is as follows: CRISPR/Cas9 system

Notice



- ➤ The influence on *Crlf1*-202&203 is unknown.
- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a targeted mutation fail to suckle effectively and do not survive beyond 24 hrs after birth. Newborns exhibit reduced numbers of hematopoietic progenitor cells as well as a significant reduction in the number of motoneurons in the lumbar spinal cord and facial nucleus.
- The *Crlf1* gene is located on the Chr8. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of the gene knockout on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at the existing technology level.

Gene information (NCBI)



Crlf1 cytokine receptor-like factor 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 12931, updated on 31-Jan-2019

Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Crlf1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name cytokine receptor-like factor 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1340030

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000007888

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as CLF-1, CRLM-3, CRLM3, NR6, NR6.1

Summary This gene encodes a member of the cytokine type I receptor family. The encoded protein functions as a cytokine receptor subunit and may

be involved in immune system regulation and fetal development. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2015]

Expression Biased expression in limb E14.5 (RPKM 28.5), testis adult (RPKM 18.6) and 7 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs human all

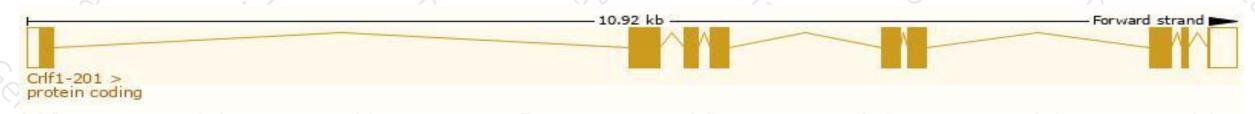
Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 3 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

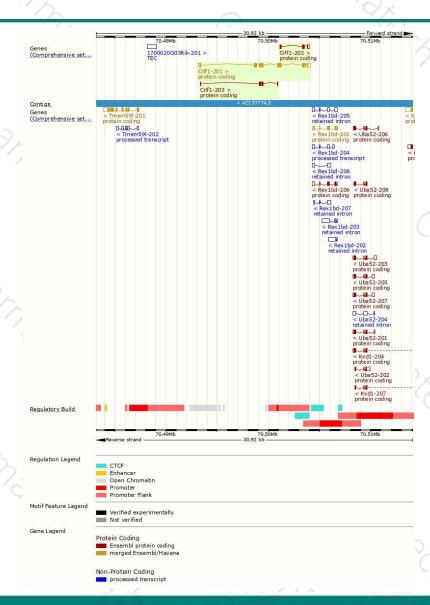
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Crlf1-201	ENSMUST00000008032.13	1644	425aa	Protein coding	CCDS22369	Q9JM58	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Crif1-202	ENSMUST00000127983.1	544	<u>118aa</u>	Protein coding		F6T1W4	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:2
Crlf1-203	ENSMUST00000132648.1	387	<u>129aa</u>	Protein coding	ų.	F6RP70	5' and 3' truncations in transcript evidence prevent annotation of the start and the end of the CDS. CDS 5' and 3' incomplete TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of Crlf1-201 transcript, The transcription is shown below



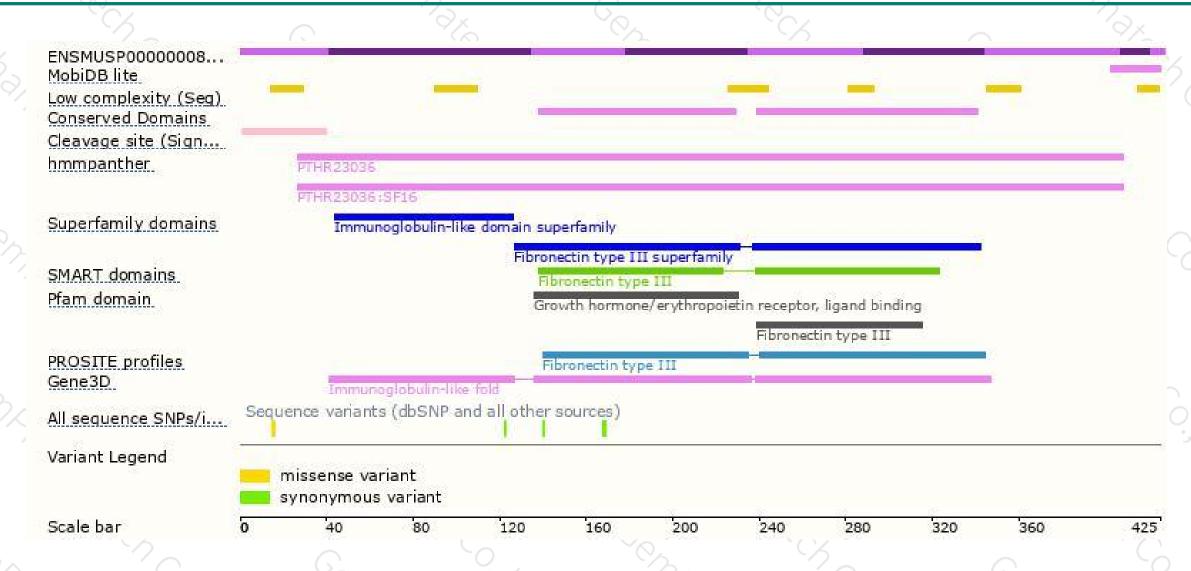
Genomic location distribution





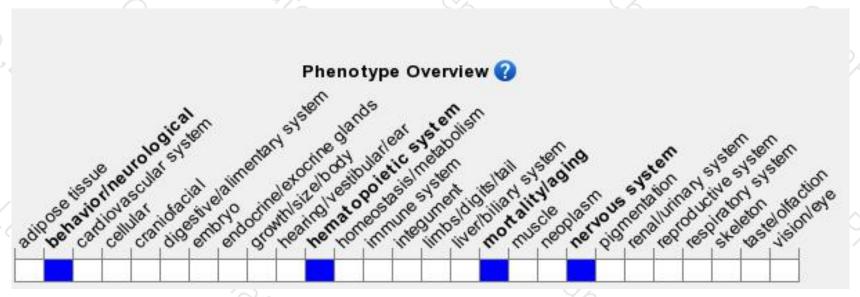
Protein domain





Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a targeted mutation fail to suckle effectively and do not survive beyond 24 hrs after birth. Newborns exhibit reduced numbers of hematopoietic progenitor cells as well as a significant reduction in the number of motoneurons in the lumbar spinal cord and facial nucleus.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





