

# Rif1 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Reviewer: Huimin Su

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# **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

**Project type** 

Strain background

Cas9-CKO

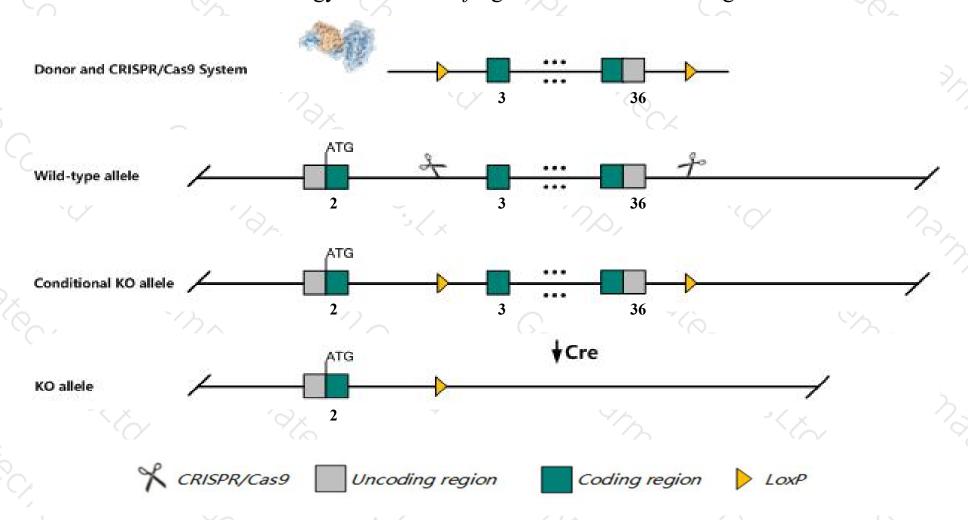
Rif1

C57BL/6JGpt

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the Rifl gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- ➤ The *Rif1* gene has 7 transcripts. According to the structure of *Rif1* gene, exon3-exon36 of *Rif1-201* (ENSMUST00000112693.9) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 7177bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Rif1* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit embryonic lethality. Mice homozygous for a gene trap allele exhibit embryonic and postnatal lethality, reduced fertility, and decreased cell proliferation.
- > The *Rif1* gene is located on the Chr2. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

### Gene information (NCBI)



#### Rif1 replication timing regulatory factor 1 [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 51869, updated on 5-Feb-2019

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Rif1 provided by MGI

Official Full Name replication timing regulatory factor 1 provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:1098622

See related Ensembl:ENSMUSG00000036202

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 5730435J01Rik, 6530403D07Rik, AU016181, AW549474, D2Ertd145e

Expression Broad expression in CNS E11.5 (RPKM 5.0), cerebellum adult (RPKM 4.1) and 23 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human</u> all

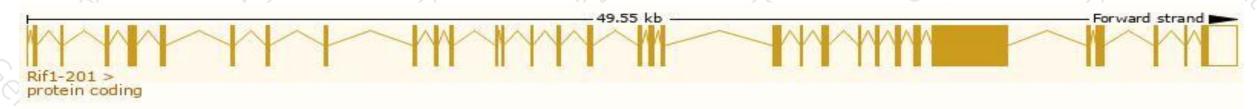
# Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 7 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

