

# Ptpn22 Cas9-CKO Strategy

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Reviewer: Huimin Su

**Design Date:** 2019-10-23

## **Project Overview**



**Project Name** 

Ptpn22

**Project type** 

Cas9-CKO

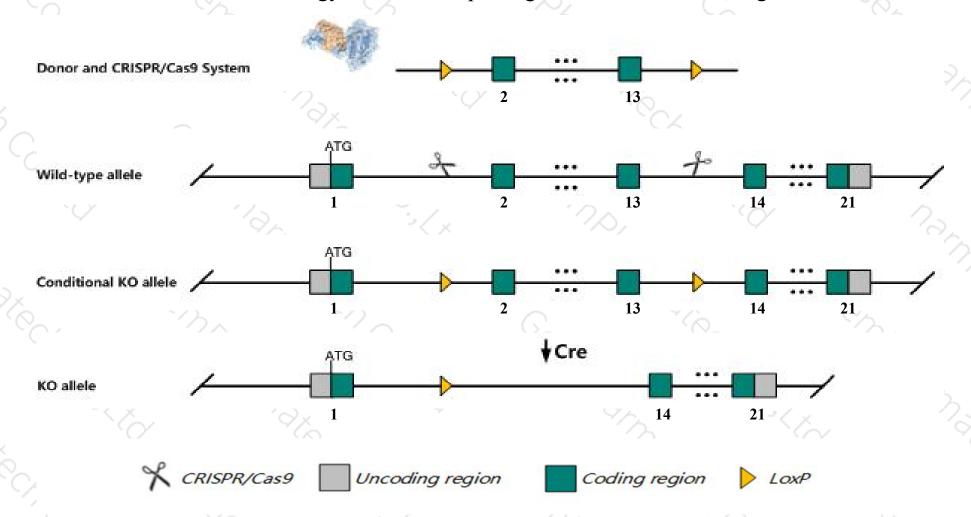
Strain background

C57BL/6JGpt

## Conditional Knockout strategy



This model will use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to edit the *Ptpn22* gene. The schematic diagram is as follows:



### Technical routes



- ➤ The *Ptpn22* gene has 8 transcripts. According to the structure of *Ptpn22* gene, exon2-exon13 of *Ptpn22-201*(ENSMUST00000029433.8) transcript is recommended as the knockout region. The region contains 1720bp coding sequence. Knock out the region will result in disruption of protein function.
- ➤ In this project we use CRISPR/Cas9 technology to modify *Ptpn22* gene. The brief process is as follows:CRISPR/Cas9 system and Donor were microinjected into the fertilized eggs of C57BL/6JGpt mice. Fertilized eggs were transplanted to obtain positive F0 mice which were confirmed by PCR and sequencing. A stable F1 generation mouse model was obtained by mating positive F0 generation mice with C57BL/6JGpt mice.
- The flox mice will be knocked out after mating with mice expressing Cre recombinase, resulting in the loss of function of the target gene in specific tissues and cell types.

### **Notice**



- ➤ According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null mice display antigen dependent increases in T cell proliferation and cytokine production, enlarged spleens and lymph nodes, increased spontaneous germinal center formation, increased B cell numbers, and increased serum IgG and IgE levels.
- > The *Ptpn22* gene is located on the Chr3. If the knockout mice are crossed with other mice strains to obtain double gene positive homozygous mouse offspring, please avoid the two genes on the same chromosome.
- This Strategy is designed based on genetic information in existing databases. Due to the complexity of biological processes, all risk of loxp insertion on gene transcription, RNA splicing and protein translation cannot be predicted at existing technological level.

## Gene information (NCBI)



#### Ptpn22 protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 22 (lymphoid) [Mus musculus (house mouse)]

Gene ID: 19260, updated on 31-Jan-2019

#### Summary

☆ ?

Official Symbol Ptpn22 provided by MGI

Official Full Name protein tyrosine phosphatase, non-receptor type 22 (lymphoid) provided by MGI

Primary source MGI:MGI:107170

See related Ensembl: ENSMUSG00000027843

Gene type protein coding
RefSeq status VALIDATED
Organism Mus musculus

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Myomorpha;

Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Mus; Mus

Also known as 70zpep, PEP, Ptpn8

Expression Biased expression in cerebellum adult (RPKM 5.9), thymus adult (RPKM 4.1) and 10 other tissuesSee more

Orthologs <u>human all</u>

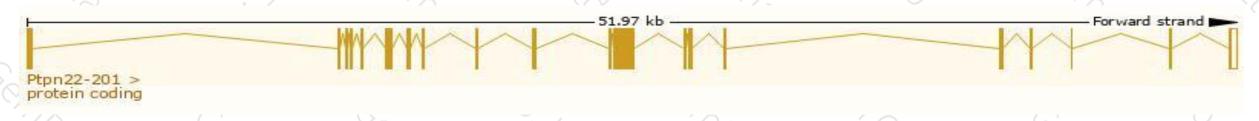
## Transcript information (Ensembl)



The gene has 8 transcripts, all transcripts are shown below:

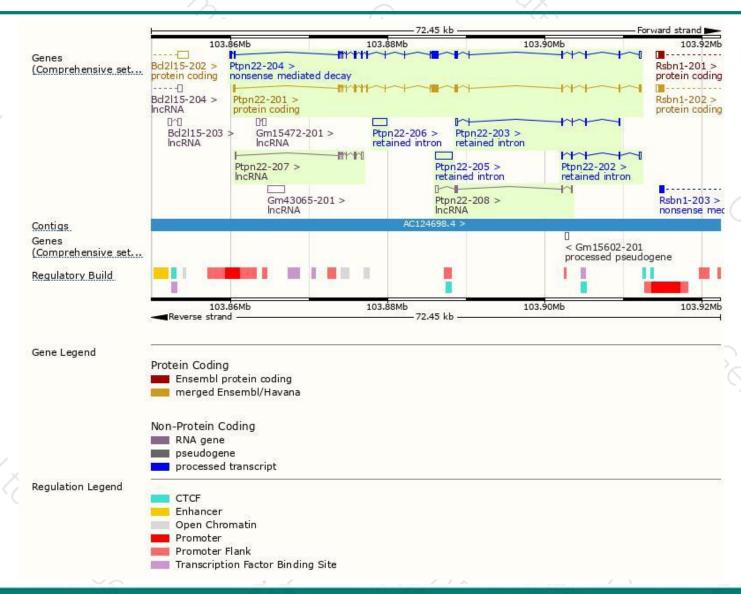
Name 🍦	Transcript ID	bp 🌲	Protein 🛊	Biotype	CCDS 🍦	UniProt	Flags
Ptpn22-201	ENSMUST00000029433.8	2743	802aa	Protein coding	CCDS38577 ₺	P29352₽	TSL:1 GENCODE basic APPRIS P1
Ptpn22-204	ENSMUST00000146071.7	2757	715aa	Nonsense mediated decay	-	E9QAS3₽	TSL:1
Ptpn22-205	ENSMUST00000196385.1	2172	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA
Ptpn22-206	ENSMUST00000197997.1	1833	No protein	Retained intron	-	-	TSL:NA
Ptpn22-202	ENSMUST00000126548.1	649	No protein	Retained intron	-	2	TSL:2
Ptpn22-203	ENSMUST00000134373.7	558	No protein	Retained intron	29	9	TSL:5
Ptpn22-207	ENSMUST00000198530.1	737	No protein	IncRNA	-	-	TSL:3
Ptpn22-208	ENSMUST00000198701.4	570	No protein	IncRNA	- 1	-	TSL:5

The strategy is based on the design of *Ptpn22-201* transcript, The transcription is shown below



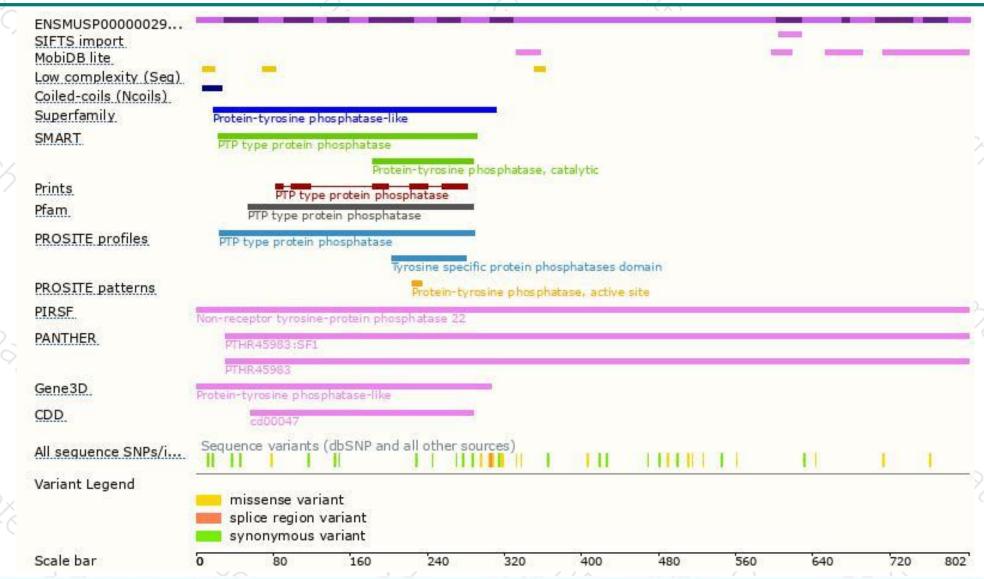
### Genomic location distribution





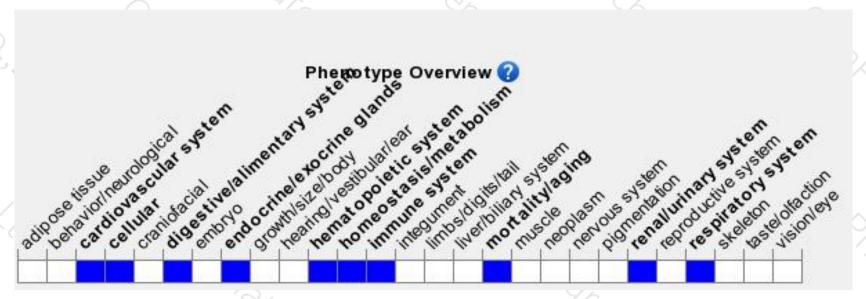
### Protein domain





## Mouse phenotype description(MGI)





Phenotypes affected by the gene are marked in blue.Data quoted from MGI database(http://www.informatics.jax.org/).

According to the existing MGI data, Homozygous null mice display antigen dependent increases in T cell proliferation and cytokine production, enlarged spleens and lymph nodes, increased spontaneous germinal center formation, increased B cell numbers, and increased serum IgG and IgE levels.



If you have any questions, you are welcome to inquire. Tel: 400-9660890