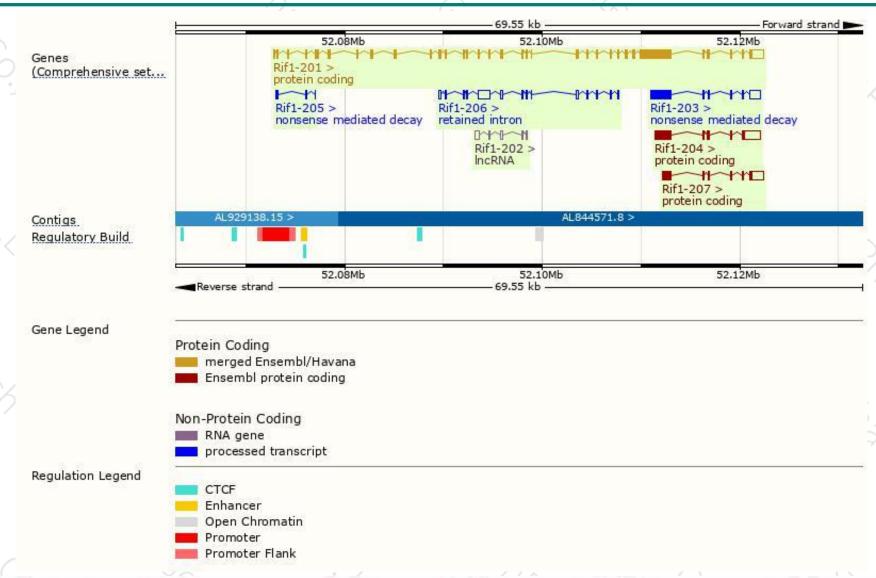
Name	Transcript ID	bp	Protein	Biotype	CCDS	UniProt	Flags
Rif1-201	ENSMUST00000112693.9	8509	2426aa	Protein coding	CCDS50583	Q6PR54	TSL:5 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Rif1-204	ENSMUST00000125376.7	3885	<u>731aa</u>	Protein coding	-	A0A2I3BRD9	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:1
Rif1-207	ENSMUST00000152178.1	2784	<u>535aa</u>	Protein coding	ų.	A0A2I3BQ21	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:1
Rif1-203	ENSMUST00000125322.7	3601	740aa	Nonsense mediated decay	2	A0A2I3BQI4	CDS 5' incomplete TSL:1
Rif1-205	ENSMUST00000126218.2	304	<u>44aa</u>	Nonsense mediated decay	ā	A0A2I3BQB0	TSL:5
Rif1-206	ENSMUST00000145130.7	2789	No protein	Retained intron	-		TSL:1
Rif1-202	ENSMUST00000125116.1	822	No protein	IncRNA	2	320	TSL:3

The strategy is based on the design of *Rifl-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



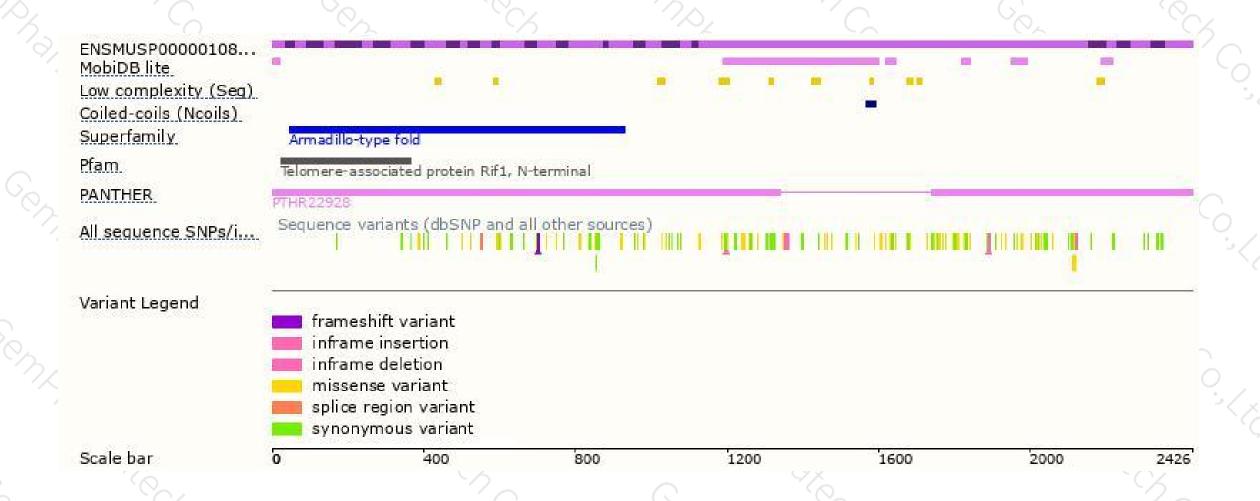
### Genomic location distribution





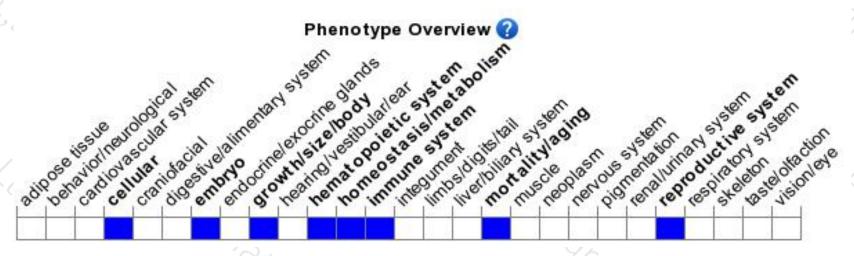
### Protein domain





# Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Mice homozygous for a knock-out allele exhibit embryonic lethality. Mice homozygous for a gene trap allele exhibit embryonic and postnatal lethality, reduced fertility, and decreased cell proliferation.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





